



Assessment of Covid19 impact on children in Kyrgyzstan
Follow-up survey to the MICS-2018

Statistical Snapshots

MICS Follow-up Survey on Covid-19 impact on children and women in Kyrgyzstan

Snapshots of Key Findings

February 2021



The last Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS) was carried out in Kyrgyzstan in 2018 by National Statistical Committee (NSC) of Kyrgyz Republic as part of the Global MICS Programme. In the autumn of 2020, the MICS Follow-up Survey, based on a subsample of the MICS-2018 households, had been carried out by NSC to assess Covid-19 impact on children and women in the country. Financial and technical support was provided by the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).

From the conventional MICS, the follow-up survey inherited its modular questionnaire structure and selected modules, wealth quintiles, data on selection probabilities and weights as well as overall approach and data quality control mechanisms. The research team has adapted a special Covid-19 module developed by Global MICS Programme and incorporated it into the questionnaire. Data collection process was conducted through the structured telephone interviews – the process was assisted with the data entry application.

A series of Statistical Snapshots of the main findings of the survey are consolidated in this publication. A general objective of the publication is to facilitate the timely dissemination and use of results from the survey.

For more information on the Global MICS Programme, please go to mics.unicef.org.

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KEY INDICATORS AND DEFINITIONS

Kyrgyzstan

2020

MICS Follow-up Survey on
Covid-19 impact on children
and women in Kyrgyzstan

INDICATORS AND DEFINITIONS

INDICATOR		Module	Description	Value	Urban	Rural
PE.1	Households affected by COVID -19	PE	Percentage of households in which at least one person has contracted COVID -19 or died, or there has been forced displacement (household members have been resettled or persons came to live), or have not had access to health services, or there has been a decline in income, or dissatisfaction with the online education of children, or a deterioration in emotional health (mood) due to covid19	75,6	79,0	73,1
PE.2	Access to health services during the COVID-19 outbreak	PE	Percentage of households in which at least one person needed medical care for any reason but did not receive it.	20,0	17,4	22,4
PE.3	Not attending school during the COVID outbreak -19	PE	Percentage of households where children aged 5-17 stopped attending school due to covid19 outbreak	97,9	98,4	97,6
PE.4	Negative impact of COVID -19 on household income	PE	Percentage of households with declining incomes reported	50,7	60,9	43,4
DSP.1	Coverage by social assistance during the COVID-19 outbreak	DSP	Percentage of households who received any assistance during the covid19 outbreak	28,1	33,0	24,6
DSP.2	Receiving assistance from government agencies during the COVID-19 outbreak	DSP	Percentage of households that had received assistance from government agencies (Ministry of Labour and Social Protection and Local Self-Government), among all households that received any assistance	79,1	84,5	73,7
DSP.3	Quality of assistance provided during the COVID-19 outbreak	DSP	Percentage of households positively assessing amount and quality of provided assistance	70,0	66,3	73,7
PW.1	Deterioration of emotional state (mood) during the outbreak of COVID-19	PW	Percentage of households with deterioration in emotional state (mood) reported	20,4	24,7	17,2
PW.2	Psychological condition in connection with COVID-19	PW	Percentage of households in which any adult household member felt depressed, discouraged, or hopeless about news, threats, and restrictions related to the COVID-19 outbreak	17,1	21,4	13,9
PW.3	Difficulty sleeping due to the COVID-19 outbreak	PW	Percentage of households with difficulty sleeping due to the COVID-19 outbreak	4,4	5,7	3,5
PW.4	Deteriorating family relationships during the COVID-19 outbreak	PW	Percentage of households with more than usual disputes and disagreements during the coronavirus outbreak	5,5	6,6	4,6

INDICATOR		Module	Description	Value	Urban	Rural
MN.1 a	Antenatal care coverage	MN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years who during the pregnancy of the most recent live birth were attended			
MN.1 b			(a) at least once by skilled health personnel	100,0	100,0	100,0
MN.1 c			(b) at least four times by any provider	89,0	91,5	87,8
			(c) at least eight times by any provider	12,4	22,6	7,5
MN.2	Content of antenatal care	MN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last year who during the pregnancy of the most recent live birth, at least once, had blood pressure measured and gave urine and blood samples as part of antenatal care	99,7	100,0	99,6
MN.3	Institutional deliveries	MN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last year whose most recent live birth was delivered in a health facility	100,0	100,0	100,0
MN.4	Skilled attendant at delivery	MN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last year whose most recent live birth was attended by skilled health personnel	100,0	100,0	100,0
MN.5	Children ever breastfed	MN	Percentage of most recent live-born children to women with a live birth in the last year who were ever breastfed	99,6	98,8	100,0
MN.6	Early initiation of breastfeeding	MN	Percentage of most recent live-born children to women with a live birth in the last year who were put to the breast within one hour of birth	79,3	84,9	76,6
PN.1	Post-partum stay in health facility	PN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last year and delivered the most recent live birth in a health facility who stayed in the health facility for 12 hours or more after the delivery	99,8	99,3	100,0
PN.2	Post-natal health check for the newborn	PN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last year whose most recent live-born child received a health check while in facility or at home following delivery, or a post-natal care visit within 2 days after delivery	99,8	99,3	100,0
PN.3	Post-natal signal care functions ¹	PN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last year for whom the most recent live-born child received a least 2 post-natal signal care functions within 2 days of birth	99,8	99,3	100,0
PN.4	Post-natal health check for the mother	PN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last year who received a health check while in facility or at home following delivery, or a post-natal care visit within 2 days after delivery of their most recent live birth	99,6	99,0	99,8

¹ - Signal functions are 1) Checking the cord, 2) Counseling on danger signs, 3) Assessing temperature, 4) Observing/counseling on breastfeeding, and 5) Weighing the baby (where applicable).

Показатель		Модуль	Определение	Всего	Город	Село
UB.1	Attendance to early childhood education	UB	Percentage of children age 36-59 months who are attending an early childhood education programme	7,1	11,0	5,4
EC.1a EC.1b EC.1c	Early stimulation and responsive care	EC	Percentage of children age 24-59 months engaged in four or more activities to provide early stimulation and responsive care in the last 3 days with (a) Any adult household member (b) Father (c) Mother	94,7 12,6 69,6	97,8 10,3 71,1	93,3 13,7 69,0
EC.2	Availability of children's books	EC	Percentage of children under age 5 who have three or more children's books	32,0	37,8	29,5
EC.3	Availability of playthings	EC	Percentage of children under age 5 who play with two or more types of playthings	63,9	56,7	67,1
EC.4	Inadequate supervision	EC	Percentage of children under age 5 left alone or under the supervision of another child younger than 10 years of age for more than one hour at least once in the last week	14,9	9,0	17,5
CB.1	Participation rate in organised learning (adjusted)	CB	Percentage of children in the relevant age group (one year before the official primary school entry age) who are attending an early childhood education programme or primary school	69,9	72,1	68,9
CB.2	School readiness	CB	Percentage of children attending the first grade of primary school who attended early childhood education programme during the previous school year	72,8	80,9	69,3
CB.3	Net intake rate in primary education	CB	Percentage of children of school-entry age who enter the first grade of primary school	93,7	91,4	94,8
CB.4a CB.4b CB.4c	Net attendance ratio (adjusted)	CB	Percentage of children of (a) primary school age currently attending primary or secondary school (b) lower secondary school age currently attending lower secondary school or higher (c) upper secondary school age currently attending upper secondary school or higher	98,2 96,1 88,7	97,4 97,6 88,2	98,6 95,4 89,0
CB.5a CB.5b CB.5c	Out-of-school rate	CB	Percentage of children of (a) primary school age who are not attending early childhood education, primary or lower secondary school (b) lower secondary school age who are not attending primary school, lower or upper secondary school or higher (c) upper secondary school age who are not attending primary school, lower or upper secondary school or higher	0,9 0,3 6,6	0,8 0,2 4,9	0,9 0,4 7,4

INDICATOR		Module	Description	Value	Urban	Rural
CB.6a CB.6b	Gross intake rate to the last grade	CB	Percentage of children of completion age (age appropriate to final grade) attending the last grade (excluding repeaters) (a) Primary school (b) Lower secondary school	106,1 96,6	99,3 111,0	110,1 91,2
CB.8	Effective transition rate to lower secondary school	CB	Percentage of children attending the last grade of primary school during the previous school year who are not repeating the last grade of primary school and in the first grade of lower secondary school during the current school year	100,0	100,0	100,0
CB.9a CB.9b	Over-age for grade	CB	Percentage of students attending in each grade who are 2 or more years older than the official school age for grade (a) Primary school (b) Lower secondary school	0,2 0,1	0,3 0,1	0,1 0,0
AE.1	Distant learning coverage	AE	Percentage of children enrolled in online learning	82,8	91,5	78,7
AE.2	Dissatisfaction with the online learning process	AE	Percentage of children whose parents are not satisfied with the online learning process	78,0	80,1	76,9
AE.3	Coverage of preschool children (5-6 years old) by digital educational programs	AE	Percentage of children using TV lessons broadcasting and / or other digital platforms to support children's education when preschool facilities were closed	92,4	(89,9)	94,2
AE.4	Dissatisfaction with digital educational programs for preschool children (5-6 years old).	AE	Percentage of children whose parents are not satisfied with the quality of TV lessons /learning programs or other digital learning platforms provided to support children's education during the preschool closure period	18,0	(26,2)	12,2
AE.5	Education of children on precautions measures to reduce risk of contracting covid19	AE	Percentage of children whose parents discussed with them precaution measures to reduce the risk of contracting coronavirus	98,4	99,4	98,0
PR.1	Providing homework assistance	PR	Percentage of school children aged 7-17 who are given homework and receive homework assistance at home	71,8	74,1	70,7
PR.2	Homework grading by teachers	PR	Percentage of school children aged 7-17 who are given homework and are graded for completing it	93,0	95,5	91,9

MAIN FINDINGS IN CHARTS AND TABLES

Kyrgyzstan

2020

Sample and Survey Characteristics

MICS Follow-up Survey on
Covid-19 impact on children
and women in Kyrgyzstan

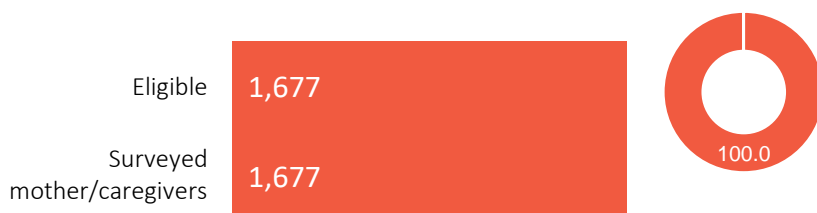
Respondents



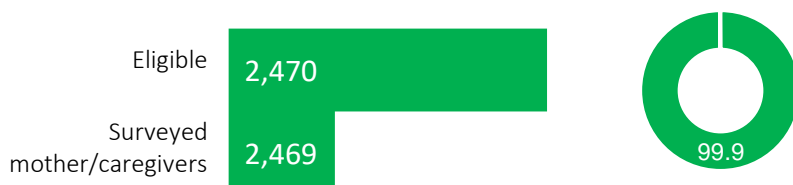
Households Numbers Response rate



Children under five



Children 5-17 y



Survey Implementation

Implementing agency:
National Statistics
Committee

Sampling frame:
2009 Census of Population

Sampling:
MICS-2018 sub-sample

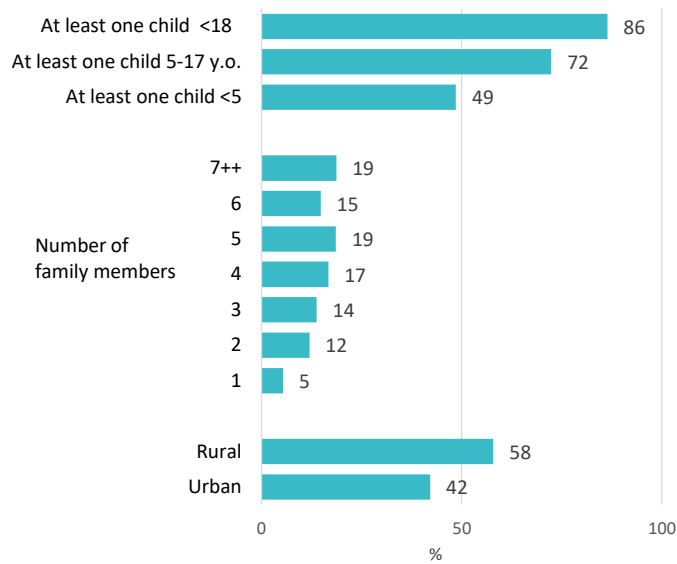
Listing, collection of mobile
phone numbers and
informed consent:
October - November, 2020

Training:
October, 2020

Data collection:
November-December, 2020

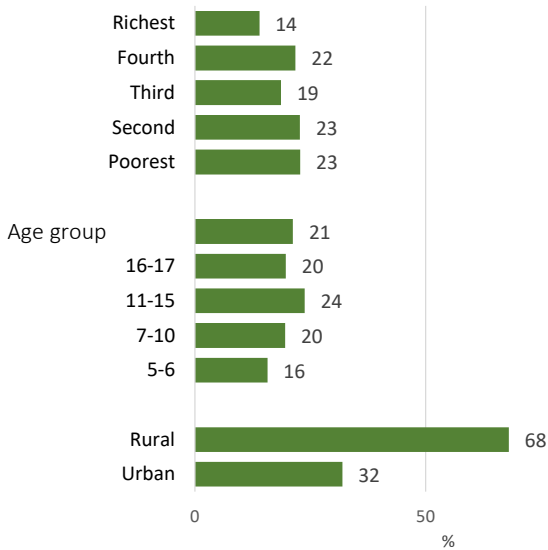
Population Characteristics

Household Composition & Characteristics

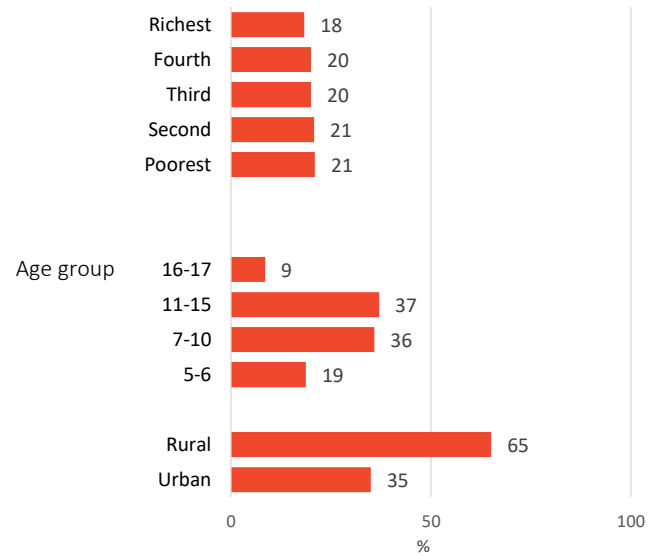


Percent of households by selected characteristics

Children's profile, <5



Children's profile, 5-17



Percent distribution of children age 5-17 and under-five by background characteristics

Regional distribution of population (percent)

Region	Households	Children under 5	Children 5-17
National	100	100	100
Batken	6,5	8,3	7,3
Djalal-Abad	14,9	18,3	15,4
Yssyk-Kul	8,7	7,5	8,8
Naryn	4,8	4,9	5,5
Osh	17,7	24,2	21,2
Talas	3,8	4,9	4,8
Chui	16,1	13,8	15,3
Bishkek c.	23,8	13,7	18,0
Osh c.	3,6	4,3	3,7

Key Messages

- The response rate for households was nearly 98%, and for mothers and caregivers of children under 5 the response rate was almost 100 per cent.
- More than 86% of households have at least one child aged 0-17.
- About 49% or almost every second household has at least one child under the age of 5.
- About 83% of households consist of three or more people.
- Nearly 46% of children under the age of 5 live in the two poorest wealth quintiles, up 10% more than in the two richest quintiles.
- Two out of three children (under the age of 18) live in rural areas.

Data from this snapshot can be found in table SR.1.1, SR.5.1W, SR.5.2, SR.5.3 and SR.2.3 in the Annex 3.

Kyrgyzstan

2020

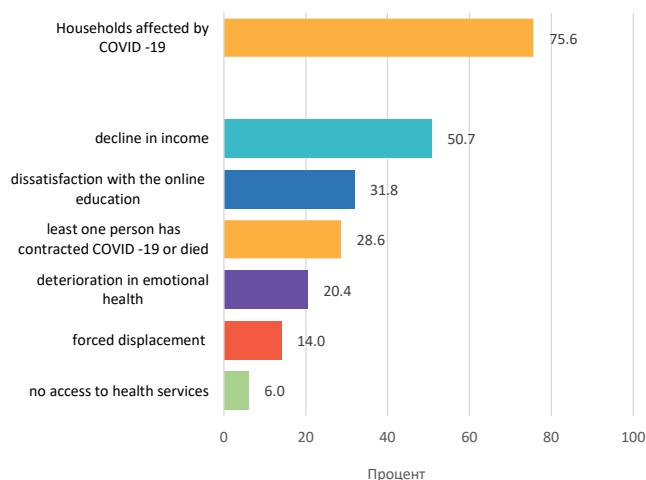
COVID-19 Impact

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Covid-19 impact on children
and women in Kyrgyzstan



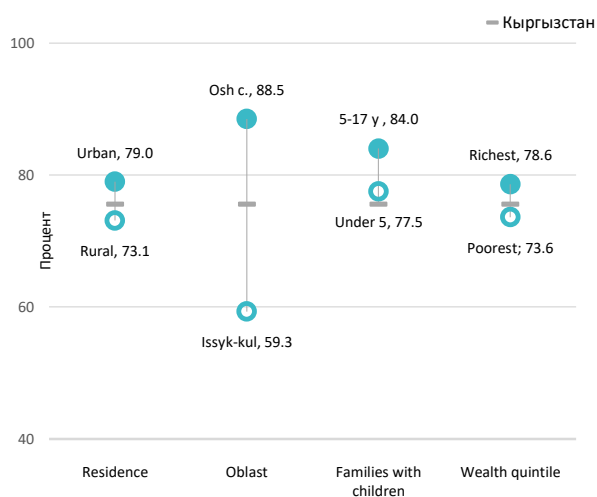
COVID-19 impact

Households affected by COVID-19, by domain



Percent of households affected by COVID-19, by impact domain

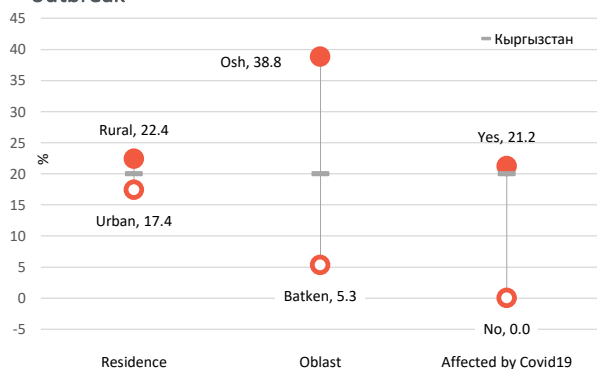
Households affected by COVID-19, by socio-economic characteristics



Percent of households affected by COVID-19, by socio-economic characteristics and area13

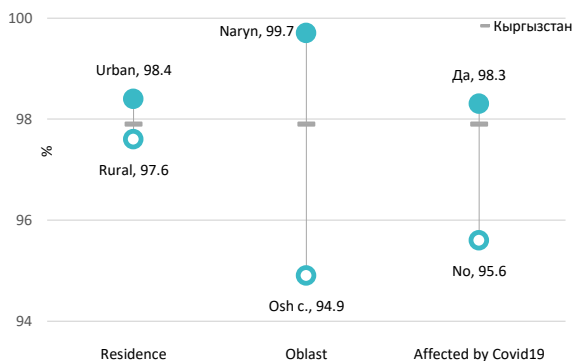
Access to health and education services during the COVID-19 outbreak

Access to healthcare services during the COVID-19 outbreak



Proportion of households in which at least one person needed health care for any reason, but did not receive it.

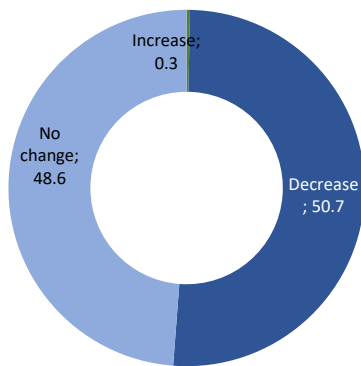
Children not attending educational facilities during COVID -19 outbreak



Proportion of households where children aged 5-17 didn't attend school due to an outbreak

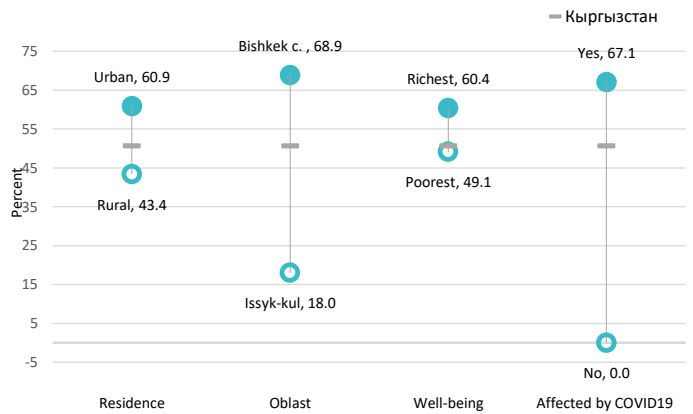
COVID -19 impact on household incomes

Change in income



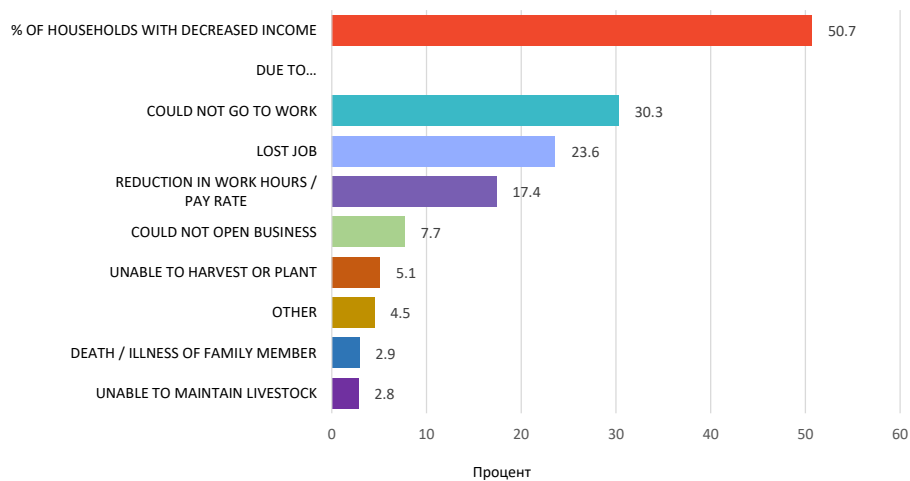
Percent distribution of households by change in income

Income loss by socio-economic characteristics



Percentage of households with decreased income by socio-economic characteristics

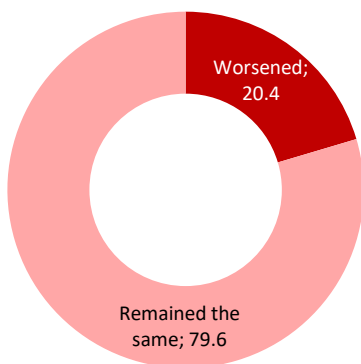
Reasons of income reduction



Percentage of households with income reduction reported, by factors

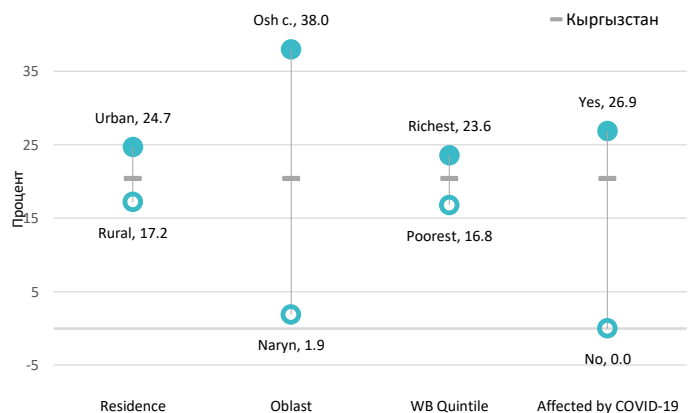
Emotional status during COVID-19

Changes in emotional status



Percentage of households, by changes in emotional status

Deterioration in emotional state (mood)



Percentage of households with deterioration in emotional state (mood) reported, by socio-economic characteristics

Regional distribution

Regions	Households affected by COVID-19 *	Due to					
		forced displacement	Illness or death of family member	no access to health services	Income decrease	dissatisfaction with the online education of children	deterioration in emotional health
National	75,6	14,0	28,6	6,0	50,7	31,8	20,4
Batken	60,9	10,8	13,7	1,9	44,1	25,9	5,9
Djalal-Abad	61,6	17,9	26,9	3,2	28,1	31,5	18,7
Yssyk-Kul	59,3	4,6	29,7	2,9	18,0	34,2	4,4
Naryn	73,1	11,9	11,7	3,1	36,1	51,2	1,9
Osh	82,6	20,3	27,0	10,3	57,8	29,4	23,5
Talas	82,0	15,1	40,2	3,4	38,2	44,4	29,4
Chui	79,3	6,0	21,3	5,3	60,7	33,0	22,4
Bishkek c.	84,0	15,4	42,2	6,4	68,9	27,8	26,9
Osh c.	88,5	24,4	21,3	16,4	68,0	31,0	38,0

* Households in which at least one person has contracted COVID -19 or died, or there has been forced displacement (household members have been resettled or persons came to live), or have not had access to health services, or there has been a decline in income, or dissatisfaction with the online education of children, or a deterioration in emotional health (mood) due to covid19

Key Messages

- About 76% of households were affected in some way by Covid-19, 79% of households were affected in urban areas, 73% in rural areas.
- Every second household reported a decrease in income, urban areas - about 61%, in rural areas - 43.4%.
- Due to the Covid-19 outbreak, about 98% of children aged 7-17 stopped attending school, about 83% of children were covered by distance learning. In almost every third household, parents / caregivers are not satisfied with the online learning process.
- In every fifth household (20.4%), at least one family member showed a deterioration in the emotional state. The largest rates are observed in households in the cities of Osh (38%) and Bishkek (27%) and Talas oblast (29%).
- More than 17% of households at least one an adult household member felt "very, extremely" depressed, depressed, or hopeless about the news, threats, and restrictions associated with the coronavirus.
- About 29% of households reported coronavirus infection in at least one person living in the household, even if the symptoms were mild.
- Forced relocation was observed in 14% of households

Data from this snapshot can be found in tables PE6, TC8.1, LN2.1, LN2.3, LN2.4, LN2.7, PR3.3, PR2.1, PR7.1W, PR7.1M, EQ4.1W and EQ4.1M in the Annex 3.

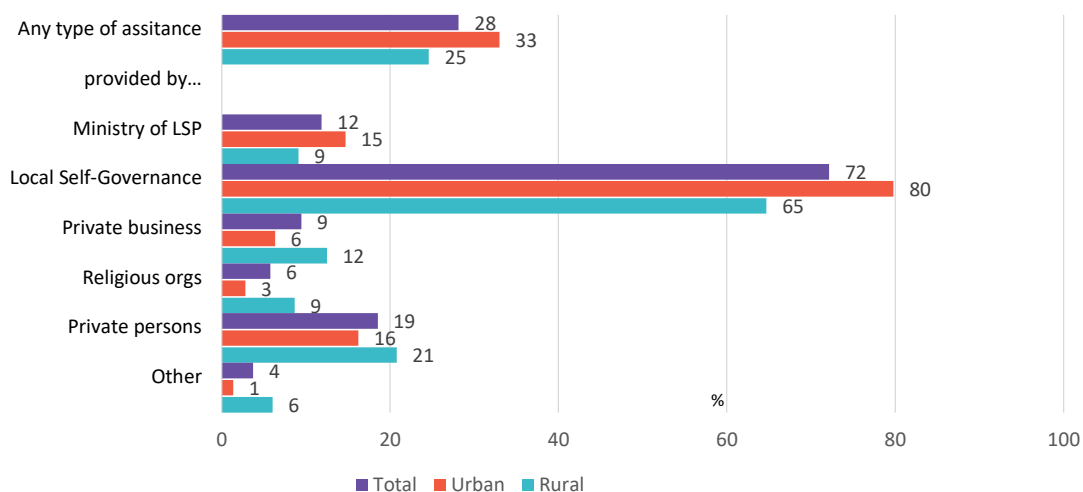
Kyrgyzstan

2020

Social protection during pandemic

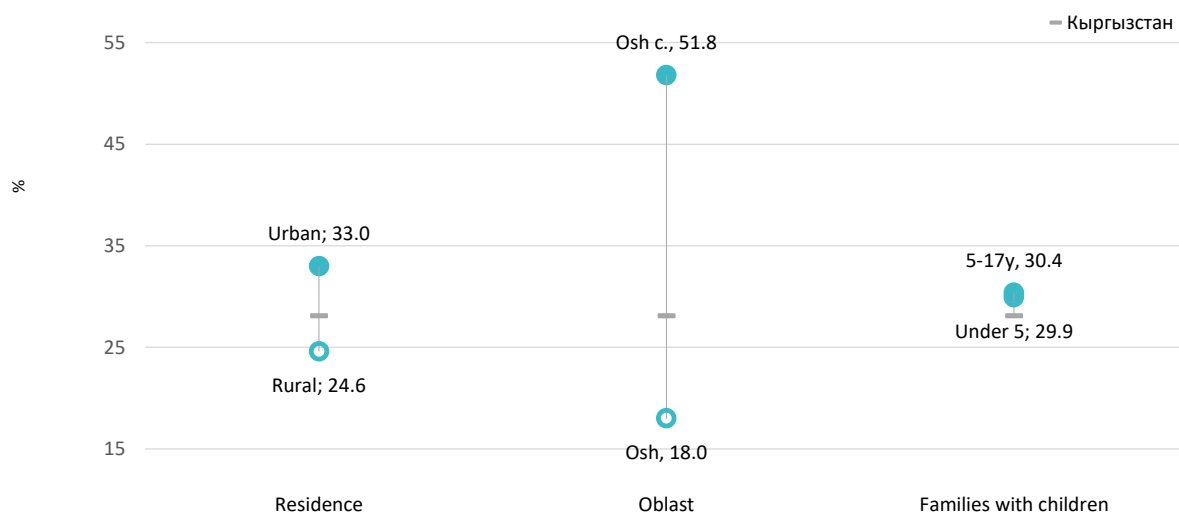
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Social assistance during the coronavirus outbreak



Percentage of households that received social support / assistance during the coronavirus outbreak by type of source

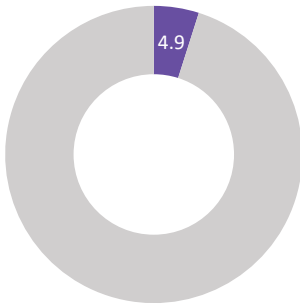
Social assistance by socio-economic characteristics



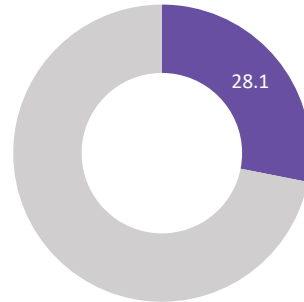
Percentage of households receiving social support / assistance during the coronavirus outbreak by socio-economic characteristics

Seeking and receiving social support during the coronavirus outbreak

Applied for social support

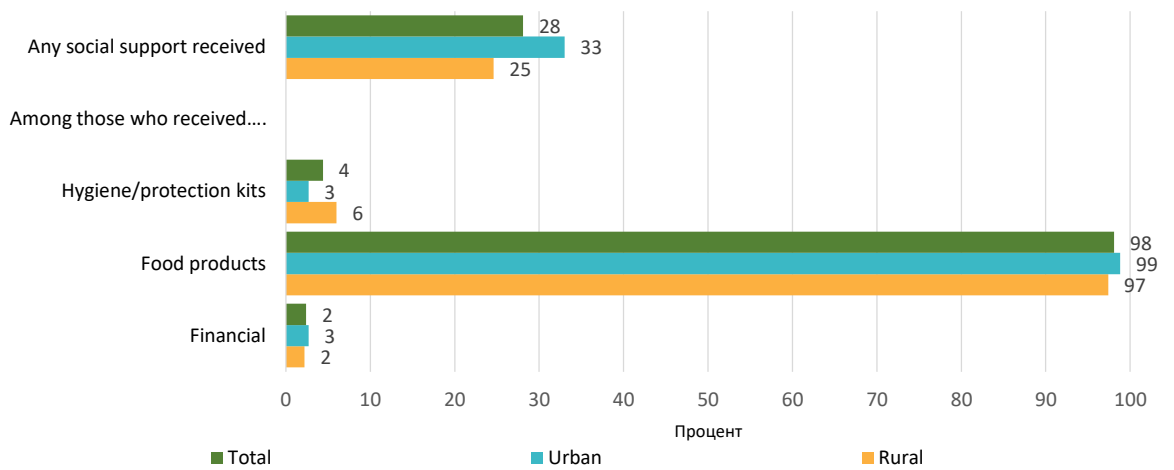


Received social support



Percentage of households whose members applied for and received social support during the coronavirus outbreak

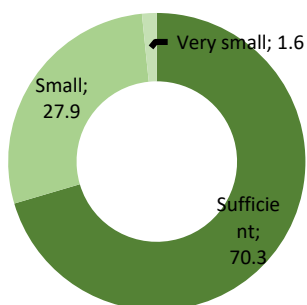
Social support coverage



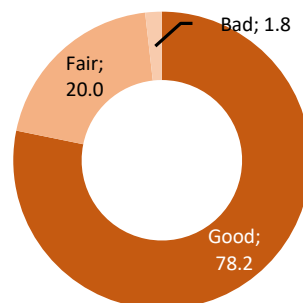
Percentage of households whose members applied for and received social support during the coronavirus outbreak by type of support

Food kits amount and quality

Amount



Quality



Percentage of households that received food kits during the coronavirus outbreak and rated their size and quality

Regional distribution

Regions	Applied for social assistance	Received social assistance	Social assistance provided by governmental structures	For food products		
				Received	Amount of food is sufficient	Quality of food is good
National	4,9	28,1	79,1	98,1	70,3	78,2
Batken	2,5	23,3	89,3	99,0	78,5	72,4
Djalal-Abad	,2	30,8	81,5	98,3	90,3	80,5
Yssyk-Kul	7,8	21,9	79,5	95,0	80,0	74,8
Naryn	,2	33,0	71,9	94,4	68,8	91,5
Osh	1,6	18,0	77,8	95,9	63,0	77,4
Talas	6,3	25,8	81,2	(92,2)	(60,1)	(58,5)
Chui	9,2	23,6	45,0	99,4	77,8	81,4
Bishkek c.	7,0	36,5	91,1	99,8	54,4	78,9
Osh c.	8,4	51,8	84,9	99,5	82,1	70,6

() – based on 25-49 unweighted cases.

Key messages

- About 5% of households applied for social support during the coronavirus outbreak, the bulk of appeals were directed to local governments.
- More than 28% of households received social support during the coronavirus outbreak, in cities - every third household, in rural areas - every fourth household.
- At the same time, the coverage of social support for households in the two poorest quintiles is lower than in the two richest quintiles.
- Among the households that received social support, more than 79% received it from government structures.
- The main assistance to households was provided in the form of a food kits.
- Among households that received a food set, more than 70% assessed its size as sufficient, and more than 78% noted the good quality of the food.

Data from this snapshot can be found in tables DSP1, DSP2 and DSP3 in the Annex 3.

Kyrgyzstan

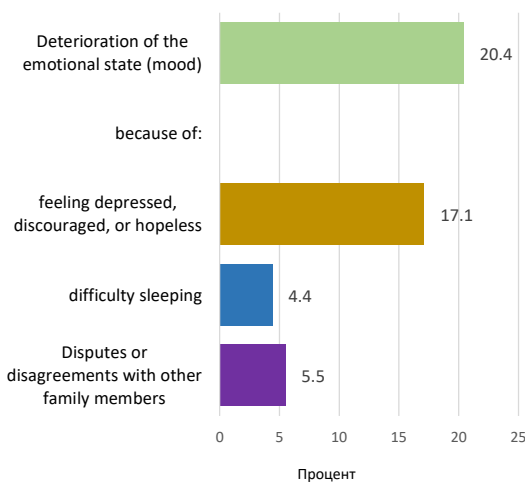
2020

Emotional state during the COVID-19 outbreak

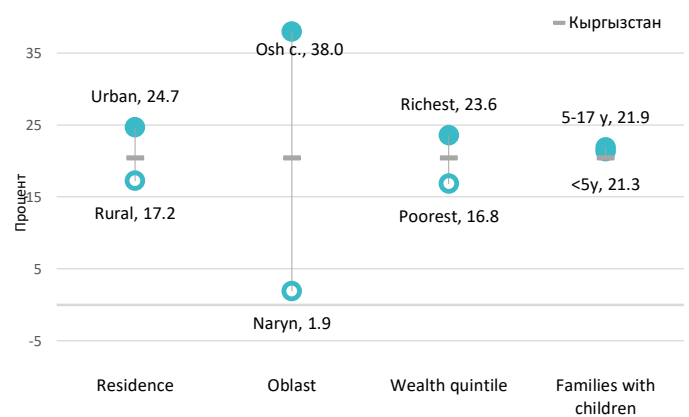
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Deterioration of emotional state (mood) during the outbreak of COVID-19

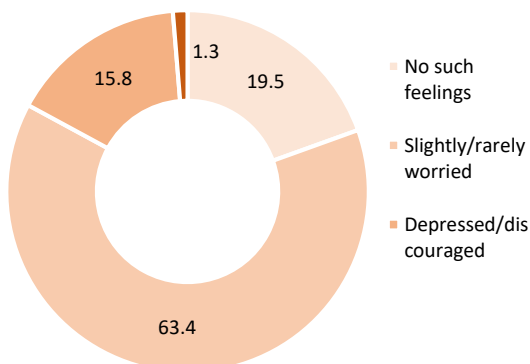


Percentage of households experiencing a deterioration in emotional state (mood) during the COVID-19 outbreak by type

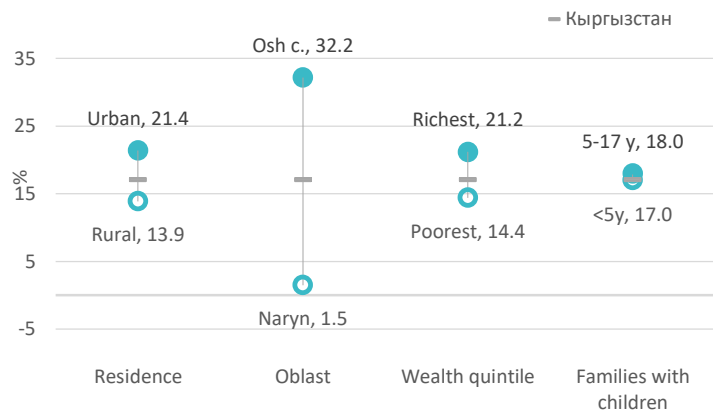


Percentage of households with a deterioration in emotional state (mood) during the COVID-19 outbreak by main characteristics

Psychological condition in connection with COVID-19

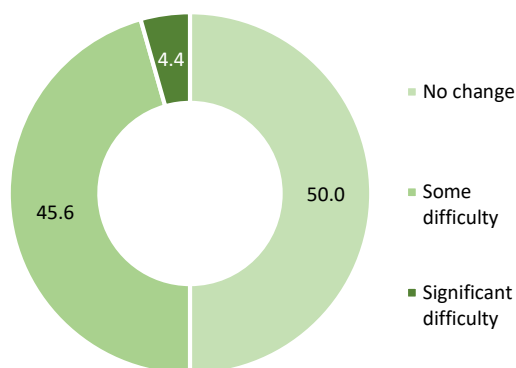


Percentage of households in which an adult household member felt depressed, discouraged, or hopeless due to COVID-19 news, threats, and psychological constraints

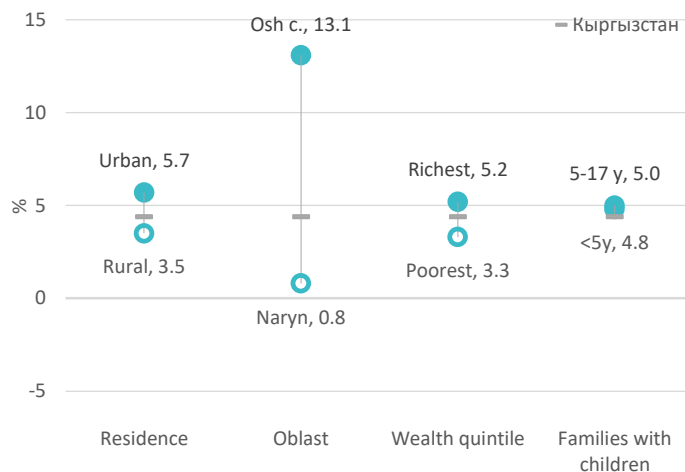


Percentage of households in which an adult household member felt depressed, discouraged, or hopeless by socio-economic characteristics

Difficulty sleeping during COVID-19 outbreak

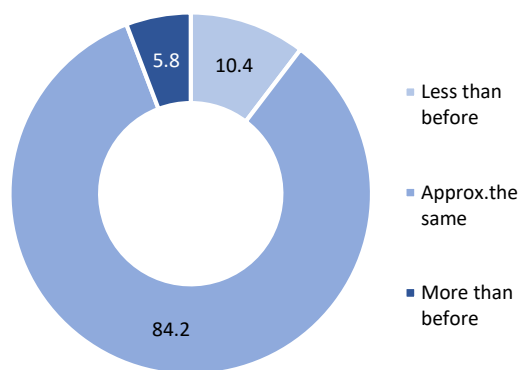


Percentage of households with an adult household member who experienced difficulty sleeping during the COVID-19 outbreak, by severity

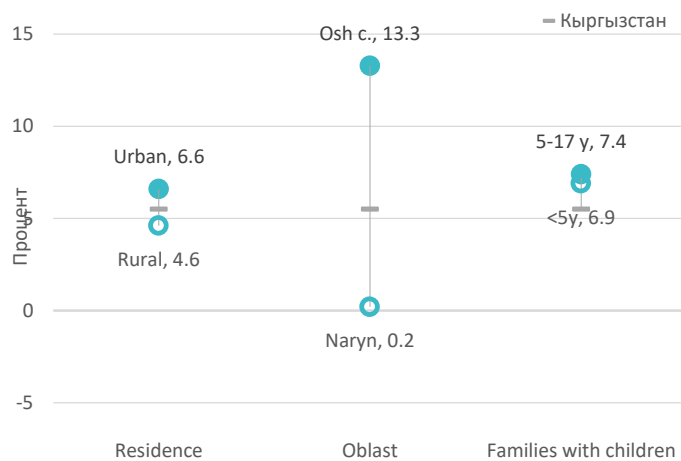


Percentage of households with an adult household member who experienced difficulty sleeping during the COVID-19 outbreak, by socio-economic characteristics

Family relationships during the COVID-19 outbreak



Percentage of households with more than usual disputes or disagreements with other family members during the COVID-19 outbreak, by severity



Percentage of households with more than usual disputes or disagreements with other family members during the COVID-19 outbreak, by socio-economic characteristics

Regional distribution, percentage of households

Область	... deterioration in emotional state (mood)	... an adult household member felt depressed, discouraged, or hopeless	...an adult household member experienced difficulty sleeping	...more than usual disputes or disagreements with other family members
National	20,4	17,1	4,4	5,5
Batken	5,9	4,5	4,5	0,3
Djalal-Abad	18,7	13,4	1,1	8,0
Yssyk-Kul	4,4	3,2	1,7	0,9
Naryn	1,9	1,5	0,6	0,2
Osh	23,5	20,0	5,3	4,5
Talas	29,4	22,0	4,6	13,3
Chui	22,4	20,4	5,6	2,2
Bishkek c.	26,9	23,4	5,3	8,4
Osh c.	38,0	32,2	13,1	13,3

Key messages

- More than 20% of households reported some deterioration in their emotional state (mood) during the COVID-19 outbreak.
- Anxiety, expressed as extreme depression and / or significant difficulty sleeping and / or increased family disagreements and disputes, was reported in one in four households in urban areas and in almost one in six in rural areas.
- Deterioration in emotional state is inherent in the households of the richest quintile (23.6%) and those affected by Covid-19 (26.9%).
- The adult population in households of Naryn (1.9%), Issyk-Kul (4.4%) and Batken (5.9%) regions was least concerned.
- A highest level of anxiety was observed in the city of Osh (38%) and Talas region (29.4%), where, along with extreme depression and significant difficulty sleeping, the highest rates (13.3% in each of them) were observed in terms of increased disagreements and disputes in family.

Data from this snapshot can be found in the Annex 3, in the tables PW1, PW2, PW3, PW4

Kyrgyzstan 2020

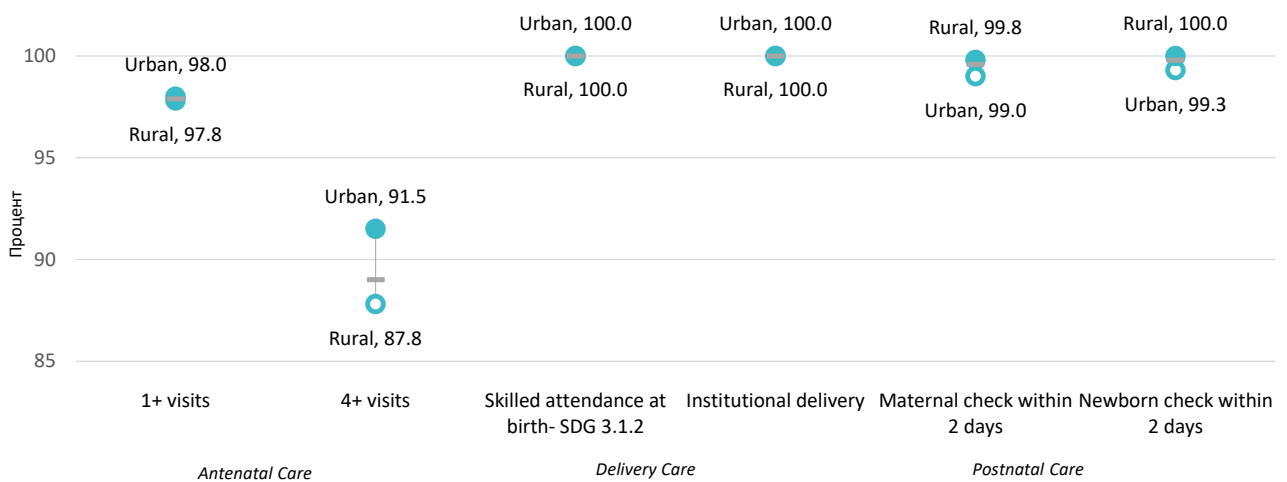
Maternal & Newborn Health

MICS Follow-up Survey on
Covid-19 impact on children
and women in Kyrgyzstan



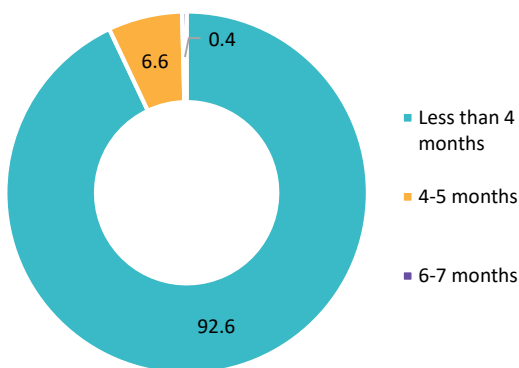
Key Elements of Maternal & Newborn Health

Maternal & Newborn Health Cascade by Area



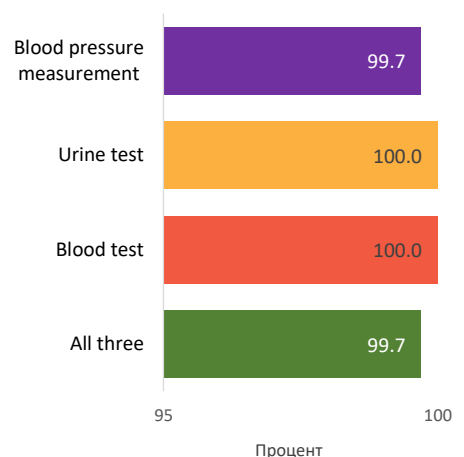
Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last year who were attended during their last pregnancy that led to a live birth at least once by skilled health personnel or at least four times by any provider, who were attended by skilled health personnel during their most recent live birth, whose most recent live birth was delivered in a health facility, who received a health check while in facility or at home following delivery, or a post-natal care visit within 2 days after delivery of their most recent live and percentage of last live births in the last 2 years who received a health check while in facility or at home following delivery, or a post-natal care visit within 2 days after delivery, by area

Timing of First Antenatal Care Visit



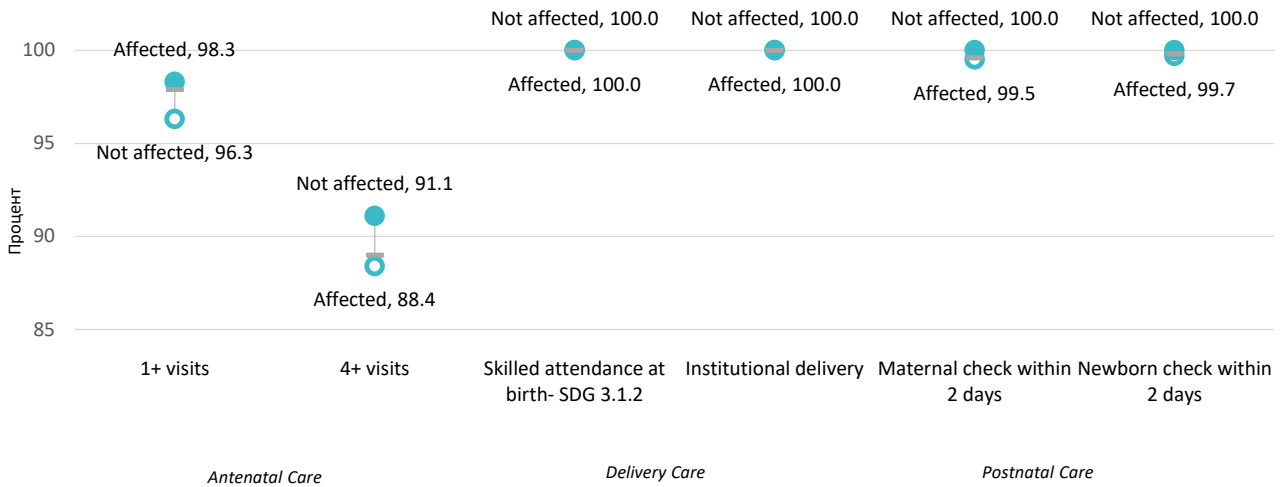
Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last year who were attended during their last pregnancy that led to a live birth at least once by skilled health personnel, by the timing of first ANC visit

Content & Coverage of Antenatal Care Services



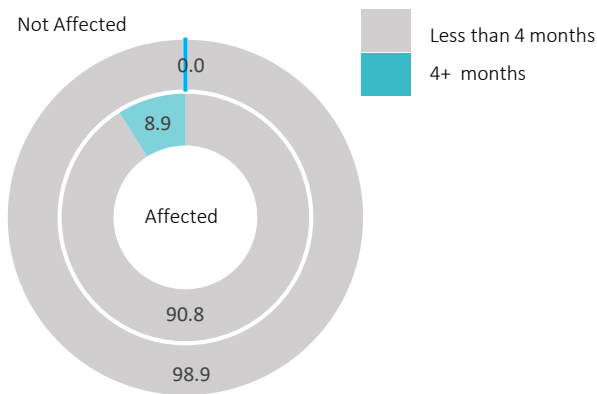
Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last year who had their blood pressure measured and gave urine and blood samples, reported that during an ANC visit they received information or counselling on HIV, and reported that they were offered and accepted an HIV test during antenatal care and received their results during the last pregnancy that led to a live birth

Maternal & Newborn Health Cascade: Affected by Covid-19 vs Not affected



Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last year who were attended during their last pregnancy that led to a live birth at least once by skilled health personnel or at least four times by any provider, who were attended by skilled health personnel during their most recent live birth, whose most recent live birth was delivered in a health facility, who received a health check while in facility or at home following delivery, or a post-natal care visit within 2 days after delivery of their most recent live and percentage of last live births in the last 2 years who received a health check while in facility or at home following delivery, or a post-natal care visit within 2 days after delivery, by area

Timing of First Antenatal Care Visit



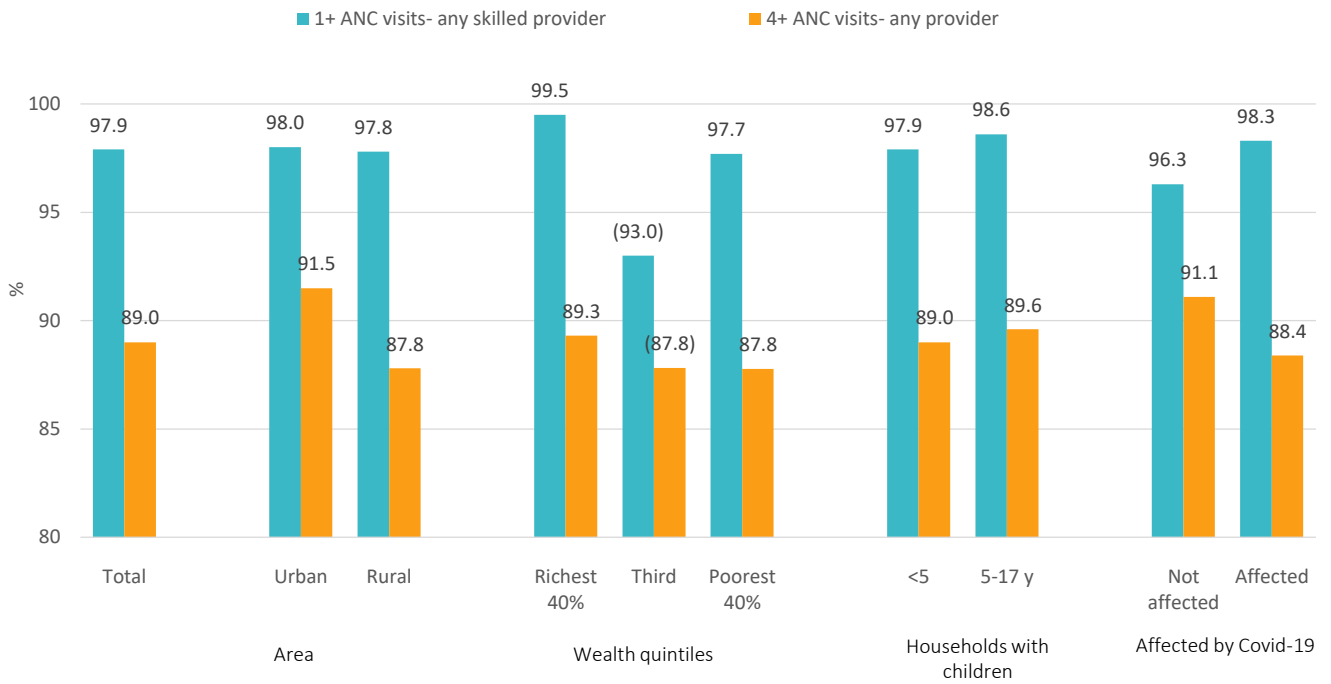
Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last year who were attended during their last pregnancy that led to a live birth at least once by skilled health personnel, by the timing of first ANC visit

Content & Coverage of Antenatal Care Services



Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last year who had their blood pressure measured and gave urine and blood samples, reported that during an ANC visit they received information or counselling on HIV, and reported that they were offered and accepted an HIV test during antenatal care and received their results during the last pregnancy that led to a live birth

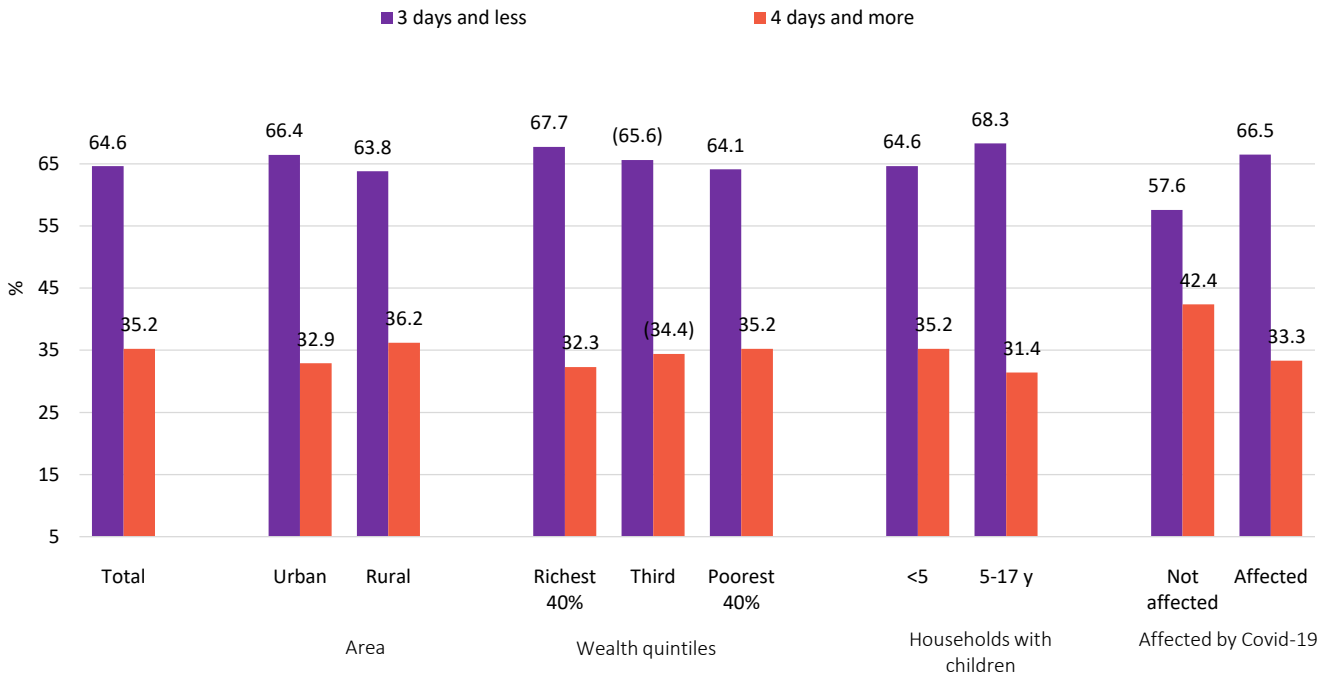
Coverage of Antenatal Care by Various Characteristics



Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last year who were attended during their last pregnancy that led to a live birth at least once by skilled health personnel or at least four times by any provider

() – based on 25-49 unweighted cases.

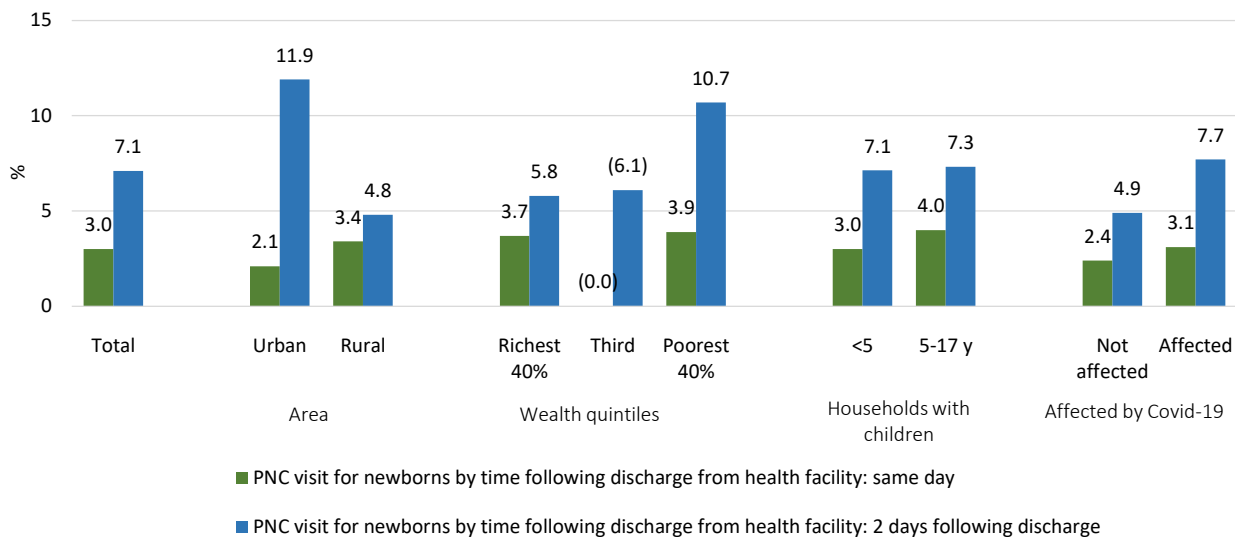
Length of stay in a health facility



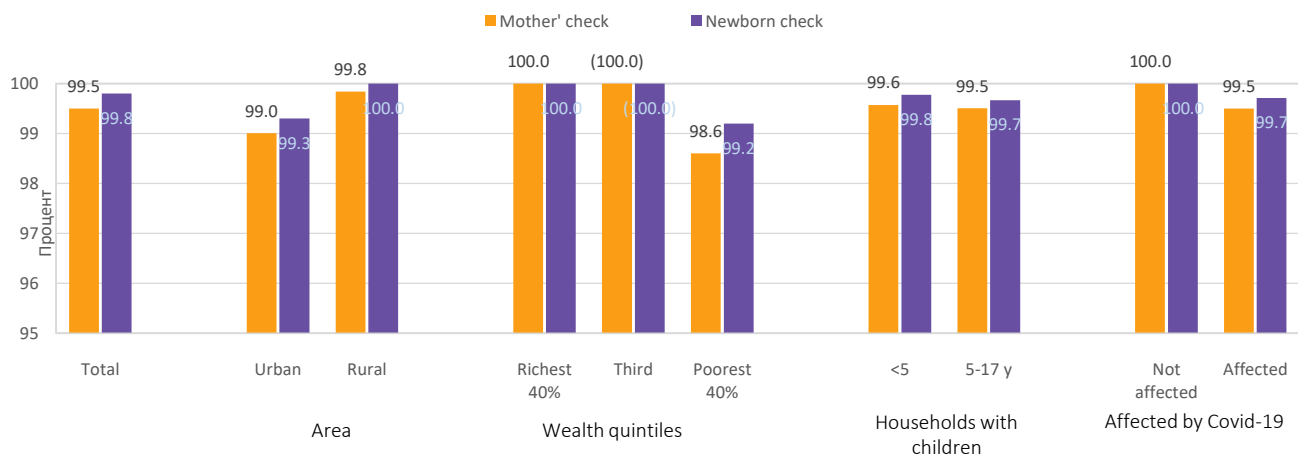
Percentage of women aged 15-49 who gave birth to a live child in a health facility in the last year, by length of stay in a health facility by socio-economic characteristics.

() – based on 25-49 unweighted cases.

Post-natal health checks for newborns

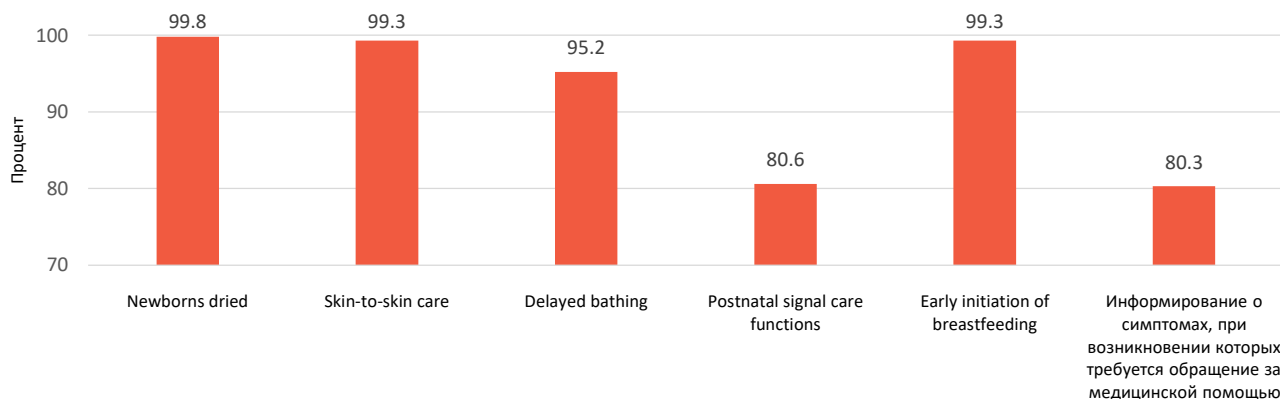


Postnatal Care within 2 Days of Birth by Various Characteristics.



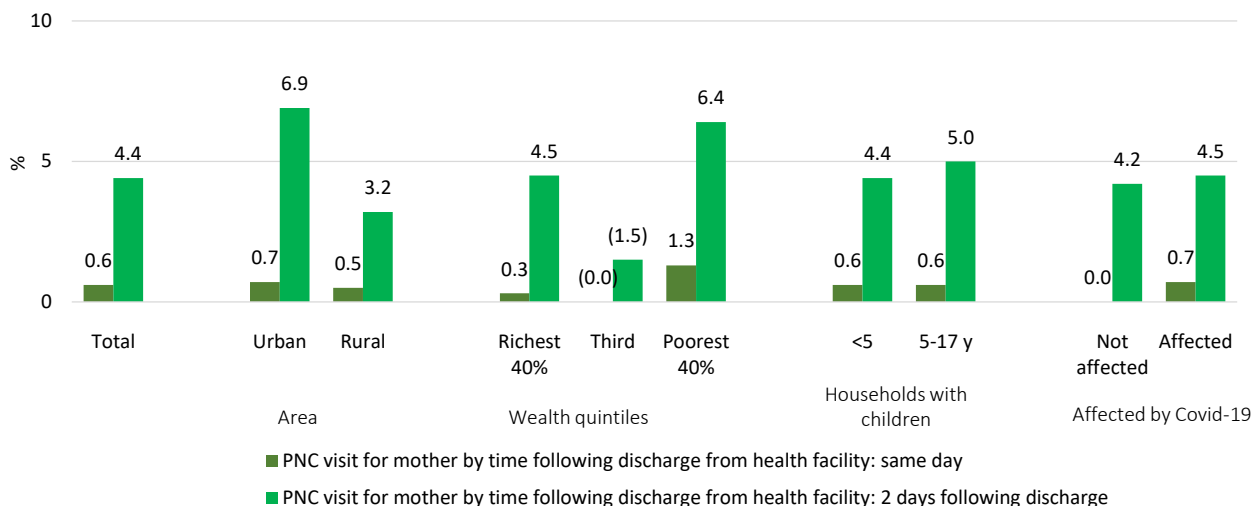
Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last year who received a health check while in facility or at home following delivery, or a post-natal care visit within 2 days after delivery of their most recent live and percentage of last live births in the last 2 years who received a health check while in facility or at home following delivery, or a post-natal care visit within 2 days after delivery, by various characteristics

Coverage of Newborn Care



Among the last live-birth in the last year, percentage who were dried after birth; percentage who were given skin to skin contact; percentage who were bathed after 24 hours of birth; percentage where the newborn received a least 2 postnatal signal care functions within 2 days after birth; and percentage of women with a live birth in the last 2 years who put their last newborn to the breast within one hour of birth, by various characteristics

Postnatal Care for Mother



Percentage of women aged 15-49 who gave birth to a live child in the last year and who received postpartum follow-up from any health care provider after discharge from the health facility

Key messages

- Antenatal care was provided to 100% of women aged 15-49 years who gave birth to a live child in the last year, and in most cases antenatal care is provided by a doctor (about 84%) and more than 16% - by nurses, midwives and paramedics.
- The median number of months of pregnancy at the time of the first antenatal visit was 2.0 months.
- 89% of women had at least four antenatal visits (MICS-2018 - 94.3%), while about 9% had from 1 to 3 visits (MICS-2018 - 5%) and 2% of women were unable to answer / remember.
- 100% of pregnant women who received antenatal care in connection with childbirth in the last year had urine and blood tests taken as part of the antenatal care package (MICS-2018 -99%) and blood pressure was measured in 99.7% of women (MICS- 2018 - 98%).
- 80.8% of births were assisted by qualified doctors (MICS-2018 - 91%), 18.7% - by nurses and midwives (MICS-2018 -8%) and 0.5% by paramedics.
- About 9% of women living in households affected by Covid-19 and having given birth to a live child in the past year were first seen by a qualified health worker with a pregnancy of 4 months or more as part of antenatal care.
- After the birth of a child, about 65% of women in labor were in a medical institution from 12 hours to 4 days. At the same time, after discharge from a medical institution, only 11% of newborns were visited for postpartum observation in the first 2 days and 47% in the first 6 days.
- 99.8% of newborns received at least 2 vital observations in the first 2 days after birth. At the same time, only 80.3% of mothers were informed about the signs of a threat to the baby's health.

Data from this snapshot can be found in the Annex 3, in the tables MN1, MN2, MN3, MN4, MN5, PN1, PN2, PN3, PN4, PN5, PN6, PN7

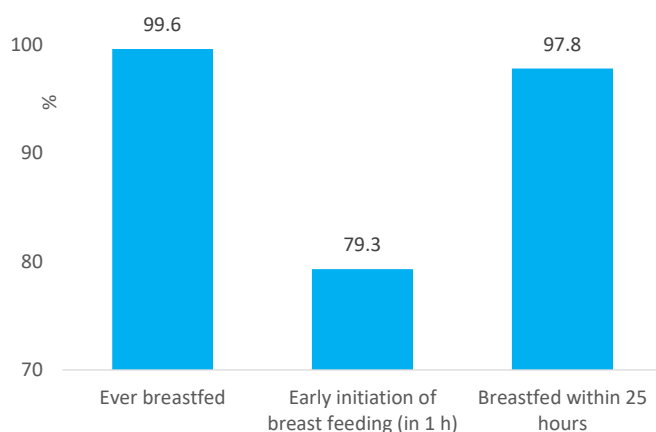
Kyrgyzstan 2020

Infant & Young Child Feeding

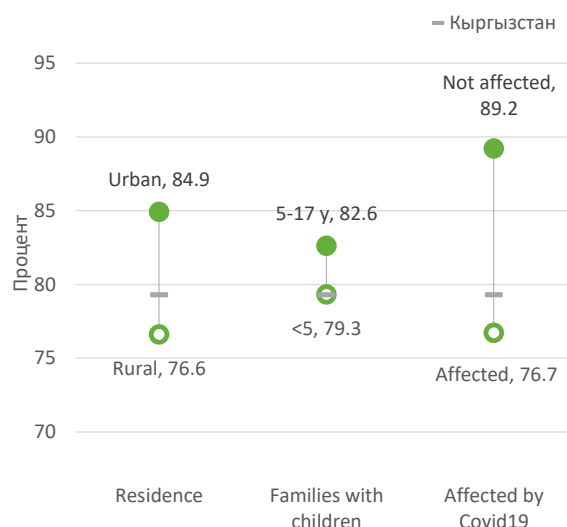
MICS Follow-up Survey on
Covid-19 impact on children
and women in Kyrgyzstan



Early Initiation of Breastfeeding

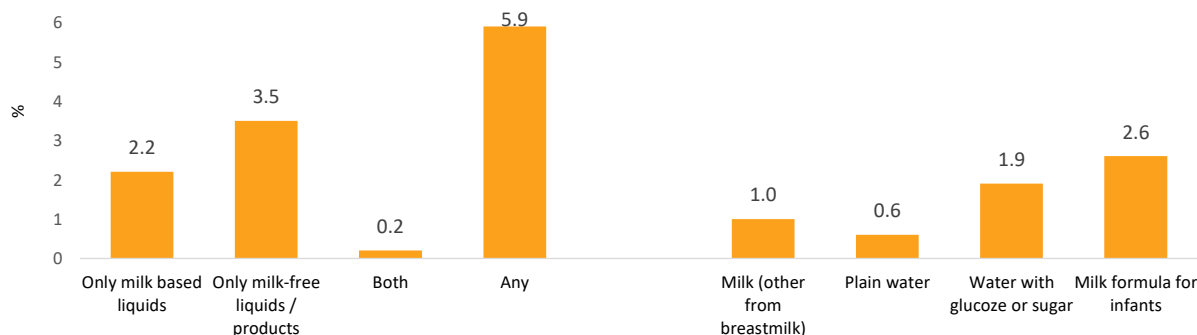


Percentage of live births among women aged 15-49 who have given birth to live children in the last year who were ever breastfed, who were breastfed in the first hour after birth and in the first 24 hours after birth.



Percentage of newborns breastfed within the first hour of life, by background characteristics

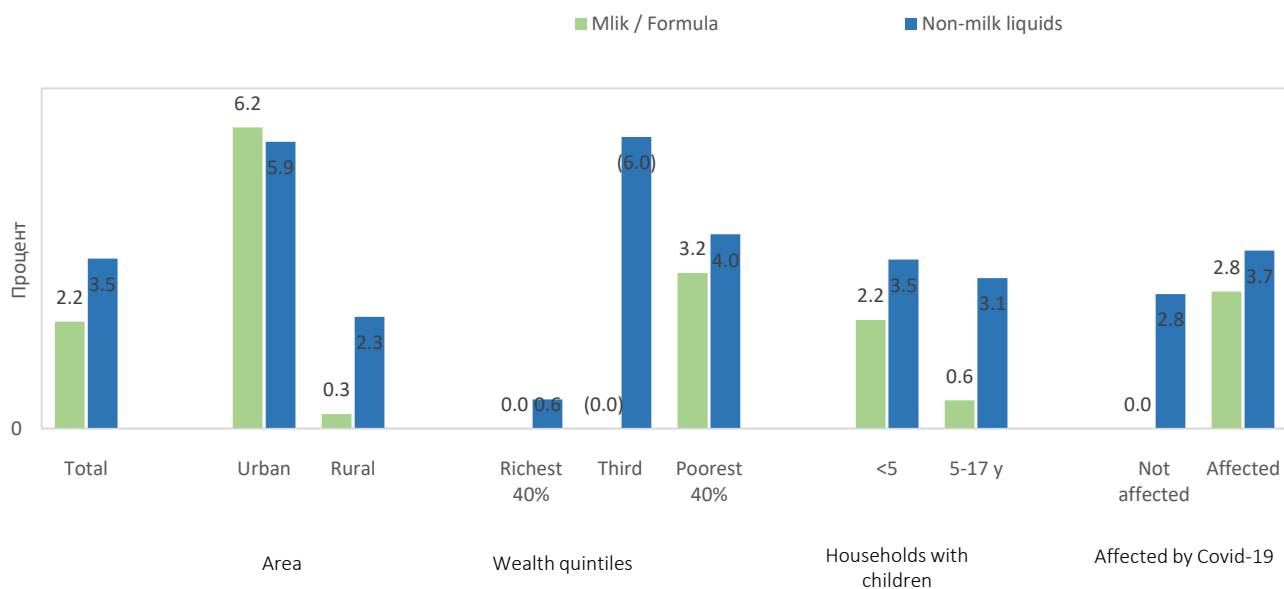
Complementary liquids (other than breastmilk)



Percentage of last live births among women aged 15-49 who gave birth to live children in the last year, by type of liquid or food (excluding breast milk) consumed in the first 3 days of life.

Complementary liquids (other than breastmilk)

Complementary liquids (other than breastmilk), by background characteristics



Percentage of last live births among women aged 15-49 who gave birth to live children in the last year, by type of liquid or food (excluding breast milk) consumed in the first 3 days of life, by background characteristics.

() – Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Key messages

- 79.3% of children apply to the breast within the first hour after birth (MICS-2018 - 81%) and 97.8% - on the first day.
- The highest rates of early attachment are found among urban dwellers and in households not affected by Covid-19.
- About 6% of newborns in the first three days of life received any other liquids besides breast milk, in cities - about 13%, in villages - about 3%.
- In the first 3 days of life, in addition to breast milk, newborns consumed only milk-free liquids / products (3.5%), only milk-based liquids (2.2%), infant formula (2.6%), water with sugar and glucose (1.9%).

Data from this snapshot can be found in the Annex 3, in the table MN7

Kyrgyzstan 2020

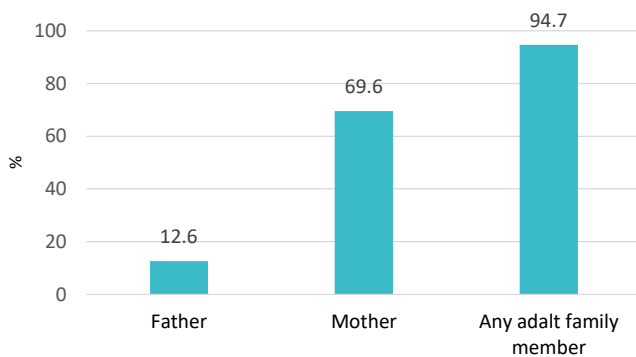
MICS Follow-up Survey on
Covid-19 impact on children
and women in Kyrgyzstan

Early Childhood Development

Support for Learning



Early Stimulation & Responsive Care



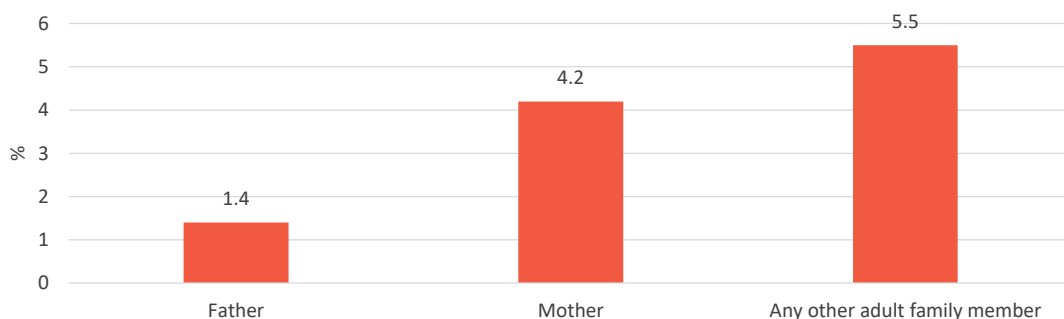
Percentage of children age 2-4 years with whom the father, mother or adult household members engaged in activities that promote learning and school readiness during the last three days

Note: Activities include: reading books to the child; telling stories to the child; singing songs to the child; taking the child outside the home; playing with the child; and naming, counting or drawing things with the child

Early childhood, which spans the period up to 8 years of age, is critical for cognitive, social, emotional and physical development. During these years, a child's newly developing brain is highly plastic and responsive to change. Optimal early childhood development requires a stimulating and nurturing environment, access to books and learning materials, interactions with responsive and attentive caregivers, adequate nutrients, access to good quality early childhood education, and safety and protection. All these aspects of the environment contribute to developmental outcomes for children.

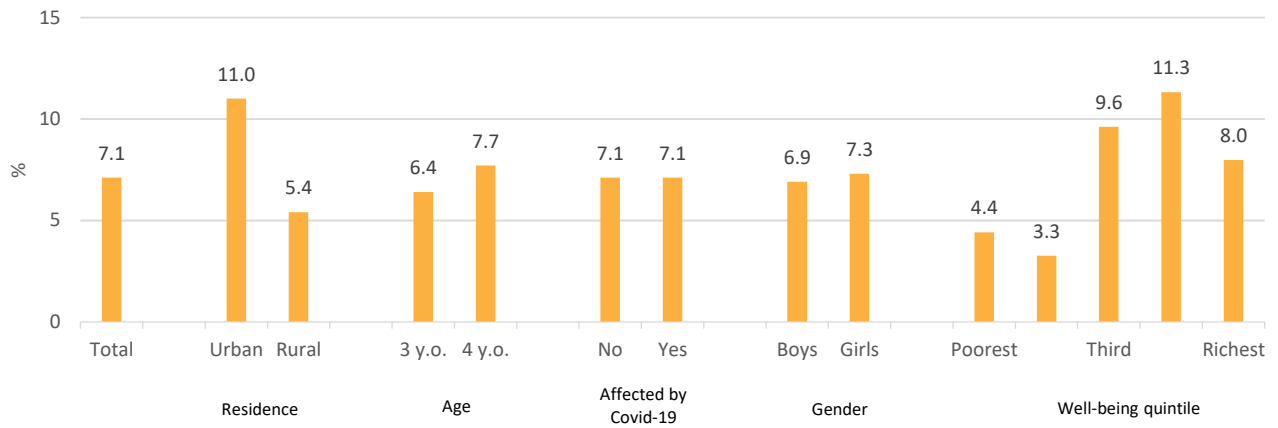
Children facing a broad range of risk factors including poverty; poor health; high levels of family and environmental stress and exposure to violence, abuse, neglect and exploitation; and inadequate care and learning opportunities face inequalities and may fail to reach their developmental potential. Investing in the early years is one of the most critical and cost-effective ways countries can reduce gaps that often place children with low social and economic status at a disadvantage.

Average number of activities that adult household members have engaged in with children



Average number of activities that adult household members have engaged in with children in the past three days that facilitate learning and preparation for school, and the involvement of fathers and mothers in this process.

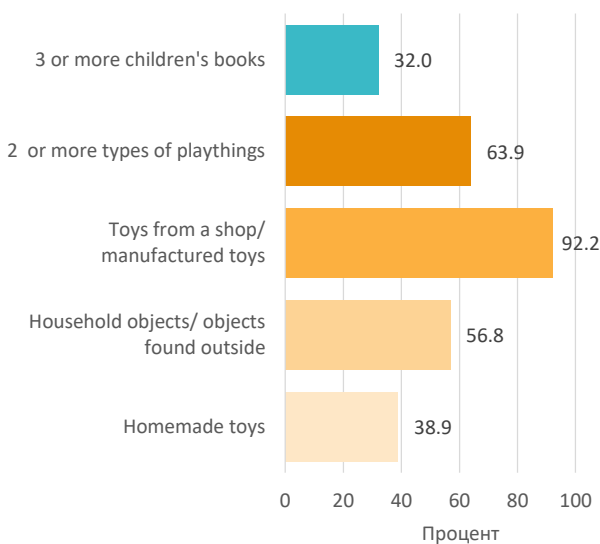
Attendance at Early Childhood Education Programmes



Percentage of children aged 36-59 months attending an early childhood education programme, by background characteristics

Learning Materials & Child Supervision

Access to Play & Learning Materials



Percentage of children under age five according to their access to play and learning materials

Inadequate supervision of children

Region	Inadequate supervision
National	14,9
Batken	4,2
Jalal-Abad	10,1
Issyk-Kul	4,4
Naryn	1,2
Osh	36,4
Talas	12,2
Chui	8,8
Bishkek c	4,0
Osh c	19,7

Percentage of children under age five left alone or under the supervision of another child younger than 10 years of age for more than one hour at least once in the last week, by region

Key messages

- Early stimulation and responsive care for children aged 2-4 years is provided mainly by any adult household member (94.7%), but the father's participation (12.6%) was very limited.
- The percentage of children aged 3-4 years participating in early education programs was over 7 percent. However, in urban areas this figure is 11 percent, and in rural areas more than 5 percent.
- Most children under 5 years old have access to toys from the store (92.2%), household items, incl. found on the street (56.8%) and a smaller percentage of children to homemade toys (38.9%). Almost three quarters of families had 2 or more types of toys. Every third family had 3 or more books at home.

Kyrgyzstan

2020

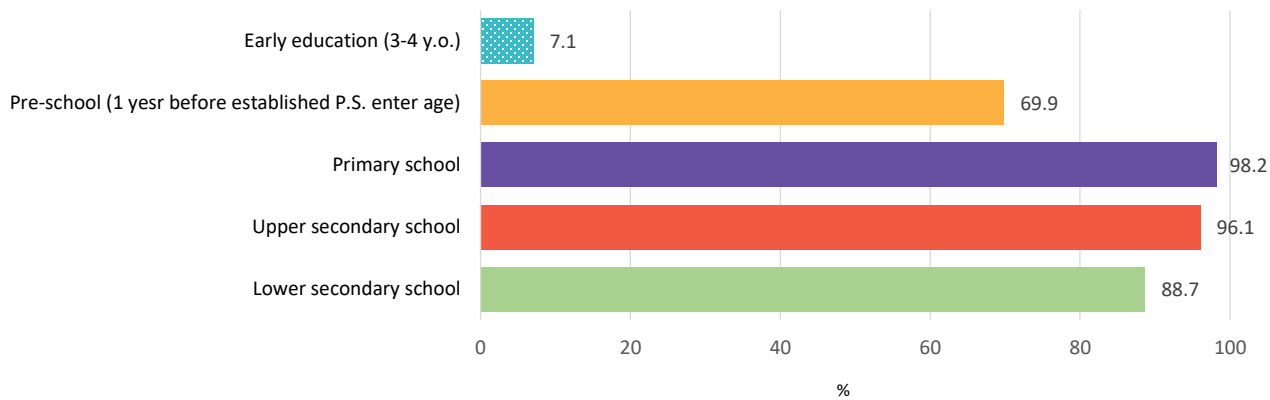
Education

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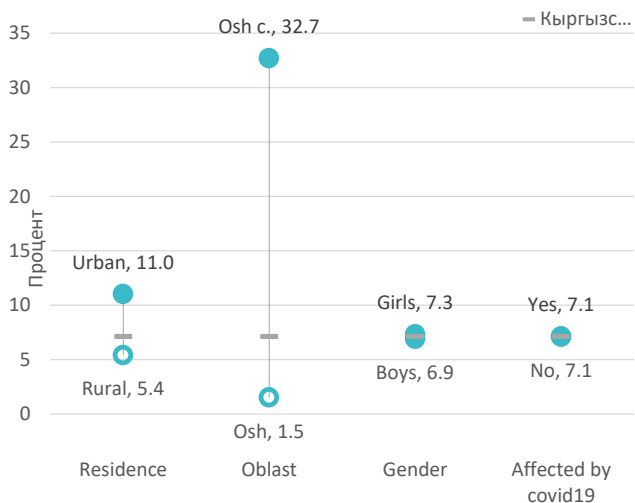
Attendance Rates & Inequalities

School Net Attendance Rates (adjusted)



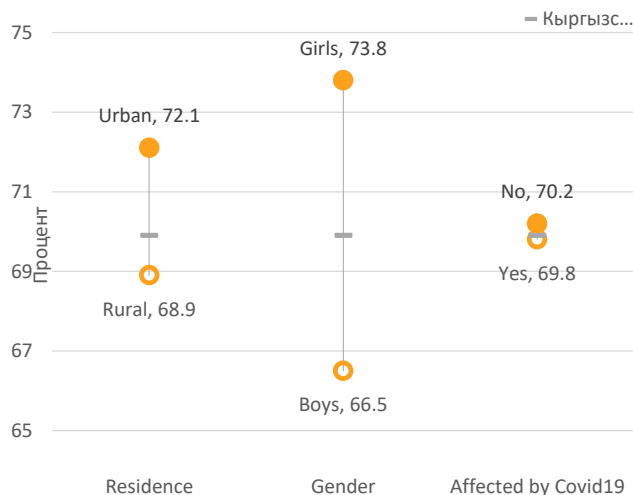
Inequalities in Attendance in Early Childhood Education & Participation in Organized Learning

Net Attendance Rate for Early Childhood Education



Percentage of children age 36-59 months who are attending early childhood education

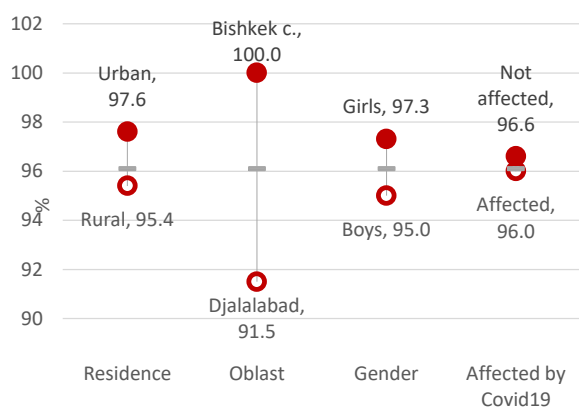
Participation Rate in Organized Learning (1 Year Prior to Primary Entry Age)



Percentage of children attending an early childhood education programme, or primary education (adjusted net attendance ratio), who are one year younger than the official primary school entry age at the beginning of the school year

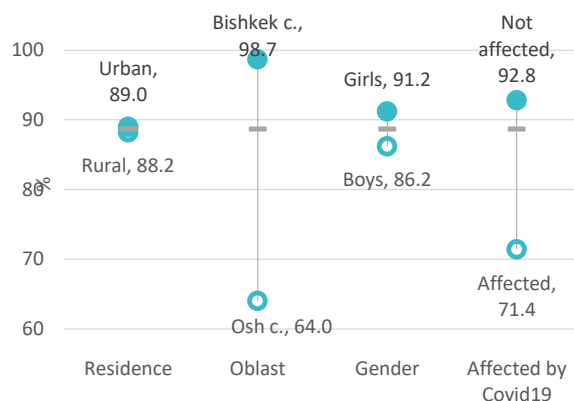
Inequalities in Attendance Rates

Adjusted Lower Secondary School Net Attendance Rate



Percentage of children of lower secondary school age (as of the beginning of the current or most recent school year) who are attending lower secondary school or higher

Adjusted Upper Secondary School Net Attendance Rate



Percentage of children of upper secondary school age (as of the beginning of the current or most recent school year) who are attending upper secondary school or higher

Regional Data for Net Attendance Rates (adjusted)

Region	Early Childhood Education (3-4 y)	Primary	Lower Secondary	Upper Secondary
National	7,1	98,2	96,1	88,7
Batken	5,0	100,0	97,2	(*)
Jalal-Abad	2,5	96,9	91,5	(*)
Issyk-Kul	13,5	98,2	94,6	92,5
Naryn	5,2	99,6	96,9	(98,0)
Osh	1,5	99,8	96,0	(*)
Talas	2,1	97,3	94,2	(*)
Chui	12,6	98,3	97,9	(*)
Bishkek city	(2,1)	95,2	100,0	(*)
Osh city	32,7	99,5	99,2	(*)

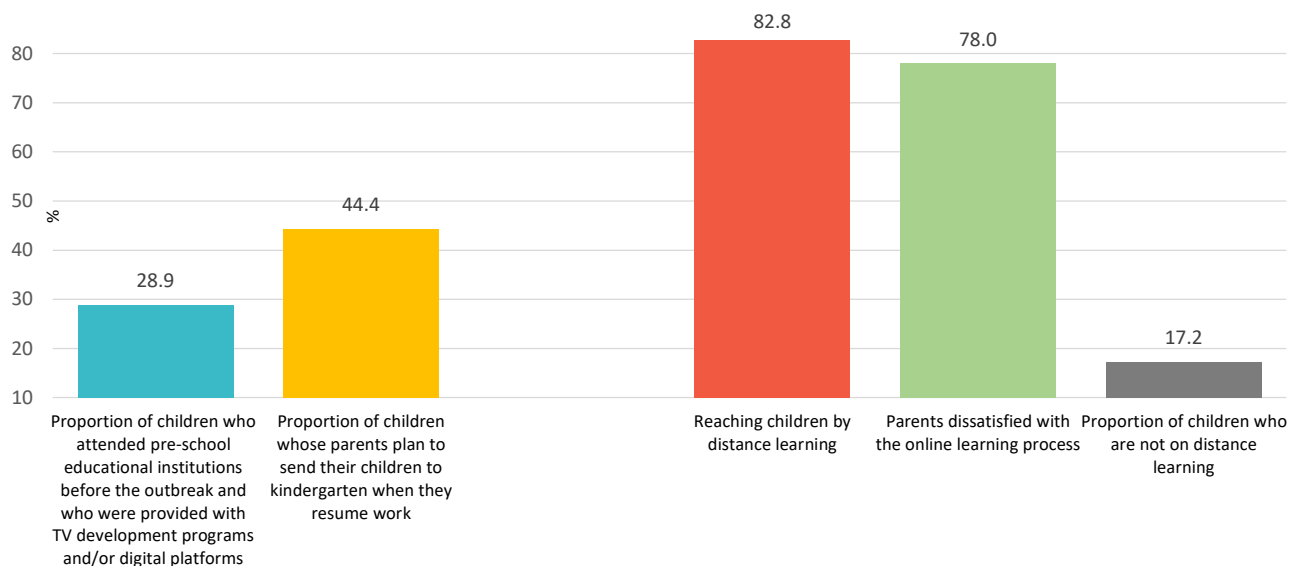
(*) – estimates are based on less than 25 unweighted cases

() – based on 25-49 unweighted cases.

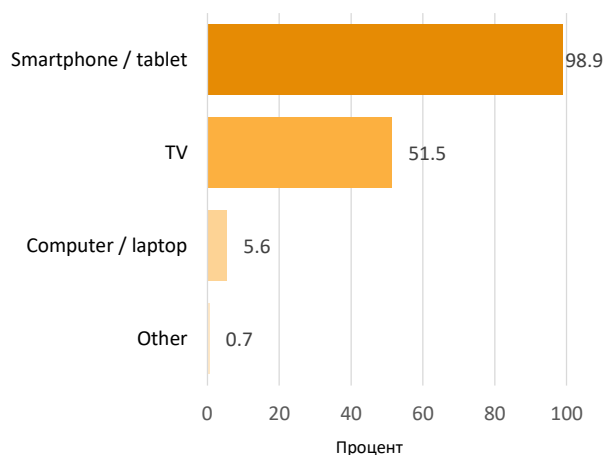
Key Messages

- Education coverage of young children (3-4 years) had decreased dramatically (7%), from 39% in MICS-2018
- The highest education coverage of young children (3-4 years) was noted in Osh (31.7%), extremely low due to lockdowns - in Osh (1.5%), Talas (2.1%) and Jalal-Abad (2, 5%) areas.
- Participation rate in organized education programs (1 year before the age of admission to primary school) remains high - 70%.
- The attendance rates of children in primary (grades 1-4) and basic (grades 5-9) schools are high - 98% and 96%, respectively.
- A decrease in attendance is observed at the level of senior secondary school (grades 10-11) - up to 89%.
- In all regions of the republic there is a high level of attendance in primary and secondary schools, except for the Jalal-Abad (96.9%, 91.5%) and Talas (97.3%, 94.2%) regions.

Education process during Covid-19 outbreak

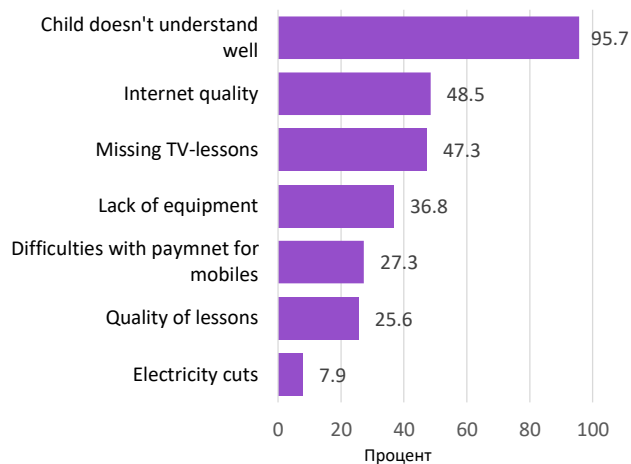


Equipment used for online educational programmes



Distribution of gadgets used for online education among children aged 7-17 years covered by distance learning programmes

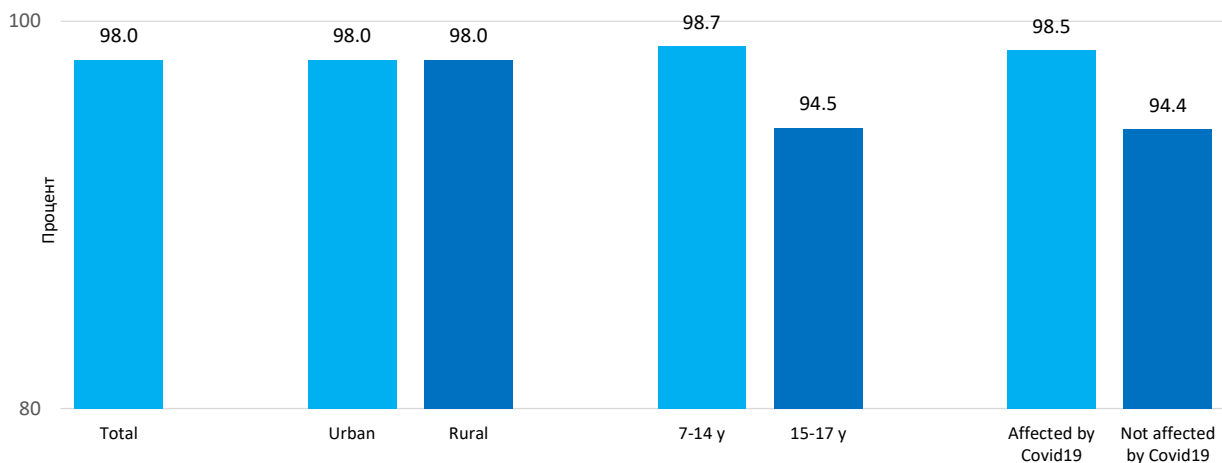
Reasons for dissatisfaction with the online learning process



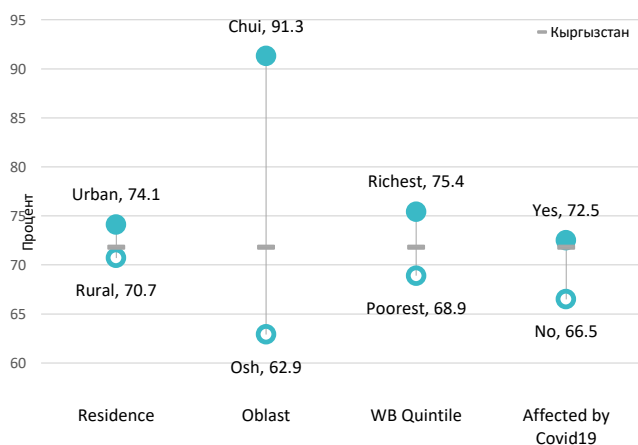
Percentage of parents dissatisfied with the online learning process their children are enrolled, by reasons

Parents' help with school home tasks

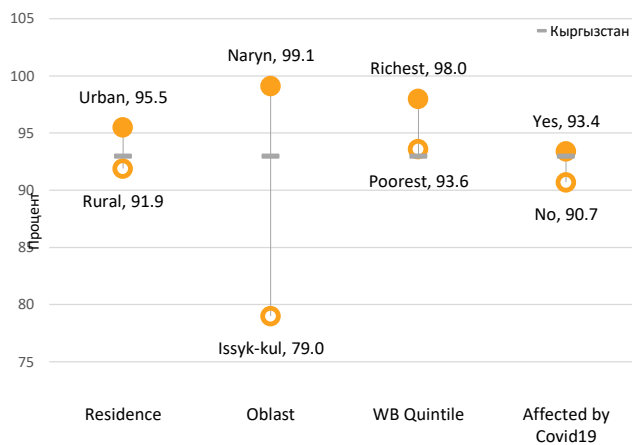
Home tasks prevalence



Support for completion of home tasks



Home tasks assessed by teachers



Regional Data

Region	Distant learning coverage	Dissatisfaction with the online learning process	Children out of online education	Support for completion of home tasks
National	82,8	78,0	17,2	71,8
Batken	58,4	83,0	41,6	70,6
Jalal-Abad	84,8	76,9	15,2	67,6
Issyk-Kul	86,5	73,7	13,5	64,9
Naryn	86,0	97,1	14,0	69,9
Osh	67,7	72,8	32,3	62,9
Talas	81,8	85,4	18,2	68,3
Chui	93,9	77,4	6,1	91,3
Bishkek city	99,1	79,4	0,9	78,3
Osh city	98,6	67,7	1,4	68,6

Key Messages

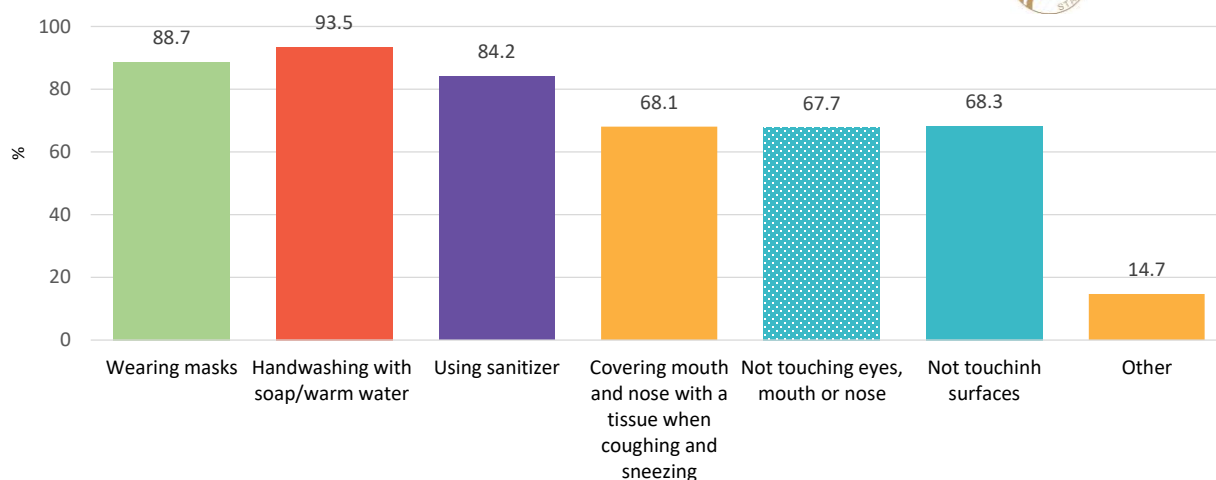
- More than 82 percent of children were enrolled in distance learning. For distance learning, a mobile phone / tablet (98.9%) was mainly used. TV broadcasts of educational programs goes the second (51.5%), a computer / laptop (5.6%) and others (0.7%) are quite rare.
- The share of children whose parents are dissatisfied with the online learning process was 78 percent.
- The main reasons for dissatisfaction were that the child did not understand the teaching materials well.
- Almost half of the children did not have a high-quality use of Internet connection and did not always have time to watch TV lessons, a third did not have the opportunity to pay for mobile communications / Internet.
- About 37 percent said there was insufficient equipment.
- The data presented in this section can be found in Tables AE.1., AE.2. and AE.3.

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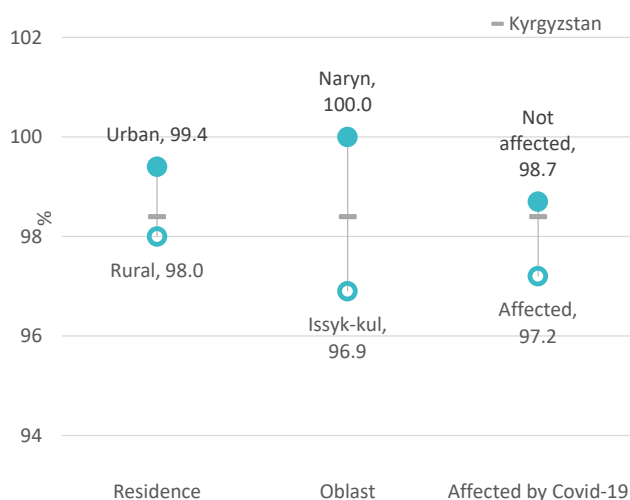
Awareness of children on COVID-19

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Awareness measures discussed with children



Inequity in awareness on COVID-19



Regional Data

Region	Children instructed on precaution measures
National	98,4
Batken	98,8
Jalal-Abad	100,0
Issyk-Kul	96,9
Naryn	100,0
Osh	97,0
Talas	97,4
Chui	98,3
Bishkek c	99,4
Osh c	98,9

Percentage of children whose parents have discussed taking precautions with them to reduce the risk of contracting COVID-19

Key Messages

The proportion of children whose parents discussed with them various precaution measures to reduce the risk of contracting COVID-19 was very high - 98.4 percent. Wearing a mask (88.7%), washing

hands with soap and warm water (93.5%), using a sanitizer (84.2%), covering your mouth and nose with a tissue when coughing and sneezing (61.1%) are the most widespread methods among children, do not touch

your mouth, nose, eyes and face with your hands (67.7%), do not touch, if possible, various surfaces with your hands (68.3%) and other (14.7%).

Annex 1: Tabulation Plan Tables

Kyrgyzstan

2020

ANNEX: Tables (section SR)

MICS Follow-up Survey on
Covid-19 impact on children
and women in Kyrgyzstan

Sample and Survey Characteristics

	Number of households, children under 5, and children age 5-17 by interview results, Kyrgyzstan, 2020												
	Area		Region									Total	
	Urban	Rural	Batken	Jalal-Abad	Issyk-Kul	Naryn	Osh	Talas	Chui	Bishkek c	Osh c		
Households													
Sampled	4310	2060	2250	400	450	600	510	420	300	540	640	450	
Occupied	3976	1810	2166	376	426	578	497	410	281	514	514	380	
Interviewed	3869	1743	2126	372	421	552	485	408	277	500	476	378	
Household completion rate	89.8	84.6	94.5	93.0	93.6	92.0	95.1	97.1	92.3	92.6	74.4	84.0	
Household response rate	97.3	96.3	98.2	98.9	98.8	95.5	97.6	99.5	98.6	97.3	92.6	99.5	
Children under 5 years													
Number of children in interviewed households	2405	966	1439	290	301	280	293	339	200	241	160	301	
Eligible	1677	675	1002	197	212	204	204	232	145	172	122	189	
Mothers/caretakers interviewed	1677	675	1002	197	212	204	204	232	145	172	122	189	
Under-5's response rate	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Under-5's overall response rate	97.3	96.3	98.2	98.9	98.8	95.5	97.6	99.5	98.6	97.3	92.6	99.5	
Children age 5-17 years													
Number of children in interviewed households	4834	1880	3054	574	531	685	679	632	441	528	388	476	
Eligible	2470	966	1484	259	263	350	335	294	214	288	228	239	
Mothers/caretakers interviewed	2469	965	1484	259	263	350	335	294	214	288	228	238	
Children age 5-17's response rate	99.96	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.6	
Children age 5-17's overall response rate	97.3	96.2	98.2	98.9	98.8	95.5	97.6	99.5	98.6	97.3	92.6	99.1	

Table SR.2: Wealth quintiles

Percent distribution of the household population by wealth index quintile, according to area of residence and regions, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Wealth index quintile					Total	Number of household members
	Poorest	Second	Middle	Fourth	Richest		
Total	18,5	18,1	18,9	19,6	24,9	100,0	18129
Area							
Urban	4,5	4,2	8,6	22,8	59,9	100,0	6425
Rural	28,3	27,9	26,2	17,3	0,2	100,0	11704
Region							
Batken	65,8	23,7	5,4	3,8	1,3	100,0	1409
Jalal-Abad	19,8	26,4	27,8	14,1	11,9	100,0	2914
Issyk-Kul	2,4	10,2	26,7	45,2	15,5	100,0	1441
Naryn	10,7	19,2	25,1	36,7	8,3	100,0	905
Osh	44,7	29,6	17,4	8,0	0,3	100,0	3934
Talas	16,5	28,6	29,4	20,7	4,8	100,0	814
Chui	8,7	23,7	29,3	26,8	11,6	100,0	2744
Bishkek c	0,6	0,5	5,1	16,6	77,3	100,0	3252
Osh c	7,4	9,6	14,9	27,9	40,3	100,0	716

Table SR.3: Household composition

Percent and frequency distribution of households by selected characteristics, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Weighted percent	Number of households	
		Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100,0	3869	3869
Area			
Urban	42,1	1629	1743
Rural	57,9	2240	2126
Region			
Batken	6,5	252	372
Jalal-Abad	14,9	577	421
Issyk-Kul	8,7	335	552
Naryn	4,8	185	485
Osh	17,7	685	408
Talas	3,8	147	277
Chui	16,1	625	500
Bishkek c	23,8	922	476
Osh c	3,6	141	378
Number of household members			
1	5,4	210	181
2	12,0	465	448
3	13,8	533	527
4	16,7	645	666
5	18,6	718	720
6	14,8	573	588
7+	18,7	724	739
Households with ^a			
At least one child under age 5 years	48,6	1619	1676
At least one child age 5-17 years	72,4	2413	2468
At least one child age <18 years	86,4	2880	2955
At least one man age 15-49 years	92,8	3094	3113
Mean household size	4,7	3869	3869

^A Each proportion is a separate characteristic based on the total number of households

Table SR.4: Children under 5's background characteristics

Percent and frequency distribution of children under five years of age by selected characteristics, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Weighted percent	Number of under-5 children	
		Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100,0	2388	1677
Area			
Urban	30,8	736	675
Rural	69,2	1652	1002
Region			
Batken	8,8	210	197
Jalal-Abad	18,5	441	212
Issyk-Kul	7,3	173	204
Naryn	5,0	118	204
Osh	24,9	593	232
Talas	4,8	116	145
Chui	13,6	325	172
Bishkek c	12,3	293	122
Osh c	4,9	118	189
Sex			
Male	52,1	1243	871
Female	47,9	1144	805
Age in years			
0	16,9	403	246
1	19,9	476	336
2	22,7	542	377
3	19,4	463	343
4	21,1	504	375
Wealth index quintile			
Poorest	23,1	539	317
Second	23,2	544	322
Middle	19,0	445	316
Fourth	21,9	513	427
Richest	12,7	298	264

Table SR.5: Children age 5-17's background characteristics

Percent and frequency distribution of children age 5-17 by selected characteristics, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Weighted percent	Number of children age 5-17	
		Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100,0	4883	2469
Area			
Urban	32,3	1576	985
Rural	67,7	3307	1484
Region			
Batken	8,1	398	259
Jalal-Abad	15,8	773	263
Issyk-Kul	8,6	420	350
Naryn	5,7	277	335
Osh	22,9	1120	294
Talas	5,3	258	214
Chui	14,4	701	288
Bishkek c	15,4	752	228
Osh c	3,8	184	238
Sex			
Male	51,7	2523	1291
Female	48,3	2357	1177
Age			
5-9	46,3	2263	1112
10-14	39,3	1919	975
15-17	14,4	701	382
Wealth index quintile			
Poorest	22,6	1086	457
Second	22,0	1054	452
Middle	20,8	996	500
Fourth	18,6	890	609
Richest	16,1	772	410

Kyrgyzstan 2020

ANNEX: Tables (section PE)

MICS Follow-up Survey on
Covid-19 impact on children
and women in Kyrgyzstan

COVID-19 impact

Table PE.1 Households with forced displacement (migration) of persons due to COVID-19												
Percentage of households in which there was forced displacement of persons (household members have been resettled or persons came to live), Kyrgyzstan, 2020												
	Percentage of households with forced displacement	Including				The proportion of households in which at least one family member was separated (resettled) from the rest of the				Number of households		
		Percentage of households with persons came to live	including 1-2 persons	including 3 or more persons	Percentage of households that had to move their whole family to live elsewhere due to coronavirus	< 1 week	from 1 week to 1 month	> 1 month	haven't returned yet		including separated children	
Total	14,0	5,2	3,2	2,0	1,0	0,0	0,1	0,9	0,0	8,0	0,3	3869
Area												
Urban	14,3	1,9	1,0	0,9	2,1	0,0	0,2	1,8	0,1	10,3	0,5	1629
Rural	13,9	7,6	4,9	2,8	0,3	0,0	0,0	0,3	0,0	6,3	0,2	2240
Region												
Batken	10,8	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	10,8	0,0	252
Jalal-Abad	17,9	1,7	1,4	0,3	0,3	0,0	0,0	0,3	0,0	15,9	0,3	577
Issyk-Kul	4,6	1,6	0,7	0,9	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	3,0	0,0	335
Naryn	11,9	11,5	7,7	3,8	0,5	0,0	0,0	0,5	0,0	0,2	0,0	185
Osh	20,3	15,6	10,4	5,2	0,2	0,0	0,0	0,2	0,0	5,3	0,2	685
Talas	15,1	10,2	6,8	3,4	0,4	0,0	0,2	0,2	0,0	6,0	0,6	147
Chui	6,0	4,7	2,4	2,3	0,4	0,0	0,2	0,3	0,0	0,9	0,2	625
Bishkek c	15,4	0,3	0,3	0,0	2,2	0,0	0,2	2,0	0,0	12,5	0,7	922
Osh c	24,4	8,2	1,4	6,8	8,8	0,0	0,6	7,2	1,0	9,0	0,0	141
Households with children												
Households with children from 0 to 5 years old	15,5	6,0	3,9	2,1	1,1	0,0	0,1	0,9	0,0	8,7	0,3	2880
Households with children from 5 to 18 years old	15,8	5,8	3,7	2,1	1,3	0,0	0,0	1,2	0,0	9,0	0,4	1619
Affected by Covid-19	18,6	6,9	4,0	2,1	0,9	0,0	0,1	0,7	0,0	8,5	0,3	2413
Wealth index quintile												
Poorest	14,0	7,2	4,5	2,8	0,7	0,0	0,1	0,6	0,0	6,4	0,0	696
Second	16,2	8,1	6,0	2,1	0,9	0,0	0,1	0,7	0,0	7,3	0,4	683
Third	12,8	7,4	3,8	3,6	0,4	0,0	0,0	0,3	0,0	6,0	0,0	713
Fourth	12,9	4,1	2,6	1,5	0,8	0,0	0,0	0,7	0,1	7,5	0,6	738
Richest	14,9	1,4	0,6	0,7	2,3	0,0	0,2	1,9	0,1	11,6	0,5	941

Table PE.2. Households in which at least one person got sick or died due to COVID-19

Percentage of households in which at least one person contracted COVID-19 or died, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Percentage of households in which at least one person contracted COVID-19 or died	including		Number of households
		got infected	died	
Total	28,6	28,6	0,5	3869
Area				
Urban	34,0	34,0	0,5	1629
Rural	24,7	24,7	0,6	2240
Region				
Batken	13,7	13,7	1,2	252
Jalal-Abad	26,9	26,9	0,0	577
Issyk-Kul	29,7	29,7	0,7	335
Naryn	11,7	11,7	0,0	185
Osh	27,0	27,0	1,0	685
Talas	40,2	40,2	0,9	147
Chui	21,3	21,3	0,2	625
Bishkek c	42,2	42,2	0,5	922
Osh c	21,3	21,3	0,5	141
Households with children				
Households with children	28,9	28,9	0,7	2880
from 0 to 5 years old	26,5	26,5	0,8	1619
from 5 to 18 years old	29,5	29,5	0,7	2413
Affected by Covid-19	37,8	37,8	0,7	2925
Wealth index quintile				
Poorest	23,0	23,0	0,6	696
Second	24,2	24,2	0,9	683
Third	24,2	24,2	0,5	713
Fourth	30,1	30,1	0,3	738
Richest	38,1	38,1	0,3	941

Table PE.3. Households affected by COVID-19

Percentage of households in which at least one person has contracted COVID -19 or died, or there has been forced displacement (household members have been resettled or persons came to live), or have not had access to health services, or there has been a decline in income, or dissatisfaction with the online education of children, or a deterioration in emotional health (mood) due to covid19

	Percentage of households affected by COVID-19 ¹	including						Number of households
		forced displacement	Illness or death of family member	no access to health services	Income decrease	dissatisfaction with the online education of	deterioration in emotional health	
Total	75,6	14,0	28,6	6,0	50,7	31,8	20,4	3869
Area								
Urban	79,0	14,3	34,0	5,9	60,9	29,6	24,7	1629
Rural	73,1	13,9	24,7	6,0	43,4	33,4	17,2	2240
Region								
Batken	60,9	10,8	13,7	1,9	44,1	25,9	5,9	252
Jalal-Abad	61,6	17,9	26,9	3,2	28,1	31,5	18,7	577
Issyk-Kul	59,3	4,6	29,7	2,9	18,0	34,2	4,4	335
Naryn	73,1	11,9	11,7	3,1	36,1	51,2	1,9	185
Osh	82,6	20,3	27,0	10,3	57,8	29,4	23,5	685
Talas	82,0	15,1	40,2	3,4	38,2	44,4	29,4	147
Chui	79,3	6,0	21,3	5,3	60,7	33,0	22,4	625
Bishkek c	84,0	15,4	42,2	6,4	68,9	27,8	26,9	922
Osh c	88,5	24,4	21,3	16,4	68,0	31,0	38,0	141
Households with children								
from 0 to 5 years old	80,9	15,5	28,9	6,3	54,8	42,7	21,0	2880
from 5 to 18 years old	77,5	15,8	26,5	5,5	54,0	33,3	21,3	1619
Affected by Covid-19	84,0	15,3	29,5	5,8	55,8	51,0	21,9	2413
Wealth index quintile								
Poorest	73,6	14,0	23,0	6,7	49,1	30,6	16,8	696
Second	73,0	16,2	24,2	6,2	44,1	33,8	17,7	683
Third	73,7	12,8	24,2	6,2	47,0	33,4	20,0	713
Fourth	76,3	12,9	30,1	5,2	47,4	38,5	20,0	738
Richest	78,6	14,9	38,1	5,5	60,4	25,4	23,6	941

¹ Indicator PE 1 : Households affected by COVID -19.

Table PE.4. Access to health services during the COVID-19 outbreak

Percentage of households in which at least one person needed health care and did not receive this care during the COVID-19 outbreak, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Percentage of households without access to health services ¹	Number of households whose members needed health care	Proportion of households whose members needed health care	Number of households
Total	20,0	1151	29,8	3869
Area				
Urban	17,4	555	34,1	1629
Rural	22,4	596	26,6	2240
Region				
Batken	5,3	92	36,4	252
Jalal-Abad	11,5	162	28,0	577
Issyk-Kul	12,6	76	22,7	335
Naryn	14,4	39	21,3	185
Osh	38,8	182	26,6	685
Talas	10,5	48	32,4	147
Chui	27,5	122	19,5	625
Bishkek c	16,2	368	39,9	922
Osh c	36,6	63	44,9	141
Households with children				
Households with children from 0 to 5 years old	20,2	895	31,1	2880
from 5 to 18 years old	18,2	490	30,3	1619
Affected by Covid-19	18,9	742	30,8	2413
Affected by Covid-19	21,2	1084	37,1	2925
Wealth index quintile				
Poorest	25,2	186	26,7	696
Second	23,7	178	26,1	683
Third	22,8	192	27,0	713
Fourth	16,9	226	30,6	738
Richest	15,7	332	35,3	941

¹ Indicator PE 2 : Access to health services during the COVID-19 outbreak

Table PE.5. Visiting schools during the COVID-19 outbreak

Percentage of households with children aged 5-17 who dropped out of school due to an outbreak, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Share of households with children aged 5-17	Proportion of households with one of these children aged 5 to 17 during the outbreak...			
		attended school or early childhood education program before the outbreak	The number of households with children aged 5-17	stopped attending school due to an outbreak ¹	Number of households with children who attended school or preschool education before
Total	60,7	86,0	2348	97,9	2018
Area					
Urban	50,0	92,7	814	98,4	754
Rural	68,5	82,4	1534	97,6	1264
Region					
Batken	69,6	95,5	175	96,8	167
Jalal-Abad	62,9	95,3	363	95,9	346
Issyk-Kul	60,1	95,6	202	99,2	193
Naryn	70,0	98,0	129	99,7	127
Osh	69,8	52,8	478	99,1	252
Talas	79,5	93,2	117	98,6	109
Chui	61,1	91,2	382	97,1	348
Bishkek c	45,0	95,0	415	99,3	394
Osh c	61,8	94,0	87	94,9	82
Households with children					
Households with children from 0 to 5 years old	81,2	85,9	2340	97,9	2010
from 5 to 18 years old	69,3	82,4	1123	97,2	925
Affected by Covid-19	96,1	86,1	2318	97,9	1996
	67,7	86,8	1980	98,3	1718
Wealth index quintile					
Poorest	68,8	76,7	479	96,5	367
Second	71,4	82,6	488	98,2	403
Third	65,1	86,4	464	98,8	401
Fourth	62,0	90,5	458	97,6	414
Richest	44,1	95,7	415	98,1	397

¹ Indicator PE 3 : Not attending school during the COVID outbreak

Table PE.6. Impact of COVID-19 on changes in household incomes

Процентная доля домохозяйств, в которых доходы увеличились, уменьшились или не изменились, Кыргызстан, 2020

	Households with income growth	Households with income reduction ¹	Due to						Households with no change in income	Number of households		
			Lost job	Cuts in hours of work/ wages	Unable to harvest or plant	Unable to maintain livestock	Couldn't go to work	Couldn't open business			Death or illness of family member	Other
Total	0,3	50,7	23,6	17,4	5,1	2,8	30,3	7,7	2,9	4,5	48,6	386,9
Area												
Urban	0,2	60,9	33,7	19,1	1,4	0,6	29,6	9,3	1,9	1,8	38,7	1629
Rural	0,4	43,4	16,3	16,2	7,8	4,3	30,8	6,5	3,7	6,4	55,7	2240
Region												
Batken	0,0	44,1	14,1	11,0	13,4	3,8	16,6	5,9	4,2	17,7	55,9	252
Jalal-Abad	0,6	28,1	0,8	6,3	7,6	2,8	23,9	14,4	0,0	0,0	71,0	577
Issyk-Kul	0,1	18,0	12,1	5,3	0,6	1,6	10,7	4,2	0,2	1,2	81,7	335
Naryn	0,0	36,1	14,5	1,0	0,9	4,8	10,8	1,4	2,3	13,5	63,9	185
Osh	0,6	57,8	20,8	28,0	10,7	5,7	52,8	8,0	8,7	2,6	41,5	685
Talas	0,9	38,2	26,0	5,2	1,2	0,0	25,8	4,1	2,2	1,2	60,5	147
Chui	0,2	60,7	28,5	28,1	6,0	4,3	38,8	4,6	3,3	12,3	37,4	625
Bishkek c	0,1	68,9	47,1	15,5	0,2	0,0	24,4	8,3	0,1	0,1	31,0	922
Osh c	0,4	68,0	9,5	50,7	0,2	0,7	49,0	11,6	9,6	0,6	31,2	141
Households with children												
Households with children from 0 to 5 years old	0,4	54,8	24,9	18,7	6,3	3,3	34,9	9,0	3,5	5,0	44,4	2880
from 5 to 18 years old	0,4	54,0	22,4	19,4	6,8	3,0	37,3	9,0	3,9	5,1	45,3	1619
Affected by Covid-19	0,4	55,8	25,7	19,1	6,5	3,5	35,3	9,3	3,6	5,3	43,5	2413
Wealth index quintile	0,3	67,1	31,2	23,0	6,7	3,6	40,1	10,2	3,9	5,9	32,3	2925
Poorest	0,2	49,1	16,0	19,2	10,8	5,0	35,1	6,5	6,7	6,4	50,6	696
Second	0,1	44,1	16,6	17,8	7,1	3,1	32,0	7,4	3,0	7,8	55,4	683
Third	1,0	47,0	20,1	15,7	6,2	3,7	32,2	7,3	2,1	4,8	51,4	713
Fourth	0,5	47,4	22,6	16,7	2,9	2,6	29,4	7,9	1,6	3,4	51,5	738
Richest	0,0	60,4	35,4	17,9	0,6	0,4	25,0	8,7	1,5	1,2	39,4	941

¹ Indicator PE.4 : Impact of COVID-19 on household income

Kyrgyzstan

2020

ANNEX: Tables (section DSP)

MICS Follow-up Survey on
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Social protection during pandemic

Table DSP.1. Seeking social support / assistance during a coronavirus outbreak

Percentage of households whose members applied for social support / assistance during the coronavirus outbreak by type of appeal, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Percentage of households whose members applied for support / assistance	Число домохозяйств	Percentage of households that applied for the types of support listed below								Number of households whose members requested support / assistance
			Applied for child cash benefit	Registered for unemployment	Applied to LSG entities	Applied to Shtab	Applied to businessmen	Applied to religious organization	Applied to private persons	Other	
Total	4,9	3869	3,5	3,2	81,2	4,3	1,7	4,9	10,6	3,8	188
Area											
Urban	6,4	1629	4,4	4,7	80,9	4,4	0,3	8,8	10,8	0,2	104
Rural	3,8	2240	2,3	1,3	81,5	4,2	3,5	0,0	10,2	8,2	84
Region											
Batken	2,5	252	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	6
Jalal-Abad	0,2	577	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	1
Issyk-Kul	7,8	335	(6)	(4)	(91)	(0)	(1)	(0)	(12)	(0)	26
Naryn	0,2	185	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	0
Osh	1,6	685	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	11
Talas	6,3	147	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	9
Chui	9,2	625	(1)	(0)	(85)	(6)	(4)	(0)	(8)	(8)	57
Bishkek c	7,0	922	(3)	(8)	(85)	(3)	(0)	(11)	(0)	(0)	65
Osh c	8,4	141	(0)	(0)	(58)	(9)	(3)	(16)	(61)	(0)	12
Household											
Households with children from 0 to 5 years old	5,5	2880	4,1	0,7	84,9	4,1	1,3	4,3	11,7	3,5	159
from 5 to 18 years old	5,7	1619	3,0	0,5	88,4	2,3	0,7	0,8	13,2	1,9	93
Affected by Covid-19											
No	1,7	944	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	16
Yes	5,9	2925	3,8	3,5	81,2	4,7	1,7	5,3	11,3	2,8	172
Wealth index quintile											
Poorest	3,1	696	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	22
Second	4,2	683	(2)	(4)	(76)	(5)	(0)	(0)	(12)	(19)	28
Third	6,2	713	(10)	(0)	(86)	(9)	(7)	(7)	(10)	(0)	44
Fourth	6,1	738	1,6	0,0	91,3	0,7	0,7	1,5	9,0	3,9	45
Richest	4,2	941	0,7	0,0	76,7	4,3	0,0	12,8	9,2	0,0	40

(*) – based on less than 25 unweighted cases

() – based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table DSP.2. Social support / assistance coverage during the coronavirus outbreak

Percentage of households that received social support / assistance during the coronavirus outbreak, in what form and average number of times received this assistance, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Percentage of households that received social support / assistance ¹	Number of households	Percentage of households that received social support / assistance from:										Percentage of households that received social support / assistance in the form of:				Average number of times assistance received	Number of households that received social support / assistance		
			Ministry of Labor and Social Development			Private businesses			Religious organizations		Private persons		Other		Percentage of households that received social support / assistance from government agencies ²				Percentage of households that received social support / assistance in the form of:	
			LSG	Private businesses	Religious organizations	Private persons	Other	Financial support	Food kits	Hygiene and / or protection products	Don't know	Financial support	Food kits	Hygiene and / or protection products	Don't know					
Total	28,1	3869	11,9	72,1	9,5	5,8	18,5	3,7	79,1	2,4	98,1	4,4	0,0	1,4	1089					
Area																				
Urban	33,0	1629	14,7	79,8	6,3	2,8	16,2	1,4	84,5	2,7	98,8	2,7	0,0	1,5	538					
Rural	24,6	2240	9,1	64,7	12,5	8,7	20,8	6,1	73,7	2,2	97,4	6,0	0,0	1,4	551					
Region																				
Batken	23,3	252	24,4	64,9	4,9	0,0	8,3	5,0	89,3	1,0	99,0	2,0	0,0	1,3	59					
Jalal-Abad	30,8	577	16,7	64,8	16,8	17,8	7,2	0,0	81,5	1,7	98,3	0,8	0,0	1,3	178					
Issyk-Kul	21,9	335	10,7	72,1	10,2	0,0	22,8	0,0	79,5	3,6	95,0	1,4	0,0	1,2	73					
Naryn	33,0	185	16,5	55,8	16,8	6,1	22,4	6,8	71,9	1,0	94,4	12,6	0,0	1,4	61					
Osh	18,0	685	3,2	74,6	10,0	7,0	27,5	5,7	77,8	5,1	95,9	5,7	0,0	1,5	124					
Talas	25,8	147	4,5	77,3	0,8	6,7	28,4	7,6	81,2	7,9	92,2	6,0	0,0	1,5	38					
Chui	23,6	625	2,4	42,6	10,7	3,2	36,8	16,2	45,0	0,6	99,4	10,6	0,0	1,3	147					
Bishkek	36,5	922	15,7	89,6	6,0	2,9	10,3	0,0	91,1	2,4	99,8	0,0	0,0	1,6	336					
Osh c	51,8	141	7,2	82,0	5,6	2,8	27,5	0,0	84,9	1,8	99,5	15,5	0,0	1,8	73					
Household																				
Households with children	29,3	2880	13,0	71,4	10,0	6,4	19,5	3,4	79,3	2,2	97,8	4,1	0,0	1,4	845					
Households from 0 to 5 years old	29,9	1619	12,5	71,0	11,4	6,0	19,0	3,1	79,6	2,0	97,7	4,5	0,0	1,4	484					
Households from 5 to 18 years old	30,4	2413	13,4	72,3	8,5	6,0	20,0	3,5	80,3	2,3	97,7	4,3	0,0	1,4	733					
Affected by Covid-19																				
No	24,4	944	11,6	68,7	10,0	3,1	15,9	3,9	76,5	1,4	97,5	2,7	0,0	1,4	231					
Yes	29,3	2925	11,9	73,1	9,3	6,5	19,2	3,7	79,7	2,7	98,3	4,8	0,0	1,5	858					
Wealth index quintile																				
Poorest	27,7	696	10,3	70,0	7,1	11,5	21,6	4,2	79,8	2,5	98,2	5,2	0,0	1,5	193					
Second	25,9	683	9,9	63,2	16,3	5,4	20,9	8,4	72,6	2,3	98,2	6,6	0,0	1,4	177					
Third	26,0	713	15,2	72,5	9,4	6,1	18,4	3,5	80,9	1,7	98,6	5,3	0,0	1,5	185					
Fourth	31,4	738	17,5	69,2	8,8	4,6	17,5	4,3	75,3	3,2	96,1	3,3	0,0	1,5	232					
Richest	29,0	941	6,4	79,5	8,2	3,2	17,3	0,5	82,9	0,8	99,1	2,8	0,0	1,4	273					

¹ Indicator DSP.1 : Coverage by social assistance during the COVID-19 outbreak

² Indicator DSP.2: Coverage by social assistance during the COVID-19 outbreak

Table DSP-3. Quality of support / assistance provided during the coronavirus outbreak

Percentage of households receiving social support/ assistance during the coronavirus outbreak, by type of assistance provided, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Percentage of households that rated financial assistance as:				Percentage of households that rated the size of the food kits as:				Percentage of households that rated food quality as:				The number of households that received a food package	Any help appreciated as sufficient and of good / fair quality ¹	Number of households that received social support / assistance	
	Sufficient	Small	Total		Sufficient	Small	Very small	Don't know	Total	Good	Fair	Bad				Total
	82,1	17,9	100,0	27	70,3	27,9	1,6	0,2	100,0	78,2	20,0	1,8				100,0
Area																
Urban	(*)	(*)	100,0	14	65,3	32,6	2,1	0,0	100,0	76,0	21,6	2,4	100,0	531	66,3	538
Rural	(*)	(*)	100,0	12	75,2	23,3	1,1	0,4	100,0	80,3	18,4	1,3	100,0	537	73,7	551
Region																
Batken	(*)	(*)	100,0	1	78,5	21,5	0,0	0,0	100,0	72,4	26,4	1,1	100,0	58	78,7	59
Jalal-Abad	(*)	(*)	100,0	3	90,3	9,7	0,0	0,0	100,0	80,5	17,8	1,7	100,0	175	90,5	178
Issyk-Kul	(*)	(*)	100,0	3	80,0	18,6	0,6	0,7	100,0	74,8	22,4	2,8	100,0	70	77,7	73
Naryn	(*)	(*)	100,0	1	68,8	28,0	2,5	0,8	100,0	91,5	8,5	0,0	100,0	58	65,0	61
Osh	(*)	(*)	100,0	6	63,0	36,6	0,4	0,0	100,0	77,4	22,2	0,4	100,0	119	60,4	124
Talas	(*)	(*)	100,0	3	60,1	35,2	4,7	0,0	100,0	58,5	37,3	4,2	100,0	35	56,7	38
Chui	(*)	(*)	100,0	1	77,8	19,1	2,1	1,0	100,0	81,4	17,0	1,6	100,0	146	78,0	147
Bishkek	(*)	(*)	100,0	8	54,4	44,0	1,6	0,0	100,0	78,9	19,0	2,2	100,0	336	56,0	336
Osh c	(*)	(*)	100,0	1	82,1	11,9	6,0	0,0	100,0	70,6	25,7	3,7	100,0	73	81,6	73
Household																
Households with children	(*)	(*)	100,0	18	68,5	29,8	1,4	0,3	100,0	78,1	20,3	1,7	100,0	826	67,7	845
from 0 to 5 years old	(*)	(*)	100,0	10	70,0	28,3	1,2	0,5	100,0	76,0	22,4	1,5	100,0	473	69,1	484
from 5 to 18 years old	(*)	(*)	100,0	17	67,9	30,5	1,2	0,3	100,0	78,7	19,6	1,6	100,0	716	66,8	733
Affected by Covid-19																
No	(*)	(*)	100,0	3	86,2	11,4	0,4	0,0	100,0	88,9	11,1	0,0	100,0	225	86,9	231
Yes	(*)	(*)	100,0	23	65,5	32,3	1,9	0,3	100,0	75,3	22,3	2,3	100,0	843	65,5	858
Wealth index quintile																
Poorest	(*)	(*)	100,0	5	75,8	23,2	0,9	0,0	100,0	78,3	20,1	1,6	100,0	189	74,8	193
Second	(*)	(*)	100,0	4	73,5	24,9	1,6	0,0	100,0	77,3	20,2	2,5	100,0	174	72,2	177
Third	(*)	(*)	100,0	3	77,9	20,9	0,7	0,5	100,0	83,4	16,1	0,5	100,0	183	77,3	185
Fourth	(*)	(*)	100,0	7	65,6	32,7	1,1	0,6	100,0	78,6	19,5	1,9	100,0	223	64,9	232
Richest	(*)	(*)	100,0	2	65,8	31,0	3,2	0,0	100,0	76,1	21,2	2,7	100,0	270	65,6	273

(*) – based on less than 25 unweighted cases

() – based on 25-49 unweighted cases

¹ Indicator DSP.3: Quality of assistance provided during the COVID-19 outbreak

Kyrgyzstan

2020

ANNEX: Tables (section PW)

MICS Follow-up Survey on
Covid-19 impact on children
and women in Kyrgyzstan

Emotional state during the COVID-19 outbreak

Table PW1. Deterioration of emotional state (mood) during the outbreak of COVID-19

Percentage of households experiencing a deterioration in emotional state (mood) during the COVID-19 outbreak. Kyrgyzstan 2020

	Percentage of households with deterioration in emotional state ¹	Percentage of households in which an adult household member felt depressed, discouraged, or hopeless about the news, threats, and restrictions associated with the coronavirus	Percentage of households in which any adult household member has difficulty sleeping	Percentage of households in which there are more than usual disputes or disagreements with other family members	Number of households
Total	20,4	17,1	4,4	5,5	3869
Area					
Urban	24,7	21,4	5,7	6,6	1629
Rural	17,2	13,9	3,5	4,6	2240
Region					
Batken	5,9	4,5	4,5	,3	252
Jalal-Abad	18,7	13,4	1,1	8,0	577
Issyk-Kul	4,4	3,2	1,7	,9	335
Naryn	1,9	1,5	,6	,2	185
Osh	23,5	20,0	5,3	4,5	685
Talas	29,4	22,0	4,6	13,3	147
Chui	22,4	20,4	5,6	2,2	625
Bishkek c	26,9	23,4	5,3	8,4	922
Osh c	38,0	32,2	13,1	13,3	141
Household					
Households with children	21,0	17,3	4,7	6,7	2880
from 0 to 5 years old	21,3	17,0	5,0	6,9	1619
from 5 to 18 years old	21,9	18,0	4,8	7,4	2413
Affected by Covid-19					
No	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	944
Yes	26,9	22,6	5,8	7,2	2925
Wealth index quintile					
Poorest	16,8	14,4	3,3	3,3	696
Second	17,7	13,1	4,4	6,0	683
Third	20,0	16,5	5,1	5,3	713
Fourth	20,0	17,0	3,7	6,1	738
Richest	23,6	21,2	5,2	5,7	941

¹ Indicator PW.1 : Deterioration of emotional state (mood) during the outbreak of COVID-19

Table PW2. Psychological condition in connection with COVID-19

The percentage of households in which an adult household member felt depressed, discouraged, or hopeless due to news, threats, and restrictions related to COVID-19. Kyrgyzstan 2020

	Percentage of households in which any adult household member felt depressed, discouraged, or hopeless about news, threats, and restrictions related to the COVID-19 outbreak ¹	Percentage of households that responded:				Total	Number of households
		No such feelings	Slightly/rarely depressed	Depressed / discouraged	Very depressed		
Total	17,1	19,5	63,4	15,8	1,3	100,0	3869
Area							
Urban	21,4	16,3	62,3	19,2	2,2	100,0	1629
Rural	13,9	21,9	64,2	13,2	0,7	100,0	2240
Region							
Batken	4,5	13,1	82,4	4,0	0,5	100,0	252
Jalal-Abad	13,4	32,2	54,4	13,4	0,0	100,0	577
Issyk-Kul	3,2	18,5	78,3	3,2	0,0	100,0	335
Naryn	1,5	41,8	56,7	1,5	0,0	100,0	185
Osh	20,0	11,8	68,2	19,0	1,0	100,0	685
Talas	22,0	28,5	49,5	18,3	3,7	100,0	147
Chui	20,4	21,3	58,3	19,9	0,5	100,0	625
Bishkek city	23,4	13,9	62,7	20,9	2,5	100,0	922
Osh city	32,2	10,1	57,7	24,3	8,0	100,0	141
Household							
Households with children	17,3	19,5	63,2	16,0	1,3	100,0	2880
from 0 to 5 years old	17,0	19,4	63,6	15,3	1,6	100,0	1619
from 5 to 18 years old	18,0	19,0	63,0	16,7	1,3	100,0	2413
Affected by Covid-19							
No	0,0	32,3	67,7	0,0	0,0	100,0	944
Yes	22,6	15,4	62,0	20,8	1,7	100,0	2925
Wealth index quintile							
Poorest	14,4	16,5	69,1	13,3	1,1	100,0	696
Second	13,1	22,6	64,3	12,1	1,0	100,0	683
Third	16,5	24,7	58,8	16,1	0,3	100,0	713
Fourth	17,0	18,4	64,6	15,5	1,5	100,0	738
Richest	21,2	17,6	61,2	19,0	2,2	100,0	941

¹ Indicator PW.2 : Psychological condition in connection with COVID-19

Table PW3. Difficulty sleeping during the COVID-19 outbreak

Percentage of households in which any adult household member experienced difficulty sleeping during the COVID-19 outbreak. Kyrgyzstan 2020

	Percentage of households with difficulty sleeping due to the COVID-19 outbreak ¹	Percentage of households that responded:			Total	Number of households
		No changes	Some difficulty	Significant difficulty		
Total	4,4	50,0	45,6	4,4	100,0	3869
Area						
Urban	5,7	51,3	43,0	5,7	100,0	1629
Rural	3,5	49,0	47,5	3,5	100,0	2240
Region						
Batken	4,5	68,0	27,5	4,5	100,0	252
Jalal-Abad	1,1	41,8	57,2	1,1	100,0	577
Issyk-Kul	1,7	52,8	45,5	1,7	100,0	335
Naryn	0,6	71,0	28,4	0,6	100,0	185
Osh	5,3	35,8	58,9	5,3	100,0	685
Talas	4,6	57,7	37,7	4,6	100,0	147
Chui	5,6	51,8	42,5	5,6	100,0	625
Bishkek c	5,3	57,7	36,9	5,3	100,0	922
Osh c	13,1	19,1	67,8	13,1	100,0	141
Household						
Households with children	4,7	48,4	47,0	4,7	100,0	2880
from 0 to 5 years old	5,0	48,6	46,4	5,0	100,0	1619
from 5 to 18 years old	4,8	48,1	47,1	4,8	100,0	2413
Affected by Covid-19						
No	0,0	67,5	32,5	0,0	100,0	944
Yes	5,8	44,3	49,9	5,8	100,0	2925
Wealth index quintile						
Poorest	3,3	47,1	49,6	3,3	100,0	696
Second	4,4	49,2	46,4	4,4	100,0	683
Third	5,1	49,6	45,4	5,1	100,0	713
Fourth	3,7	49,0	47,2	3,7	100,0	738
Richest	5,2	53,0	41,8	5,2	100,0	941
¹ Indicator PW.3 : Difficulty sleeping due to the COVID-19 outbreak						

Table PW4. Family relationships during the COVID-19 outbreak

Percentage of households with more than normal disputes or disagreements with other family members during the COVID-19 outbreak. Kyrgyzstan 2020

	Percentage of households with more than usual disputes and disagreements during the coronavirus outbreak ¹	Процентная доля домохозяйств, которые ответили:				Total	Number of households
		Even less	Same	Somewhat more often	Much more often		
Total	5,5	10,4	84,2	5,2	0,3	100,0	3869
Area							
Urban	6,6	11,5	81,9	6,2	0,4	100,0	1629
Rural	4,6	9,5	85,8	4,5	0,2	100,0	2240
Region							
Batken	0,3	11,1	88,6	0,3	0,0	100,0	252
Jalal-Abad	8,0	4,3	87,7	8,0	0,0	100,0	577
Issyk-Kul	0,9	3,4	95,7	0,8	0,1	100,0	335
Naryn	0,2	0,4	99,4	0,2	0,0	100,0	185
Osh	4,5	14,1	81,4	4,5	0,0	100,0	685
Talas	13,3	0,6	86,1	11,8	1,5	100,0	147
Chui	2,2	15,0	82,8	2,1	0,2	100,0	625
Bishkek c	8,4	14,3	77,3	8,0	0,4	100,0	922
Osh c	13,3	9,0	77,7	11,3	2,0	100,0	141
Household							
Households with children	6,7	11,1	82,2	6,4	0,3	100,0	2880
from 0 to 5 years old	6,9	11,5	81,6	6,7	0,2	100,0	1619
from 5 to 18 years old	7,4	10,4	82,2	7,0	0,4	100,0	2413
Affected by Covid-19							
No	0,0	7,5	92,5	0,0	0,0	100,0	944
Yes	7,2	11,3	81,5	6,9	0,3	100,0	2925
Wealth index quintile							
Poorest	3,3	13,0	83,8	3,2	0,1	100,0	696
Second	6,0	9,7	84,2	5,6	0,4	100,0	683
Third	5,3	8,1	86,6	5,1	0,2	100,0	713
Fourth	6,1	8,8	85,1	5,8	0,3	100,0	738
Richest	5,7	11,8	82,5	5,4	0,3	100,0	941

¹ Indicator PW.4 : Deteriorating family relationships during the COVID-19 outbreak

Kyrgyzstan

2020

ANNEX: Tables (section MN)

MICS Follow-up Survey on
Covid-19 impact on children
and women in Kyrgyzstan

Maternal & Newborn Health

Table MN.1: Antenatal care coverage

Percent distribution of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years by antenatal care provider during the pregnancy of the most recent live birth, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Provider of antenatal care ^A				Percentage of women who were attended at least once by skilled health personnel ^{1,B}	Number of women with a live birth in the last 2 years
	Medical doctor	Nurse/Midwife	Feldsher	Total		
Total	83,7	13,8	2,5	100,0	100,0	403
Area						
Urban	93,4	6,6	0,0	100,0	100,0	131
Rural	79,0	17,2	3,7	100,0	100,0	273
Region						
Batken	(94,8)	(5,2)	(0,0)	100,0	(100,0)	46
Jalal-Abad	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	46
Issyk-Kul	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	17
Naryn	(91,3)	(8,7)	(0,0)	100,0	(100,0)	16
Osh	(78,2)	(21,8)	(0,0)	100,0	(100,0)	117
Talas	(36,1)	(49,8)	(14,1)	100,0	(100,0)	28
Chui	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	56
Bishkek c	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	65
Osh c	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	12
Household						
Households with children	83,7	13,8	2,5	100,0	100,0	403
from 0 to 5 years old	83,7	13,8	2,5	100,0	100,0	403
from 5 to 18 years old	81,3	15,5	3,1	100,0	100,0	272
Affected by Covid-19						
No	80,1	14,7	5,2	100,0	100,0	84
Yes	84,6	13,6	1,8	100,0	100,0	320
Wealth index quintile						
Top 40%	78,7	19,4	2,0	100,0	100,0	200
Middle	(91,1)	(8,9)	(0,0)	100,0	(100,0)	67
Bottom 40%	85,9	9,0	5,1	100,0	100,0	121

¹ Indicator MN.1a - Antenatal care coverage (at least once by skilled health personnel)

^A Only the most qualified provider is considered in cases where more than one provider was reported.

^B Skilled providers include Medical doctor, Nurse/Midwife and Feldsher.

(*) – Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

() – Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table MN.2: Number of antenatal care visits and timing of first visit

Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last year by number of antenatal care visits by any provider and percent distribution of timing of first antenatal care visit during the pregnancy of the most recent live birth, and median months pregnant at first ANC visit among women with at least one ANC visit, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Percentage of women by number of antenatal care visits:		Percent distribution of women by number of months pregnant at the time of first antenatal care visit							Total	Number of women with a live birth in the last year	Median months pregnant at first ANC visit	Number of women with a live birth in the last year who had at least one ANC visit
	visits:		months										
	1-3 visits to any provider ¹	4 or more visits to any provider ²	DK/Missing	Less than 4 months	4-5 months	6-7 months	DK/Missing	8 or more visits to any provider ²					
Total	8,9	89,0	12,4	2,1	92,5	6,6	0,4	0,5	100,0	403	2,0	401	
Area													
Urban	6,5	91,5	22,6	2,0	83,6	13,7	1,3	1,4	100,0	131	2,0	129	
Rural	10,1	87,8	7,5	2,2	96,8	3,2	0,0	0,0	100,0	273	2,0	273	
Region													
Batken	(0,0)	(100,0)	(15,2)	(0,0)	(100,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	100,0	46	(2,0)	46	
Jalal-Abad	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	46	(*)	44	
Issyk-Kul	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	17	(*)	17	
Naryn	(12,5)	(83,3)	(17,0)	(4,2)	(100,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	100,0	16	(2,0)	16	
Osh	(15,5)	(84,5)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(95,1)	(4,9)	(0,0)	(0,0)	100,0	117	(1,8)	117	
Talas	(19,1)	(79,1)	(4,4)	(1,7)	(91,3)	(8,7)	(0,0)	(0,0)	100,0	28	(2,0)	28	
Chui	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	56	(*)	56	
Bishkek c	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	65	(*)	65	
Osh c	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	12	(*)	12	
Household													
Households with children	8,9	89,0	12,4	2,1	92,5	6,6	0,4	0,5	100,0	403	2,0	401	
from 0 to 5 years old	8,9	89,0	12,4	2,1	92,5	6,6	0,4	0,5	100,0	403	2,0	401	
from 5 to 18 years old	9,0	89,6	7,8	1,4	93,6	5,5	0,6	0,3	100,0	272	2,0	271	
Affected by Covid-19													
No	5,2	91,1	8,9	3,7	98,9	0,0	0,0	1,1	100,0	84	2,0	83	
Yes	9,9	88,4	13,3	1,7	90,8	8,3	0,5	0,3	100,0	320	2,0	319	
Wealth index quintile													
Top 40%	10,2	89,3	4,1	0,5	96,4	3,1	0,0	0,5	100,0	200	2,0	199	
Middle	(5,2)	(87,8)	(12,7)	(7,0)	(95,4)	(4,6)	(0,0)	(0,0)	100,0	67	(1,8)	67	
Bottom 40%	9,9	87,8	22,1	2,3	87,7	10,1	1,4	0,8	100,0	121	2,0	120	

¹ Indicator MN.1b - Antenatal care coverage (at least four times by any provider)

² Indicator MN.1c - Antenatal care coverage (at least eight times by any provider)

(*) – Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

() – Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table MN.3: Content of antenatal care

Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last year who, at least once, had their blood pressure measured, urine sample taken, and blood sample taken as part of antenatal care, during the pregnancy of the most recent live birth, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Percentage of women who, during the pregnancy of the most recent live birth, had:				Number of women with a live birth in the last year
	Blood pressure measured	Urine sample taken	Blood sample taken	Blood pressure measured, urine and blood sample taken ¹	
Total	99,7	100,0	100,0	99,7	403
Area					
Urban	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	131
Rural	99,6	100,0	100,0	99,6	273
Region					
Batken	(100,0)	(100,0)	(100,0)	(100,0)	46
Jalal-Abad	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	46
Issyk-Kul	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	17
Naryn	(100,0)	(100,0)	(100,0)	(100,0)	16
Osh	(100,0)	(100,0)	(100,0)	(100,0)	117
Talas	(100,0)	(100,0)	(100,0)	(100,0)	28
Chui	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	56
Bishkek c	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	65
Osh c	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	12
Household					
Households with children	99,7	100,0	100,0	99,7	403
from 0 to 5 years old	99,7	100,0	100,0	99,7	403
from 5 to 18 years old	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	272
Affected by Covid-19					
No	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	84
Yes	99,6	100,0	100,0	99,6	320
Wealth index quintile					
Top 40%	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	200
Middle	(100,0)	(100,0)	(100,0)	(100,0)	67
Bottom 40%	99,0	100,0	100,0	99,0	121

¹ Indicator MN.2 - Content of antenatal care^A

(*) – Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

() – Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table MN.4: Place of delivery

Percent distribution of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last year by place of delivery of their last birth, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	<u>Place of delivery</u>			Delivered in health facility ¹	Number of women with a live birth in the last year
	<u>Health facility</u>		Total		
	Public sector	Private sector			
Total	97,9	2,1	100,0	100,0	403
Area					
Urban	97,1	2,9	100,0	100,0	131
Rural	98,4	1,6	100,0	100,0	273
Region					
Batken	(100,0)	(0,0)	100,0	(100,0)	46
Jalal-Abad	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	46
Issyk-Kul	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	17
Naryn	(100,0)	(0,0)	100,0	(100,0)	16
Osh	(96,2)	(3,8)	100,0	(100,0)	117
Talas	(100,0)	(0,0)	100,0	(100,0)	28
Chui	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	56
Bishkek c	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	65
Osh c	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	12
Number of antenatal care visits					
1-3 visits	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	36
4+ visits	98,0	2,0	100,0	100,0	359
8+ visits	(94,9)	(5,1)	100,0	(100,0)	50
Other/DK/Missing	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	9
Household					
Households with children	97,9	2,1	100,0	100,0	403
from 0 to 5 years old	97,9	2,1	100,0	100,0	403
from 5 to 18 years old	97,4	2,6	100,0	100,0	272
Affected by Covid-19					
No	99,6	0,4	100,0	100,0	84
Yes	97,5	2,5	100,0	100,0	320
Wealth index quintile					
Top 40%	98,5	1,5	100,0	100,0	200
Middle	(100,0)	(0,0)	100,0	(100,0)	67
Bottom 40%	95,7	4,3	100,0	100,0	121

¹Indicator MN.3 - Institutional deliveries

(*) – Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

() – Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table MN.5: Assistance during delivery and caesarean section

Percent distribution of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last year by person providing assistance at delivery of the most recent live birth, and percentage of most recent live births delivered by C-section, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Person assisting at delivery				Total	Delivery assisted by any skilled attendant ¹	Number of women with a live birth in the last year
	Skilled attendant			No attendant			
	Medical doctor	Nurse/Midwife	Feldsher				
Total	80,8	18,7	0,5	0,0	100,0	100,0	403
Area							
Urban	87,6	12,4	0,0	0,0	100,0	100,0	131
Rural	77,6	21,8	0,7	0,0	100,0	100,0	273
Region							
Batken	(100,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	100,0	(100,0)	46
Jalal-Abad	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	46
Issyk-Kul	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	17
Naryn	(100,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	100,0	(100,0)	16
Osh	(73,8)	(26,2)	(0,0)	(0,0)	100,0	(100,0)	117
Talas	(89,5)	(10,5)	(0,0)	(0,0)	100,0	(100,0)	28
Chui	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	56
Bishkek c	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	65
Osh c	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	12
Number of antenatal care visits							
1-3 visits	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	36
4+ visits	80,0	19,5	0,5	0,0	100,0	100,0	359
8+ visits	(94,8)	(5,2)	(0,0)	(0,0)	100,0	(100,0)	50
Other/DK/Missing	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	9
Place of delivery							
Health facility	80,8	18,7	0,5	0,0	100,0	100,0	403
Public	81,5	18,0	0,5	0,0	100,0	100,0	395
Private	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	8
Household							
Households with children	80,8	18,7	0,5	0,0	100,0	100,0	403
from 0 to 5 years old	80,8	18,7	0,5	0,0	100,0	100,0	403
from 5 to 18 years old	81,0	18,4	0,7	0,0	100,0	100,0	272
Affected by Covid-19							
No	80,4	19,6	0,0	0,0	100,0	100,0	84
Yes	80,9	18,5	0,6	0,0	100,0	100,0	320
Wealth index quintile							
Top 40%	78,3	21,7	0,0	0,0	100,0	100,0	200
Middle	(74,9)	(25,1)	(0,0)	(0,0)	100,0	(100,0)	67
Bottom 40%	86,0	12,5	1,5	0,0	100,0	100,0	121

¹ Indicator MN.4 - Skilled attendant at delivery

(*) – Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

() – Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table MN.6: Initial breastfeeding

Percentage of most recent live-born children to women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last year who were ever breastfed, breastfed within one hour of birth and within one day of birth, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Percentage who were ever breastfed ¹	Percentage of children who were first breastfed:		Number of most recent live-born children to women with a live birth in the last year
		Within one hour of birth ²	Within one day of birth	
Total	99,6	79,3	97,8	403
Area				
Urban	98,8	84,9	97,0	131
Rural	100,0	76,6	98,1	273
Region				
Batken	(100,0)	(96,0)	(100,0)	46
Jalal-Abad	(*)	(*)	(*)	46
Issyk-Kul	(*)	(*)	(*)	17
Naryn	(100,0)	(75,0)	(96,9)	16
Osh	(100,0)	(82,4)	(100,0)	117
Talas	(100,0)	(86,8)	(100,0)	28
Chui	(*)	(*)	(*)	56
Bishkek c	(*)	(*)	(*)	65
Osh c	(*)	(*)	(*)	12
Place of delivery				
Health facility	99,6	79,3	97,8	403
Public	99,6	78,9	97,7	395
Private	(*)	(*)	(*)	8
Household				
Households with children from 0 to 5 years old	99,6	79,3	97,8	403
from 5 to 18 years old	100,0	82,6	99,5	272
Affected by Covid-19				
No	98,2	89,2	98,2	84
Yes	100,0	76,7	97,7	320
Wealth index quintile				
Top 40%	100,0	85,2	100,0	200
Middle	(100,0)	(58,0)	(94,6)	67
Bottom 40%	98,7	83,9	95,6	121

¹ Indicator MN.5 - Children ever breastfed

² Indicator MN.6 - Early initiation of breastfeeding

(*) – Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

() – Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table PN.2: Post-natal health checks for newborns

		PNC visit for newborns ^a										PNC visit for newborns by time following discharge from health facility ^b									
		Health check following birth while in facility or at home ^a					No post-natal care visit following discharge					Post-natal health check for the newborn ^c					Number of women with a live birth in the last year				
		2 days following birth	3-6 days following birth	After the first week following birth	57,1	11,6	7,0	100,0	99,8	403	3,0	0,9	7,1	36,0	34,4	11,6	7,0	100,0	403		
		DK/Missing	DK/Missing	DK/Missing	DK/Missing	DK/Missing	DK/Missing	DK/Missing	DK/Missing	DK/Missing	DK/Missing	DK/Missing	DK/Missing	DK/Missing	DK/Missing	DK/Missing	DK/Missing	DK/Missing	DK/Missing		
Total		99,8	0,2	24,2	57,1	11,6	7,0	100,0	99,8	403	3,0	0,9	7,1	36,0	34,4	11,6	7,0	100,0	403		
Area																					
Urban		99,3	0,0	20,1	57,0	20,9	1,9	100,0	99,3	131	2,1	0,6	11,9	36,3	26,3	20,9	1,9	100,0	131		
Rural		100,0	0,2	26,1	57,1	7,1	9,4	100,0	100,0	273	3,4	1,1	4,8	35,9	38,2	7,1	9,4	100,0	273		
Region																					
Balken		(100,0)	(0,0)	(47,1)	(47,2)	(5,7)	(0,0)	100,0	(100,0)	46	(1,4)	(0,0)	(11,7)	(60,8)	(20,4)	(5,7)	(0,0)	100,0	46		
Jalal-Abad		(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	46	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	46		
Issyk-Kul		(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	17	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	17		
Naryn		(100,0)	(0,0)	(25,8)	(51,6)	(13,5)	(9,1)	100,0	(100,0)	16	(0,0)	(3,6)	(5,8)	(45,8)	(22,2)	(13,5)	(9,1)	100,0	16		
Osh		(100,0)	(0,0)	(20,9)	(69,9)	(4,9)	(4,2)	100,0	(100,0)	117	(5,8)	(0,0)	(1,9)	(31,4)	(51,8)	(4,9)	(4,2)	100,0	117		
Talcs		(100,0)	(0,0)	(72,3)	(18,9)	(8,8)	(0,0)	100,0	(100,0)	28	(1,3)	(8,4)	(22,8)	(54,4)	(4,4)	(8,8)	(0,0)	100,0	28		
Chui		(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	56	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	56		
Bishkek c		(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	65	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	65		
Osh c		(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	12	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	12		
Place of delivery																					
Health facility		99,8	0,2	24,2	57,1	11,6	7,0	100,0	99,8	403	3,0	0,9	7,1	36,0	34,4	11,6	7,0	100,0	403		
Public		99,8	0,2	24,6	56,3	11,8	7,1	100,0	99,8	395	3,1	0,9	7,3	36,5	33,3	11,8	7,1	100,0	395		
Private		(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	8	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	8		
Household																					
Households with children from 0 to 5 years old		99,8	0,2	24,2	57,1	11,6	7,0	100,0	99,8	403	3,0	0,9	7,1	36,0	34,4	11,6	7,0	100,0	403		
Households with children from 5 to 18 years old		99,7	0,2	27,7	59,1	8,6	4,4	100,0	99,7	272	4,0	1,1	7,3	37,3	37,4	8,6	4,4	100,0	272		
Affected by Covid-19																					
No		100,0	0,0	19,3	54,7	8,0	18,0	100,0	100,0	84	2,4	1,1	4,9	39,6	26,0	8,0	18,0	100,0	84		
Yes		99,7	0,2	25,4	57,7	12,5	4,1	100,0	99,7	320	3,1	0,9	7,7	35,1	36,6	12,5	4,1	100,0	320		
Wealth index quintile																					
Top 40%		100,0	0,0	28,1	55,4	11,6	5,0	100,0	100,0	200	3,7	0,9	5,8	39,5	33,6	11,6	5,0	200,2	107		
Middle		(100,0)	(0,0)	(14,3)	(51,5)	(13,6)	(20,7)	100,0	(100,0)	67	(0,0)	(0,0)	(6,1)	(18,2)	(41,4)	(13,6)	(20,7)	67,3	93		
Bottom 40%		99,2	0,5	26,1	59,0	10,9	3,5	100,0	99,2	121	3,9	1,6	10,7	38,6	30,8	10,9	3,5	121,3	67		
^d Indicator PN2 - Post-natal health check for the newborn																					
^a Health checks by any health provider (following facility births (before discharge from facility) or following home births (before departure of provider from home)). ^b Post-natal care visits (PNC) refer to a separate visit by any health provider to check on the health of the newborn and provide preventive care services. PNC visits do not include health checks following birth while in facility or at home (see note ^a above). ^c Post-natal health checks include any health check performed while in the health facility or at home following birth (see note ^a above), as well as PNC visits (see note ^b above) within two days of delivery. ^d The same length of stay in the health facility is used for both the mother and the newborn child (since only information on the duration of stay of the mother is collected). ^e Including women that report time of the first PNC check in weeks. (*) – Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases. () – Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases.																					

Kyrgyzstan

2020

ANNEX: Tables (section PN)

MICS Follow-up Survey on
Covid-19 impact on children
and women in Kyrgyzstan

Post-natal health checks

Table PN.1: Post-partum stay in health facility												
Percent distribution of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last year and delivered the most recent live birth in a health facility by duration of stay in health facility, Kyrgyzstan, 2020												
	Duration of stay in health facility									Total	12 hours or more ¹	Number of women with a live birth in the last year who delivered the most recent live birth in a health facility
	12 hours or more, but less than 2 days	2 days	3 days	4 days	5 days	6 days	7 days or more	DK/Missing				
Total	1,4	18,8	44,4	16,9	7,1	2,6	8,5	0,2	100,0	99,8	403	
Area												
Urban	3,2	24,7	38,5	14,4	5,9	1,5	11,0	0,7	100,0	99,3	131	
Rural	0,6	15,9	47,3	18,1	7,7	3,1	7,3	0,0	100,0	100,0	273	
Region												
Batken	(3,4)	(13,9)	(61,0)	(11,0)	(3,8)	(2,8)	(4,0)	(0,0)	100,0	(100,0)	46	
Jalal-Abad	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	46	
Issyk-Kul	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	17	
Naryn	(0,0)	(18,0)	(33,2)	(13,2)	(0,0)	(7,3)	(28,3)	(0,0)	100,0	(100,0)	16	
Osh	(1,1)	(2,9)	(57,5)	(17,9)	(13,0)	(0,0)	(7,5)	(0,0)	100,0	(100,0)	117	
Talas	(0,0)	(35,4)	(34,9)	(13,7)	(8,5)	(7,4)	(0,0)	(0,0)	100,0	(100,0)	28	
Chui	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	56	
Bishkek c	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	65	
Osh c	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	12	
Type of health facility												
Public	1,5	19,2	45,0	17,3	6,7	2,5	7,6	0,2	100,0	99,8	395	
Private	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	8	
Household												
Households with children from 0 to 5 years old	1,4	18,8	44,4	16,9	7,1	2,6	8,5	0,2	100,0	99,8	403	
from 5 to 18 years old	1,4	18,8	44,4	16,9	7,1	2,6	8,5	0,2	100,0	99,8	403	
	1,6	16,1	50,6	15,0	7,7	3,2	5,5	0,3	100,0	99,7	272	
Affected by Covid-19												
No	0,0	19,5	38,1	22,4	4,9	2,5	12,6	0,0	100,0	100,0	84	
Yes	1,8	18,6	46,1	15,5	7,7	2,6	7,4	0,3	100,0	99,7	320	
Wealth index quintile												
Top 40%	2,7	13,7	51,3	19,2	4,0	2,8	6,3	0,0	100,0	100,0	200	
Middle	(0,0)	(22,4)	(43,2)	(10,4)	(12,0)	(3,1)	(8,9)	(0,0)	100,0	(100,0)	67	
Bottom 40%	0,3	27,3	36,5	17,0	6,3	2,3	9,6	0,8	100,0	99,2	121	
¹ Indicator PN.1 - Post-partum stay in health facility												
(*) – Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases												
() – Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases												

Table PN.2: Post-natal health checks for newborns

Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last year whose most recent live-born child received health checks while in facility or at home following birth, percent distribution who received post-natal care (PNC) visits from any health provider after birth, and after discharge from the health facility, by timing of visit, and percentage who received post-natal health checks, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Health check following birth while in facility or at home ^a	PNC visit for new births ^b				Post-natal health check for the newborn ^c	Number of women with a live birth in the last year	PNC visit for new births by time following discharge from health facility ^d					DK/Missing	Total	Number of women with a live birth in the last year			
		2 days following birth	3-6 days following birth	After the first week following birth	No post-natal care visit			Same day discharge	1 day following discharge	2 days following discharge	3-6 days following discharge	After the first week following discharge				No post-natal care visit following discharge		
																	DK/Missing	Total
Total	99.8	0.2	24.2	57.1	11.6	7.0	100.0	99.8	403	3.0	0.9	7.1	36.0	34.4	11.6	7.0	100.0	403
Area																		
Urban	99.3	0.0	20.1	57.0	20.9	1.9	100.0	99.3	131	2.1	0.6	11.9	36.3	26.3	20.9	1.9	100.0	131
Rural	100.0	0.2	26.1	57.1	7.1	9.4	100.0	100.0	273	3.4	1.1	4.8	35.9	38.2	7.1	9.4	100.0	273
Region																		
Batken	(100.0)	(0.0)	(47.1)	(47.2)	(5.7)	(0.0)	100.0	(100.0)	46	(1.4)	(0.0)	(11.7)	(60.8)	(20.4)	(5.7)	(0.0)	100.0	46
Jalal-Abad	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	46	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	46
Issyk-Kul	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	17	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	17
Naryn	(100.0)	(0.0)	(25.8)	(51.6)	(13.5)	(9.1)	100.0	(100.0)	16	(0.0)	(3.6)	(5.8)	(45.8)	(22.2)	(13.5)	(8.1)	100.0	16
Osh	(100.0)	(0.0)	(20.9)	(89.9)	(4.9)	(4.2)	100.0	(100.0)	117	(5.8)	(0.0)	(1.9)	(31.4)	(51.8)	(4.9)	(4.2)	100.0	117
Talas	(100.0)	(0.0)	(72.3)	(18.9)	(8.8)	(0.0)	100.0	(100.0)	28	(1.3)	(8.4)	(22.8)	(54.4)	(4.4)	(8.8)	(0.0)	100.0	28
Chui	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	56	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	56
Bishkek	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	65	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	65
Osh c	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	12	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	12
Place of delivery																		
Health facility	99.8	0.2	24.2	57.1	11.6	7.0	100.0	99.8	403	3.0	0.9	7.1	36.0	34.4	11.6	7.0	100.0	403
Public	99.8	0.2	24.6	56.3	11.8	7.1	100.0	99.8	395	3.1	0.9	7.3	36.5	33.3	11.8	7.1	100.0	395
Private	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	8	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	8
Household																		
Households with children	99.8	0.2	24.2	57.1	11.6	7.0	100.0	99.8	403	3.0	0.9	7.1	36.0	34.4	11.6	7.0	100.0	403
from 0 to 5 years old	99.8	0.2	24.2	57.1	11.6	7.0	100.0	99.8	403	3.0	0.9	7.1	36.0	34.4	11.6	7.0	100.0	403
from 5 to 18 years old	99.7	0.2	27.7	59.1	8.6	4.4	100.0	99.7	272	4.0	1.1	7.3	37.3	37.4	8.6	4.4	100.0	272
Affected by Covid-19																		
No	100.0	0.0	19.3	54.7	8.0	18.0	100.0	100.0	84	2.4	1.1	4.9	39.6	26.0	8.0	18.0	100.0	84
Yes	99.7	0.2	25.4	57.7	12.5	4.1	100.0	99.7	320	3.1	0.9	7.7	35.1	36.6	12.5	4.1	100.0	320
Wealth index quintile																		
Top 40%	100.0	0.0	28.1	55.4	11.6	5.0	100.0	100.0	200	3.7	0.9	5.8	39.5	33.6	11.6	5.0	200.2	107
Middle	(100.0)	(0.0)	(14.3)	(51.5)	(13.6)	(20.7)	100.0	(100.0)	67	(0.0)	(0.0)	(6.1)	(18.2)	(41.4)	(13.6)	(20.7)	67.3	93
Bottom 40%	99.2	0.5	26.1	59.0	10.9	3.5	100.0	99.2	121	3.9	1.6	10.7	38.6	30.8	10.9	3.5	121.3	67

Indicator PN.2 - Post-natal health check for the newborn

^a Health checks by any health provider following facility births (before discharge from facility) or follow home births (before departure of provider from home).
^b Post-natal care visits (PNC) refer to a separate visit by any health provider to check on the health of the newborn and provide preventive care services. PNC visits do not include health checks following birth while in facility or at home (see note ^a above).
^c Post-natal health checks include any health check performed while in the health facility or at home following birth (see note ^a above), as well as PNC visits (see note ^b above) within two days of delivery.
^d The same length of stay in the health facility is used for both the mother and the newborn child (since only information on the duration of stay of the mother is collected).
^e Including women that report time of the first PNC check in weeks.
^f Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases
^g Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table PN.3: Post-natal care visits for newborns within the first week following discharge from health facility

Percent distribution of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last year whose most recent live-born child received a post-natal care (PNC) visit within the first week following discharge from the health facility^A, by location and provider of the first PNC visit, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Location of first PNC visit for newborns within the first week following discharge from the health facility				Provider of first PNC visit for newborns within the first week following discharge from the health facility			Number of women with a live birth in the last year whose most recent live-born child had a PNC visit within one week following discharge from the health facility
	Home	Public Sector	Private sector	Total	Doctor/ nurse/ midwife	Fejds her	Total	
	Total	74,1	23,2	2,6	100,0	98,5	1,5	
Area								
Urban	75,9	16,6	7,5	100,0	100,0	0,0	100,0	66
Rural	73,2	26,8	0,0	100,0	97,7	2,3	100,0	123
Region								
Batken	(100,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	100,0	(100,0)	(0,0)	100,0	34
Jalal-Abad	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	(*)	100,0	1
Issyk-Kul	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	(*)	100,0	16
Naryn	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	9
Osh	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	46
Talas	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	24
Chui	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	17
Bishkek c	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	36
Osh c	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	6
Place of delivery								
Health facility	74,1	23,2	2,6	100,0	98,5	1,5	100,0	190
Public	74,0	23,4	2,6	100,0	98,5	1,5	100,0	188
Private	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	1
Household								
Households with children	74,1	23,2	2,6	100,0	98,5	1,5	100,0	190
from 0 to 5 years old	74,1	23,2	2,6	100,0	98,5	1,5	100,0	190
from 5 to 18 years old	72,5	23,9	3,7	100,0	97,9	2,1	100,0	135
Affected by Covid-19								
No	(84,2)	(15,8)	(0,0)	100,0	(100,0)	(0,0)	100,0	40
Yes	71,5	25,2	3,3	100,0	98,1	1,9	100,0	150
Wealth index quintile								
Top 40%	71,0	29,0	0,0	100,0	100,0	0,0	100,0	100
Middle	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	16
Bottom 40%	88,6	4,0	7,5	100,0	97,2	2,8	100,0	66

^A The same length of stay in the health facility is used for both the mother and the newborn child (since only information on the duration of stay of the mother is collected).

(*) – Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

() – Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table PN.4: Content of postnatal care for newborns

Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last year for whom, within 2 days of the most recent live birth, the umbilical cord was examined, the temperature of the newborn was assessed, breastfeeding counseling was done or breastfeeding observed, the newborn was weighed and counseling on danger signs for newborns was done, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Percentage of newborns receiving post-natal signal care function of:					Receiving information on the symptoms requiring care-seeking	Percentage of newborns who received a least 2 of the preceding post-natal signal care functions within 2 days of birth ¹	Number of women with a live birth in the last year
	Cord examination	Temperature assessment	Breastfeeding		Counseling or observation			
			Counseling	Observation				
Total	99,8	99,3	95,2	80,6	99,3	80,3	99,8	403
Area								
Urban	99,3	97,9	92,8	73,4	97,9	77,0	99,3	131
Rural	100,0	100,0	96,4	84,1	100,0	81,8	100,0	273
Region								
Batken	(100,0)	(100,0)	(88,2)	(41,8)	(100,0)	(94,0)	(100,0)	46
Jalal-Abad	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	46
Issyk-Kul	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	17
Naryn	(100,0)	(100,0)	(100,0)	(93,6)	(100,0)	(55,3)	(100,0)	16
Osh	(100,0)	(100,0)	(100,0)	(100,0)	(100,0)	(98,1)	(100,0)	117
Talas	(100,0)	(100,0)	(88,9)	(76,5)	(100,0)	(92,5)	(100,0)	28
Chui	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	56
Bishkek c	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	65
Osh c	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	12
Place of delivery								
Health facility	99,8	99,3	95,2	80,6	99,3	80,3	99,8	403
Public	99,8	99,3	95,1	80,5	99,3	79,8	99,8	395
Private	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	8
Household								
Households with children	99,8	99,3	95,2	80,6	99,3	80,3	99,8	403
from 0 to 5 years old	99,8	99,3	95,2	80,6	99,3	80,3	99,8	403
from 5 to 18 years old	99,6	99,6	95,9	82,5	99,6	83,9	99,6	272
Affected by Covid-19								
No	100,0	100,0	93,5	75,4	100,0	86,8	100,0	84
Yes	99,7	99,2	95,6	82,0	99,2	78,6	99,7	320
Wealth index quintile								
Top 40%	100,0	100,0	92,5	77,5	100,0	88,1	100,0	200
Middle	(100,0)	(100,0)	(100,0)	(93,7)	(100,0)	(66,6)	(100,0)	67
Bottom 40%	99,2	97,8	96,4	78,0	97,8	78,4	99,2	121

¹ Indicator PN.3 - Postnatal signal care functions

(*) – Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

() – Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table PN.5: Post-natal health checks for mothers

Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last year who for the most recent live birth received health checks while in facility or at home following birth, percent distribution who received post-natal care (PNC) visits from any health provider after birth at the time of last birth, and following discharge from the health facility, by timing of visit, and percentage who received post-natal health checks, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	PNC visit for mothers ^a										PNC visit for mothers by time following discharge from health facility ^b			Number of women with a live birth in the last year delivered in health facility			
	Health check following birth while in facility or at home ^a	3-6 days following birth	After the first week following birth	1 day following discharge	2 days following discharge	3-6 days following discharge	After the first week following discharge	No post-natal care visit following discharge	DK/Missing	Total	DK/Missing	Total					
Total	99.6	15.3	46.3	32.6	5.8	100.0	99.6	403	0.6	0.1	4.4	27.7	28.8	32.6	5.8	100.0	403
Area																	
Urban	99.0	10.9	38.7	48.5	1.9	100.0	99.0	131	0.7	0.0	6.9	18.8	23.1	48.5	1.9	100.0	131
Rural	99.8	17.4	49.9	25.0	7.7	100.0	99.8	273	0.5	0.2	3.2	31.9	31.6	25.0	7.7	100.0	273
Region																	
Batken	(100.0)	(47.1)	(37.6)	(15.4)	(0.0)	100.0	(100.0)	46	(1.4)	(0.0)	(11.7)	(59.3)	(12.3)	(15.4)	(0.0)	100.0	46
Jalal-Abad	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	46	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	46
Issyk-Kul	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	17	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	17
Naryn	(100.0)	(23.6)	(51.6)	(15.8)	(9.1)	100.0	(100.0)	16	(0.0)	(3.6)	(3.6)	(45.8)	(22.2)	(15.8)	(9.1)	100.0	16
Osh	(100.0)	(16.6)	(67.5)	(15.5)	(0.4)	100.0	(100.0)	117	(0.0)	(0.0)	(3.8)	(34.7)	(45.6)	(15.5)	(0.4)	100.0	117
Talas	(100.0)	(15.8)	(12.0)	(72.2)	(0.0)	100.0	(100.0)	28	(2.4)	(0.0)	(3.6)	(19.3)	(2.4)	(72.2)	(0.0)	100.0	28
Chui	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	56	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	56
Bishkek c	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	65	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	65
Osh c	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	12	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	12
Place of delivery																	
Health facility	99.6	15.3	46.3	32.6	5.8	100.0	99.6	403	0.6	0.1	4.4	27.7	28.8	32.6	5.8	100.0	403
Public	99.6	15.7	45.3	33.1	5.9	100.0	99.6	395	0.6	0.1	4.5	28.0	27.7	33.1	5.9	100.0	395
Private	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	8	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	8
Household																	
Households with children from 0 to 5 years old	99.6	15.3	46.3	32.6	5.8	100.0	99.6	403	0.6	0.1	4.4	27.7	28.8	32.6	5.8	100.0	403
Households with children from 5 to 18 years old	99.5	17.3	49.6	27.8	5.2	100.0	99.5	272	0.6	0.0	5.0	29.2	32.2	27.8	5.2	100.0	272
Affected by Covid-19																	
No	100.0	15.8	44.2	23.4	16.6	100.0	100.0	84	0.0	0.7	4.2	36.3	18.9	23.4	16.6	100.0	84
Yes	99.5	15.2	46.8	35.0	3.0	100.0	99.5	320	0.7	0.0	4.5	25.4	31.4	35.0	3.0	100.0	320
Wealth index quintile																	
Top 40%	100.0	20.2	49.0	26.3	4.5	100.0	100.0	200	0.3	0.0	4.5	38.8	25.5	26.3	4.5	100.0	200
Middle	(100.0)	(7.8)	(46.2)	(27.6)	(18.4)	100.0	(100.0)	67	(0.0)	(0.0)	(1.5)	(13.1)	(39.5)	(27.6)	(18.4)	100.0	67
Bottom 40%	98.6	13.3	36.4	48.7	1.6	100.0	98.6	121	1.3	0.5	6.4	16.4	25.2	48.7	1.6	100.0	121

^a Health checks by any health provider following facility births (before discharge from facility) or following home births (before departure of provider from home).

^b Post-natal care visits (PNC) refer to a separate visit by any health provider to check on the health of the mother and provide preventive care services. PNC visits do not include health checks following birth while in facility or at home (see note ^a above).

^c Post-natal health checks include any health check performed while in the health facility or at home following birth (see note ^a above), as well as PNC visits (see note ^b above) within two days of delivery.

^d The same length of stay in the health facility is used for both the mother and the newborn child (since only information on the duration of stay of the mother is collected).

^e Including women that report time of the first PNC check in weeks.

(*) – Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

(.) – Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table PN.6: Post-natal care visits for mothers within the first week following discharge from health facility

Percent distribution of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last year who for the most recent live birth received a post-natal care (PNC) visit within the first week following discharge from the health facility, by location and provider of the first PNC visit, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Location of first PNC visit for mothers within the first week following discharge from the health facility			Provider of first PNC visit for mothers within the first week following discharge from the health facility			Number of women with a live birth in the last year who received a PNC visit within the first week following discharge from the health facility
	Home	Public Sector	Total	Doctor/nurse/midwife	Fejds her	Total	
	Total	70,2	29,8	100,0	97,9	2,1	
Area							
Urban	75,1	24,9	100,0	100,0	0,0	100,0	35
Rural	68,5	31,5	100,0	97,1	2,9	100,0	98
Region							
Batken	(100,0)	(0,0)	100,0	(100,0)	(0,0)	100,0	33
Jalal-Abad	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	(*)	100,0	5
Issyk-Kul	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	(*)	100,0	4
Naryn	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	(*)	100,0	9
Osh	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	(*)	100,0	45
Talas	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	(*)	100,0	7
Chui	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	(*)	100,0	15
Bishkek c	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	(*)	100,0	14
Osh c	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	(*)	100,0	1
Place of delivery							
Health facility	70,2	29,8	100,0	97,9	2,1	100,0	132
Public	70,0	30,0	100,0	97,8	2,2	100,0	131
Private	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	(*)	100,0	1
Household							
Households with children from 0 to 5 years old	70,2	29,8	100,0	97,9	2,1	100,0	132
from 5 to 18 years old	67,9	32,1	100,0	97,0	3,0	100,0	94
Affected by Covid-19							
No	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	(*)	100,0	34
Yes	70,8	29,2	100,0	97,1	2,9	100,0	98
Wealth index quintile							
Top 40%	(66,5)	(33,5)	100,0	(100,0)	(0,0)	100,0	87
Middle	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	(*)	100,0	10
Bottom 40%	(94,3)	(5,7)	100,0	(93,8)	(6,2)	100,0	30

(*) – Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

() – Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table PN.7: Post-natal health checks for mothers and newborns

Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last year by post-natal health checks for the mother and newborn, within 2 days of the most recent birth, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Percentage of post-natal health checks within 2 days of birth for:					Number of women with a live birth in the last year
	New borns ¹	Mothers ²	Both mothers and new borns	Neither mother nor new born	Missing	
Total	99,8	99,6	94,7	0,2	4,9	403
Area						
Urban	99,3	99,0	97,1	0,7	1,9	131
Rural	100,0	99,8	93,5	0,0	6,4	273
Region						
Batken	(100,0)	(100,0)	(100,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	46
Jalal-Abad	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	46
Issyk-Kul	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	17
Naryn	(100,0)	(100,0)	(90,9)	(0,0)	(9,1)	16
Osh	(100,0)	(100,0)	(99,6)	(0,0)	(0,4)	117
Talas	(100,0)	(100,0)	(100,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	28
Chui	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	56
Bishkek c	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	65
Osh c	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	12
Place of delivery						
Health facility	99,8	99,6	94,7	0,2	4,9	403
Public	99,8	99,6	94,5	0,2	5,0	395
Private	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	8
Household						
Households with children	99,8	99,6	94,7	0,2	4,9	403
from 0 to 5 years old	99,8	99,6	94,7	0,2	4,9	403
from 5 to 18 years old	99,7	99,5	95,6	0,3	3,9	272
Affected by Covid-19						
No	100,0	100,0	83,4	0,0	16,6	84
Yes	99,7	99,5	97,6	0,3	1,9	320
Wealth index quintile						
Top 40%	100,0	100,0	97,2	0,0	2,8	200
Middle	(100,0)	(100,0)	(81,6)	(0,0)	(18,4)	67
Bottom 40%	99,2	98,6	97,0	0,8	1,6	121

¹Indicator PN.2 - Post-natal health check for the newborn

¹Indicator PN.4 - Post-natal health check for the mother

(*) – Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

() – Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Kyrgyzstan

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ANNEX: Tables (section EC)

MICS Follow-up Survey on
Covid-19 impact on children
and women in Kyrgyzstan

Early Childhood Development

Table EC.1: Early childhood education

Percentage of children age 3-4 years who are attending early childhood education, Kyrgyzstan, 2020		
	Percentage of children age 3-4 years attending early childhood education ¹	Number of children age 3-4 years
Total	7,1	967
Area		
Urban	11,0	294
Rural	5,4	673
Region		
Batken	5,0	57
Jalal-Abad	2,5	179
Issyk-Kul	13,5	99
Naryn	5,2	51
Osh	1,5	243
Talas	2,1	41
Chui	12,6	133
Bishkek c	(2,1)	97
Osh c	32,7	66
Sex		
Male	6,9	525
Female	7,3	442
Age		
3	6,4	463
4	7,7	504
Household		
Households with children	7,1	967
from 0 to 5 years old	7,1	967
from 5 to 18 years old	6,6	692
Affected by Covid-19		
No	7,1	215
Yes	7,1	751
Wealth index quintile		
Poorest	4,4	213
Second	3,3	223
Middle	9,6	201
Fourth	11,3	181
Richest	8,0	137

¹ Indicator UB.1 - Attendance to early childhood education

() – Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table EC.2: Support for learning

Percentage of children age 2-4 years with whom adult household members engaged in activities that promote learning and school readiness during the last three days, and engagement in such activities by fathers and mothers, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Adult household members		Father		Mother		Number of children	
	Percentage of children with whom adult household members have engaged in four or more activities ¹	Mean number of activities with adult household members	Percentage of children with whom no adult household member have engaged in any activity	Percentage of children with whom fathers have engaged in four or more activities ²	Mean number of activities with fathers	Percentage of children with whom mothers have engaged in four or more activities ³		Mean number of activities with mothers
Total	94,7	5,5	0,2	12,6	1,4	69,6	4,2	1509
Area								
Urban	97,8	5,6	0,2	10,3	1,4	71,1	4,4	457
Rural	93,3	5,4	0,3	13,7	1,3	69,0	4,1	1052
Region								
Batken	81,6	4,8	3,5	1,2	0,2	23,3	2,3	104
Jalal-Abad	95,3	5,6	0,0	13,9	1,2	81,8	4,5	285
Issyk-Kul	95,3	5,5	0,0	8,9	0,7	61,5	3,9	131
Naryn	71,1	4,6	0,0	5,7	1,6	39,8	2,9	80
Osh	99,2	5,5	0,0	18,6	1,6	85,0	4,8	378
Talas	82,6	4,4	0,0	0,9	0,6	9,9	1,5	59
Chui	98,8	5,7	0,0	20,6	2,2	74,2	4,5	214
Bishkek c	100,0	5,9	0,0	7,0	1,5	90,5	5,4	169
Osh c	97,7	5,7	0,0	7,7	1,0	47,8	3,4	88
Sex								
Male	94,8	5,5	0,3	11,9	1,4	69,0	4,2	816
Female	94,6	5,5	0,2	13,5	1,3	70,4	4,3	692
Age								
2	94,1	5,4	0,4	12,2	1,4	72,4	4,3	542
3	95,6	5,5	0,3	10,0	1,2	68,3	4,2	463
4	94,6	5,5	0,0	15,4	1,5	67,9	4,1	504
Household								
Households with children	94,7	5,5	0,2	12,6	1,4	69,6	4,2	1509
from 0 to 5 years old	94,7	5,5	0,2	12,6	1,4	69,6	4,2	1509
from 5 to 18 years old	94,0	5,4	0,3	11,8	1,3	65,8	4,0	1058
Affected by Covid-19								
No	95,0	5,4	0,1	11,6	1,1	68,5	4,2	368
Yes	94,6	5,5	0,3	13,0	1,4	70,0	4,2	1140
Wealth index quintile								
Poorest	93,9	5,4	0,8	16,2	1,4	66,6	4,1	343
Second	93,2	5,4	0,0	13,0	1,4	71,4	4,2	340
Middle	94,4	5,5	0,0	8,8	1,3	66,1	3,9	295
Fourth	95,6	5,5	0,0	13,0	1,3	69,9	4,3	321
Richest	97,8	5,7	0,5	10,0	1,5	75,7	4,6	192

¹ Indicator EC.1a - Early stimulation and responsive care by any adult household member

² Indicator EC.1b - Early stimulation and responsive care by father

³ Indicator EC.1c - Early stimulation and responsive care by mother

^A In this table and throughout the report, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children under 5, who are the respondents to the under-5 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere

(*) – Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

() – Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table EC.3: Learning materials

Percentage of children under age 5 by the number of children's books present in the household, and by the type and number of playthings that child plays with, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Percentage of children living in households that have for the child:		Percentage of children who play with:				Number of children
	3 or more children's books ¹	10 or more children's books	Homemade toys	Toys from a shop/manufactured toys	Household objects/objects found outside	Two or more types of playthings ²	
Total	32,0	4,7	38,9	92,2	56,8	63,9	2388
Area							
Urban	37,8	9,0	22,6	95,8	51,9	56,7	736
Rural	29,5	2,8	46,2	90,7	58,9	67,1	1652
Region							
Batken	21,8	0,0	42,0	90,7	44,2	60,7	210
Jalal-Abad	31,9	0,0	85,9	90,1	69,2	88,5	441
Issyk-Kul	33,7	5,3	18,3	97,8	49,0	51,1	173
Naryn	14,0	0,0	8,6	93,8	68,9	69,3	118
Osh	29,1	0,5	36,9	89,7	52,1	57,8	593
Talas	24,0	2,2	30,3	88,3	50,4	55,3	116
Chui	43,2	13,7	41,9	91,2	62,5	64,3	325
Bishkek c	42,9	17,3	2,4	98,3	39,9	40,4	293
Osh c	31,0	1,7	19,4	97,6	87,8	87,9	118
Sex							
Male	33,1	4,0	38,8	91,9	59,5	65,3	1243
Female	30,8	5,4	38,9	92,5	53,8	62,4	1144
Age							
0-1	9,0	1,2	22,9	80,2	26,6	34,6	879
2-4	45,5	6,7	48,3	99,2	74,3	81,0	1509
Household							
Households with children	32,0	4,7	38,9	92,2	56,8	63,9	2388
from 0 to 5 years old	32,0	4,7	38,9	92,2	56,8	63,9	2388
from 5 to 18 years old	34,0	5,4	39,7	90,9	57,8	64,8	1628
Affected by Covid-19							
No	25,0	2,8	52,7	91,8	59,1	69,5	568
Yes	34,2	5,3	34,6	92,4	56,0	62,2	1820
Wealth index quintile							
Poorest	27,0	1,0	47,2	89,7	58,5	67,2	539
Second	28,9	2,9	48,6	93,6	60,1	69,6	544
Middle	25,5	3,0	42,1	88,7	58,1	65,8	445
Fourth	39,6	6,9	31,0	94,5	56,9	61,9	513
Richest	45,4	12,3	18,2	97,2	50,9	53,9	298

¹ Indicator EC.2 - Availability of children's books

² Indicator EC.3 - Availability of playthings

(*) – Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

() – Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table EC.4: Inadequate supervision

Percentage of children under age 5 left alone or under the supervision of another child younger than 10 years of age for more than one hour at least once during the past week, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Percentage of children:			Number of children
	Left alone in the past week	Left under the supervision of another child younger than 10 years of age in the past week	Left with inadequate supervision in the past week ¹	
Total	6,0	13,0	14,9	2388
Residence				
Urban	2,5	8,4	9,0	736
Rural	7,6	15,1	17,5	1652
Region				
Batken	0,8	3,9	4,2	210
Jalal-Abad	0,8	9,7	10,1	441
Issyk-Kul	0,0	4,4	4,4	173
Naryn	0,0	1,2	1,2	118
Osh	20,7	30,2	36,4	593
Talas	1,8	10,4	12,2	116
Chui	0,7	8,1	8,8	325
Bishkek c	0,0	4,0	4,0	293
Osh c	9,4	18,1	19,7	118
Sex				
Male	5,8	13,2	15,1	1243
Female	6,3	12,8	14,7	1144
Age				
0-1	3,8	8,7	10,0	879
2-4	7,3	15,6	17,8	1509
Household				
Households with children	6,0	13,0	14,9	2388
from 0 to 5 years old	6,0	13,0	14,9	2388
from 5 to 18 years old	6,5	18,8	19,3	1628
Affected by Covid-19				
No	2,1	3,9	4,5	568
Yes	7,2	15,9	18,1	1820
Wealth index quintile				
Poorest	7,2	17,3	19,9	539
Second	8,6	16,7	19,4	544
Middle	6,9	13,3	15,0	445
Fourth	3,2	8,9	9,6	513
Richest	1,3	5,1	5,4	298

¹Indicator EC.4 - Inadequate supervision

(*) – Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

() – Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Kyrgyzstan

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ANNEX: Tables (section CB)

MICS Follow-up Survey on
Covid-19 impact on children
and women in Kyrgyzstan

Education of children aged 5-17

Table CB.1: Participation rate in organised learning

Percent distribution of children age one year younger than the official primary school entry age at the beginning of the school year, by attendance to education, and attendance to an early childhood education programme or primary education (adjusted net attendance ratio), Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Percent of children:			Total	Net attendance ratio ¹	Number of children age 7 years at the beginning of the school year
	Attending an early childhood education programme	Attending primary education	Not attending an early childhood education programme or primary education			
Total	31,1	38,8	30,1	100,0	69,9	477
Area						
Urban	46,6	25,6	27,9	100,0	72,1	142
Rural	24,5	44,5	31,1	100,0	68,9	335
Region						
Batken	(34,8)	(28,0)	(37,1)	100,0	(62,9)	47
Jalal-Abad	(9,2)	(81,3)	(9,5)	100,0	(90,5)	71
Issyk-Kul	(38,4)	(21,7)	(39,8)	100,0	(60,2)	36
Naryn	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	22
Osh	(14,3)	(61,9)	(23,8)	100,0	(76,2)	128
Talas	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	22
Chui	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	65
Bishkek c	(*)	(*)	(*)	100,0	(*)	66
Osh c	(44,8)	(41,5)	(13,7)	100,0	(86,3)	20
Sex						
Male	27,5	38,9	33,5	100,0	66,5	253
Female	35,0	38,7	26,2	100,0	73,8	224
Household						
Households with children	31,1	38,8	30,1	100,0	69,9	477
from 0 to 5 years old	30,2	39,1	30,7	100,0	69,3	269
from 5 to 18 years old	31,1	38,8	30,1	100,0	69,9	477
Affected by Covid-19						
No	29,3	40,9	29,8	100,0	70,2	125
Yes	31,7	38,1	30,2	100,0	69,8	352
Wealth index quintile						
Poorest	28,3	51,3	20,4	100,0	79,6	121
Second	23,1	44,0	32,9	100,0	67,1	111
Middle	(8,9)	(43,2)	(47,9)	100,0	(52,1)	93
Fourth	(45,4)	(34,9)	(19,7)	100,0	(80,3)	61
Richest	54,7	16,2	29,1	100,0	70,9	81

¹ Indicator CB.1- Participation rate in organised learning (adjusted)

(*) – Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

() – Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table CB.2: School readiness

Percentage of children attending first grade of primary school who attended pre-school the previous year, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Percentage of children attending first grade who attended preschool in previous year ¹	Number of children attending first grade of primary school
Total	72,8	540
Area		
Urban	80,9	166
Rural	69,3	374
Region		
Batken	50,9	50
Jalal-Abad	(66,5)	125
Issyk-Kul	(*)	32
Naryn	(100,0)	33
Osh	(63,1)	138
Talas	(*)	27
Chui	(88,9)	54
Bishkek c	(97,1)	66
Osh c	(*)	16
Sex		
Male	74,9	315
Female	70,0	224
Household		
Households with children from 0 to 5 years old	72,8	540
from 0 to 5 years old	68,5	310
from 5 to 18 years old	72,8	540
Affected by Covid-19		
No	65,6	161
Yes	75,9	379
Wealth index quintile		
Poorest	59,8	148
Second	74,5	119
Middle	76,5	100
Fourth	66,7	88
Richest	(96,0)	80
¹ Indicator CB.2 - School readiness		
(*) – Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases		
() – Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases		

Table CB.3: Primary school entry

Percentage of children of primary school entry age entering grade 1 (net intake rate), Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Percentage of children of primary school entry age entering grade 1 ¹	Number of children of primary school entry age
Total	93,7	500
Area		
Urban	91,4	163
Rural	94,8	336
Region		
Batken	(100,0)	53
Jalal-Abad	(95,7)	77
Issyk-Kul	(*)	28
Naryn	(100,0)	35
Osh	(*)	99
Talas	(*)	35
Chui	(93,7)	81
Bishkek c	(83,7)	77
Osh c	(*)	16
Sex		
Male	94,8	287
Female	92,2	213
Household		
Households w ith children	93,7	500
from 0 to 5 years old	92,3	311
from 5 to 18 years old	93,7	500
Affected by Covid-19		
No	90,6	127
Yes	94,8	372
Wealth index quintile		
Poorest	97,2	119
Second	(96,1)	108
Middle	(91,3)	88
Fourth	95,9	87
Richest	(85,7)	88

¹ Indicator CB.3 - Net intake rate in primary education

(*) – Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

() – Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table CB.4: Primary school attendance and out of school children

Percentage of children of primary school age attending primary or secondary school (adjusted net attendance ratio), percentage attending early childhood education, and percentage out of school, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Net attendance ratio (adjusted) ¹	Percentage of children:		Number of children of primary school age at beginning of school year
		Attending early childhood education	Out of school ^{2,A}	
Total	98,2	0,9	0,9	1807
Area				
Urban	97,4	1,7	0,8	591
Rural	98,6	0,5	0,9	1216
Region				
Batken	100,0	0,0	0,0	139
Jalal-Abad	96,9	0,0	2,8	289
Issyk-Kul	98,2	1,8	0,0	137
Naryn	99,6	0,0	0,4	92
Osh	99,8	0,2	0,0	420
Talas	97,3	2,7	0,0	92
Chui	98,3	0,7	1,0	310
Bishkek c	95,2	3,3	1,5	261
Osh c	99,5	0,0	0,5	67
Sex				
Male	98,7	0,5	0,7	934
Female	97,6	1,4	1,0	873
Age at beginning of school year				
7	95,2	3,1	1,7	500
8	98,5	0,0	1,5	463
9	100,0	0,0	0,0	430
10	99,5	0,2	0,0	414
Household				
Households with children	98,2	0,9	0,9	1807
from 0 to 5 years old	97,3	1,3	1,4	1004
from 5 to 18 years old	98,2	0,9	0,9	1807
Affected by Covid-19				
No	93,6	1,9	4,5	240
Yes	98,9	0,8	0,3	1566
Wealth index quintile				
Poorest	99,2	0,0	0,8	421
Second	98,1	0,2	1,7	385
Middle	99,0	0,7	0,3	370
Fourth	98,5	1,3	0,1	344
Richest	94,8	3,3	1,6	265

¹Indicator CB.4a - Primary school net attendance ratio (adjusted)

²Indicator CB.5a - Out-of-school rate for children of primary school age

^A The percentage of children out of school are those not attending school and further includes those attending early childhood education

(*) – Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

() – Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table CB.5: Lower secondary school attendance and out of school adolescents

Percentage of children of secondary school age attending secondary school or higher (adjusted net attendance ratio), percentage attending primary school, and percentage out of school, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Percentage of children:			Number of children of lower secondary school age at beginning of school year
	Net attendance ratio (adjusted)	Attending primary school	Out of school ^A	
Total	96,1	2,4	0,3	1819
Area				
Urban	97,6	1,7	0,2	565
Rural	95,4	2,7	0,4	1254
Region				
Batken	97,2	1,7	0,0	139
Jalal-Abad	91,5	3,3	0,0	311
Issyk-Kul	94,6	1,8	2,8	164
Naryn	96,9	2,2	0,0	126
Osh	96,0	4,0	0,0	439
Talas	94,2	4,2	0,0	105
Chui	97,9	1,7	0,4	217
Bishkek c	100,0	0,0	0,0	255
Osh c	99,2	0,0	0,8	64
Sex				
Male	95,0	3,5	0,3	967
Female	97,3	1,2	0,4	849
Age at beginning of school year				
11	89,3	10,7	0,0	377
12	98,5	0,8	0,7	439
13	99,7	0,0	0,0	364
14	98,7	0,0	0,3	325
15	93,7	0,0	0,7	314
Household				
Households with children	96,1	2,4	0,3	1819
from 0 to 5 years old	96,1	2,2	0,2	760
from 5 to 18 years old	96,1	2,4	0,3	1819
Affected by Covid-19				
No	96,6	1,4	2,0	191
Yes	96,0	2,5	0,1	1628
Wealth index quintile				
Poorest	97,3	2,0	0,1	384
Second	93,1	5,3	0,0	436
Middle	95,7	1,2	0,6	374
Fourth	96,1	2,5	0,8	297
Richest	98,7	0,5	0,3	288

¹Indicator CB.4b - Lower secondary school net attendance ratio (adjusted)

²Indicator CB.5b - Out-of-school rate for adolescents of lower secondary school age

^A The percentage of children of lower secondary school age out of school are those who are not attending primary, secondary or higher education

^B Children age 15 or higher identified as emancipated

Table CB.6: Age for grade

Percentage of children attending primary and basic secondary school who are underage, at age and overage for grade, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Primary school					Lower secondary school						
	Percent of children by grade of attendance:				Total	Number of children attending primary school	Percent of children by grade of attendance:				Total	Number of children attending lower secondary school
	Under-age	At official age	Over-age by 1 year	Over-age by 2 or more years ¹			Under-age	At official age	Over-age by 1 year	Over-age by 2 or more years ²		
Total	9,8	87,8	2,1	0,2	100,0	1884	6,6	92,5	0,9	0,1	100,0	1809
Area												
Urban	6,2	92,1	1,4	0,3	100,0	583	6,5	91,9	1,4	0,1	100,0	577
Rural	11,5	85,9	2,5	0,1	100,0	1300	6,6	92,7	0,7	0,0	100,0	1233
Region												
Batken	8,7	89,8	0,4	1,2	100,0	151	2,9	94,0	2,8	0,4	100,0	138
Jalal-Abad	17,2	79,7	3,1	0,0	100,0	335	4,4	95,1	0,5	0,0	100,0	297
Issyk-Kul	5,9	91,9	2,2	0,0	100,0	133	7,2	91,1	1,3	0,4	100,0	164
Naryn	3,2	93,9	2,9	0,0	100,0	92	4,6	95,1	0,3	0,0	100,0	123
Osh	17,3	78,9	3,8	0,0	100,0	460	12,7	86,7	0,6	0,0	100,0	443
Talas	6,9	88,6	4,5	0,0	100,0	98	2,1	95,8	2,1	0,0	100,0	102
Chui	1,2	97,6	0,6	0,6	100,0	301	4,8	94,7	0,5	0,0	100,0	216
Bishkek c	2,3	97,7	0,0	0,0	100,0	247	3,0	96,6	0,4	0,0	100,0	260
Osh c	12,3	87,7	0,0	0,0	100,0	67	12,2	85,5	2,3	0,0	100,0	67
Sex												
Male	9,9	86,8	3,2	0,2	100,0	995	6,1	92,4	1,3	0,1	100,0	950
Female	9,8	89,1	1,0	0,2	100,0	888	7,1	92,5	0,4	0,0	100,0	857
Grade												
1 (primary)	34,3	64,8	1,0	0,0	100,0	540	na	na	na	na	100,0	na
2 (primary)	0,0	100,0	0,0	0,0	100,0	481	na	na	na	na	100,0	na
3 (primary)	0,0	99,0	1,0	0,0	100,0	417	na	na	na	na	100,0	na
4 (primary)	0,0	92,2	7,0	0,8	100,0	446	na	na	na	na	100,0	na
5 (basic secondary)	na	na	na	na	100,0	na	30,2	69,8	0,0	0,0	100,0	370
6 (basic secondary)	na	na	na	na	100,0	na	0,9	99,0	0,1	0,0	100,0	431
7 (basic secondary)	na	na	na	na	100,0	na	0,9	99,1	0,0	0,0	100,0	377
8 (basic secondary)	na	na	na	na	100,0	na	0,0	99,7	0,3	0,0	100,0	329
9 (basic secondary)	na	na	na	na	100,0	na	0,0	94,8	4,8	0,4	100,0	304
Household												
Households with children from 0 to 5 years old	9,8	87,8	2,1	0,2	100,0	1884	6,6	92,5	0,9	0,1	100,0	1809
from 5 to 18 years old	10,2	88,2	1,4	0,2	100,0	1031	8,7	90,4	0,9	0,0	100,0	772
from 5 to 18 years old	9,8	87,8	2,1	0,2	100,0	1884	6,6	92,5	0,9	0,1	100,0	1809
Affected by Covid-19												
No	19,2	79,8	1,0	0,0	100,0	265	7,0	90,0	2,9	0,0	100,0	196
Yes	8,3	89,2	2,3	0,2	100,0	1619	6,5	92,7	0,7	0,1	100,0	1614
Wealth index quintile												
Poorest	13,5	84,8	1,7	0,0	100,0	459	7,5	91,9	0,5	0,1	100,0	377
Second	11,7	82,8	5,1	0,4	100,0	418	7,4	91,7	0,9	0,0	100,0	430
Middle	10,1	88,8	0,6	0,5	100,0	396	3,9	95,0	1,2	0,0	100,0	365
Fourth	6,1	91,8	2,1	0,0	100,0	347	6,7	92,3	1,0	0,0	100,0	298
Richest	5,3	94,1	0,6	0,0	100,0	248	6,1	92,5	1,2	0,2	100,0	292

¹Indicator CB.9a - Over-age for grade (Primary)

²Indicator CB.9b - Over-age for grade (Lower secondary)

na: not applicable

Table CB.7: Upper secondary school attendance and out of school youth

Percentage of children of upper secondary school age attending upper secondary school or higher (adjusted net attendance ratio), percentage attending lower secondary school, and percentage out of school, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Percentage of children:				Number of children of upper secondary school age at beginning of school year
	Net attendance ratio (adjusted) ¹	Attending lower secondary school	Attending primary school	Out of school ^{2A}	
Total	88,7	4,5	0,0	6,6	387
Area					
Urban	88,2	7,0	0,0	4,9	128
Rural	89,0	3,3	0,0	7,4	259
Region					
Batken	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	26
Jalal-Abad	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	51
Issyk-Kul	92,5	4,4	0,0	2,0	64
Naryn	(98,0)	(2,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	20
Osh	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	60
Talas	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	21
Chui	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	48
Bishkek c	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	82
Osh c	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	17
Sex					
Male	86,2	7,3	0,0	6,6	189
Female	91,2	1,9	0,0	6,6	198
Age at beginning of school year					
16	87,6	6,1	0,0	6,1	269
17	91,3	1,0	0,0	7,7	118
Household					
Households with children	88,7	4,5	0,0	6,6	387
from 0 to 5 years old	85,1	4,5	0,0	9,9	154
from 5 to 18 years old	88,7	4,5	0,0	6,6	387
Affected by Covid-19					
No	71,4	7,9	0,0	20,7	73
Yes	92,8	3,7	0,0	3,3	314
Wealth index quintile					
Poorest	(95,2)	(3,1)	(0,0)	(1,7)	76
Second	(75,6)	(6,8)	(0,0)	(17,6)	58
Middle	84,7	6,1	0,0	8,2	70
Fourth	90,3	2,5	0,0	7,2	114
Richest	(93,9)	(6,1)	(0,0)	(0,0)	66

¹Indicator CB.4c - Upper secondary school net attendance ratio (adjusted)

²Indicator CB.5c - Out-of-school rate for youth of upper secondary school age

^A The percentage of children of upper secondary school age out of school are those who are not attending primary, secondary or higher education

^B Children age 18 or higher at the time of the interview

(*) – Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

() – Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Kyrgyzstan

2020

ANNEX: Tables (section AE)

MICS Follow-up Survey on
Covid-19 impact on children
and women in Kyrgyzstan

Education during COVID-19 pandemic

Table AE.1. Coverage of children by digital education programs and satisfaction with digital platforms for child development

Percentage of children aged 5-6 years enrolled in digital education programs who are satisfied with the online learning process and / or who rated positively provided television programs or other digital platforms to support children's education when general education institutions were closed, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Proportion of children who attended pre-school educational institutions before the outbreak and who were provided with TV programs and digital platforms for development	Proportion of children whose parents plan to send their children to kindergarten when they resume work	Number of children aged 5-6 attending school	Reaching children with digital education programs ¹	Assessment of the provided resource			Proportion of children whose parents are not satisfied with digital learning programs ²	Number of children aged 5-6 years who were granted any digital solutions
					Positive	Negative	Hard to say		
Total	28,9	44,4	452	92,4	81,3	18,0	0,7	18,0	131
Area									
Urban	38,0	69,9	146	(89,9)	(72,1)	(26,2)	(1,7)	(26,2)	56
Rural	24,5	32,2	306	94,2	87,8	12,2	0,0	12,2	75
Region									
Batken	(59,1)	(65,3)	49	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	29
Jalal-Abad	1,0	35,8	103	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	1
Issyk-Kul	(*)	(*)	25	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	8
Naryn	(*)	(*)	21	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	18
Osh	1,5	11,2	117	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	2
Talas	(*)	(*)	20	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	15
Chui	(*)	(*)	36	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	21
Bishkek c	(*)	(*)	60	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	21
Osh c	(76,2)	(78,4)	22	(85,9)	(50,3)	(44,0)	(5,7)	(44,0)	17
School attendance^A									
Pre-school	40,6	65,0	267	96,1	84,7	14,5	0,8	14,5	108
Primary	11,9	14,8	185	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	22
Household									
Households with children from 0 to 5 years old	28,9	44,4	452	92,4	81,3	18,0	0,7	18,0	131
from 5 to 18 years old	27,1	44,0	246	91,6	90,4	8,3	1,3	8,3	67
from 5 to 18 years old	28,9	44,4	452	92,4	81,3	18,0	0,7	18,0	131
Affected by Covid-19									
No	32,3	38,4	127	(97,1)	(85,5)	(14,5)	(0,0)	(14,5)	41
Yes	27,5	46,8	325	90,2	79,2	19,8	1,0	19,8	89
Wealth index quintile									
Poorest	29,2	25,5	123	(93,1)	(91,5)	(8,5)	(0,0)	(8,5)	36
Second	(25,6)	(34,3)	101	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	26
Third	(22,8)	(41,9)	80	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	18
Fourth	(38,5)	(51,8)	61	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	24
Richest	(32,2)	(79,1)	75	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	24

¹ Indicator AE.3 : Coverage of preschool children (5-6 years old) by digital educational programs

² Indicator AE.4 : Dissatisfaction with digital educational programs for preschool children (5-6 years old)

(*) – based on less than 25 unweighted cases

() – based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table AE.2. Outreach of children with distance learning and dissatisfaction with the online learning process

Percentage of children aged 7-17 years enrolled in distance learning and share of children whose parents are dissatisfied with the online learning process (AEG), Kyrgyzstan, 2020		Reasons for dissatisfaction with the online learning process										Number of children aged 7-17 who are on distance learning											
Area	Percentage of children enrolled in online learning ¹	Equipment used for distance learning				Proportion of children whose parents are not satisfied with the online learning ²		Difficulties in payment for mobile / internet						Don't know	Missing TV lessons	Child doesn't understand well	Internet quality	Electricity cuts	Lack of equipment	Quality of lessons	Child doesn't understand well	Missing TV lessons	Don't know
		TV	Computer /laptop /tablet	Phone/ Tablet	Don't know	Other	Quality of lessons	Lack of equipment	Difficulties in payment for mobile / internet	Electricity cuts	Internet quality	Child doesn't understand well											
Total	82,8	51,5	5,6	98,9	0,0	0,7	78,0	25,6	36,8	27,3	7,9	48,5	95,7	47,3	0,2	3277							
Area																							
Urban	91,5	38,7	10,0	98,1	0,0	0,6	80,1	28,5	23,8	19,8	5,7	44,8	97,9	51,6	0,0	1156							
Rural	78,7	58,5	3,2	99,3	0,0	0,8	76,9	24,0	44,1	31,5	9,1	50,5	94,4	44,8	0,3	2121							
Region																							
Batken	58,4	48,2	0,8	100,0	0,0	0,0	83,0	22,2	8,7	7,9	4,1	27,0	88,1	63,8	1,6	178							
Jalal-Abad	84,8	86,3	2,4	98,1	0,0	0,0	76,9	66,8	44,4	1,9	6,0	48,5	100,0	47,8	0,0	536							
Issyk-Kul	86,5	48,5	7,4	99,8	0,0	0,0	73,7	15,8	34,7	22,4	7,3	83,9	98,4	37,2	0,0	310							
Naryn	86,0	83,9	4,6	99,9	0,0	10,9	97,1	10,4	61,7	59,9	6,5	55,1	84,7	31,8	0,0	204							
Osh	67,7	56,1	3,0	100,0	0,0	0,0	72,8	13,7	62,5	71,5	16,0	67,8	92,3	62,9	0,0	619							
Talas	81,8	52,7	2,2	100,0	0,0	1,2	85,4	4,5	21,1	2,5	1,6	29,2	99,7	36,2	0,0	176							
Chui	93,9	25,2	4,3	99,0	0,0	0,0	77,4	15,9	31,5	21,2	6,3	20,2	95,8	18,4	0,7	533							
Bishkek c	99,1	38,5	14,8	97,0	0,0	0,0	79,4	32,1	14,5	15,7	8,3	49,9	99,0	72,5	0,0	583							
Osh c	98,6	15,0	4,3	98,7	0,0	0,0	67,7	6,9	33,8	23,1	1,8	37,0	98,3	21,6	0,0	139							
Age of child																							
7-10	76,1	56,3	3,4	99,6	0,0	0,3	82,7	27,0	35,1	27,1	8,7	44,7	97,5	52,3	0,0	1363							
11-15	88,6	50,4	6,6	98,7	0,0	1,3	75,5	24,3	38,8	26,8	6,0	48,6	95,5	45,2	0,2	1600							
16-17	87,3	36,2	10,1	97,0	0,0	0,0	70,7	25,2	34,0	30,7	13,7	67,0	87,6	33,3	1,0	314							
School attendance^a																							
Pre-school	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	14							
Primary	76,6	56,6	3,3	99,8	0,0	0,3	83,0	27,9	35,4	26,8	9,4	45,5	97,8	53,7	0,0	1301							
Basic secondary	88,0	50,8	6,3	98,7	0,0	1,3	76,2	23,7	38,8	27,0	5,9	48,0	95,7	45,2	0,2	1593							
Complete secondary	81,8	39,4	10,6	99,4	0,0	0,0	69,8	24,9	38,0	30,8	14,7	66,1	84,7	35,7	0,0	276							
Vocational training	(95,7)	(35,5)	(14,2)	(89,2)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(66,4)	(20,2)	(24,3)	(26,3)	(0,0)	(53,7)	(89,2)	(17,0)	(4,7)	74							
Household																							
Households with children from 0 to 5 years old	82,8	51,5	5,6	98,9	0,0	0,7	78,0	25,6	36,8	27,3	7,9	48,5	95,7	47,3	0,2	3277							
from 5 to 18 years old	78,6	56,8	4,0	98,5	0,0	0,8	80,7	26,7	42,7	28,7	7,9	50,6	97,0	51,1	0,0	1483							
Affected by Covid-19																							
No	49,2	51,5	6,6	93,9	0,0	0,0	0,0	25,6	36,8	27,3	7,9	48,5	95,7	47,3	0,2	233							
Yes	87,4	51,5	5,5	99,3	0,0	0,8	84,0	25,6	36,8	27,3	7,9	48,5	95,7	47,3	0,2	3043							
Wealth index quintile																							
Poorest	68,4	62,8	1,5	100,0	0,0	0,4	79,0	23,2	44,4	35,7	8,1	53,5	89,0	50,2	0,5	599							
Second	77,6	55,0	3,6	98,4	0,0	1,1	75,0	28,9	49,1	36,8	10,3	50,6	96,4	49,2	0,6	669							
Third	86,1	54,8	3,0	99,7	0,0	1,3	75,7	25,5	36,4	29,8	7,8	42,4	97,5	42,3	0,0	692							
Fourth	90,5	49,3	4,8	99,0	0,0	0,4	82,0	25,6	35,8	22,0	6,7	52,8	96,8	43,9	0,0	673							
Richest	96,1	34,8	15,6	97,8	0,0	0,4	78,1	25,6	19,3	13,6	7,1	44,0	98,9	49,6	0,0	584							
¹ Indicator AE1 : Distant learning coverage																							
² Indicator AE2 : Dissatisfaction with the online learning process																							

(*) – based on less than 25 unweighted cases

() – based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table AE.3 Non-participation of children in online learning

Percentage of children not participating in online education, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Proportion of children who are not on distance learning	Number of children aged 7-17 attending school	Reasons for a child's non-participation in online learning							Number of children aged 7-17 who are on distance learning	
			No equipment	Lack of equipment	Cannot ay for mobile / internet	Electricity cuts	Internet quality	Child goes to school	Don't know		
Total	17,2	3958	1,3	1,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	97,3	1,1	681
Area											
Urban	8,5	1264	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	100,0	0,0	108
Rural	21,3	2694	1,5	1,3	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	96,8	1,4	573
Region											
Batken	41,6	304	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	100,0	0,0	126
Jalal-Abad	15,2	632	(0,0)	(1,7)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(98,3)	(0,0)	96
Issyk-Kul	13,5	358	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(100,0)	(0,0)	48
Naryn	14,0	237	(8,2)	(5,2)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(91,8)	(0,0)	33
Osh	32,3	914	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	100,0	0,0	295
Talas	18,2	215	(15,1)	(10,4)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(65,0)	(19,9)	39
Chui	6,1	568	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	35
Bishkek c	0,9	588	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	5
Osh c	1,4	141	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	2
Age of child											
7-10	23,9	1791	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	100,0	0,0	428
11-15	11,4	1807	3,4	2,8	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	93,7	2,2	207
16-17	12,7	360	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	46
School attendance^A											
Pre-school	(*)	17	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	3
Primary	23,4	1698	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	100,0	0,0	397
Basic secondary	12,0	1809	3,2	2,7	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	94,0	2,1	216
Complete secondary	18,2	337	(2,8)	(2,8)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(0,0)	(97,2)	(0,0)	61
Vocational training	(4,3)	78	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	3
Household											
Households with children	17,2	3958	1,3	1,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	97,3	1,1	681
from 0 to 5 years old	21,4	1886	1,6	1,6	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	96,9	1,1	403
from 5 to 18 years old	17,2	3958	1,3	1,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	97,3	1,1	681
Affected by Covid-19											
No	50,8	475	1,7	0,5	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	96,9	1,4	241
Yes	12,6	3483	1,1	1,4	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	97,6	1,0	440
Wealth index quintile											
Poorest	31,6	876	0,0	0,6	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	96,9	2,5	277
Second	22,4	862	2,4	2,4	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	97,1	0,5	193
Third	13,9	804	3,6	1,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	96,4	0,0	112
Fourth	9,5	743	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	100,0	0,0	71
Richest	3,9	608	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	24

".*" means 0 unweighted cases

(*) – based on less than 25 unweighted cases

() – based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table AE.4. Educating on precautions to reduce the risk of COVID-19 infection

Percentage of children whose parents have discussed with them taking precautions to reduce the risk of contracting COVID-19, Kyrgyzstan, 2020										
	Proportion of children trained in precautions to reduce the risk of contracting COVID-19 ¹	Number of children aged 5-17	Precautions discussed with the child							Number of children aged 5-17 years with whom precautions have been discussed
			Wearing a mask	Washing hands with soap and warm water	Using a sanitizer	Covering mouth and nose with a tissue when coughing and	Do not touch your mouth, nose, eyes and face	Do not touch, if possible, various surfaces with your hands	Other	
Total	98,4	4883	88,7	93,5	84,2	68,1	67,7	68,3	14,7	4807
Area										
Urban	99,4	1576	94,9	89,1	93,1	77,8	67,9	59,2	9,5	1566
Rural	98,0	3307	85,6	95,6	79,9	63,3	67,6	72,6	17,2	3241
Region										
Batken	98,8	398	98,3	100,0	94,9	96,3	98,3	99,7	26,9	393
Jalal-Abad	100,0	773	99,3	86,1	94,6	47,4	49,2	46,5	0,2	773
Issyk-Kul	96,9	420	95,2	98,8	94,6	53,2	53,5	60,3	2,0	407
Naryn	100,0	277	92,7	100,0	97,8	80,9	56,6	86,8	44,8	277
Osh	97,0	1120	71,8	98,0	56,7	82,5	84,2	92,8	10,7	1086
Talas	97,4	258	77,1	87,5	68,6	14,0	19,9	54,9	35,2	251
Chui	98,3	701	83,9	98,9	87,3	50,4	72,7	59,7	33,3	689
Bishkek c	99,4	752	97,5	83,6	96,1	95,5	73,9	55,5	1,7	748
Osh c	98,9	184	100,0	91,3	98,6	51,6	53,1	39,3	9,8	182
Age of child										
5-6	98,0	870	79,7	92,6	75,3	66,4	67,2	71,0	13,4	853
7-10	99,0	1807	88,5	93,5	84,4	65,4	67,1	67,5	14,2	1789
11-15	98,0	1819	91,5	94,4	86,2	70,7	67,8	67,8	16,6	1783
16-17	98,5	387	96,1	91,3	93,7	71,9	71,1	67,8	10,3	381
School attendance[^]										
Pre-school	99,7	284	84,8	92,2	85,1	66,2	64,4	65,5	12,9	284
Primary	99,1	1884	88,8	92,9	82,9	64,7	67,1	68,4	13,8	1866
Basic secondary	98,1	1809	90,8	94,5	85,8	72,0	68,1	68,9	16,6	1775
Complete secondary	98,1	337	91,8	93,7	90,5	74,3	76,5	74,6	12,4	330
Vocational training	(100,0)	78	(98,8)	(88,4)	(98,7)	(50,9)	(52,8)	(43,0)	(17,5)	78
Not attending	96,4	473	77,5	93,8	75,0	65,5	66,8	66,5	13,2	456
Household										
Households with children	98,4	4883	88,7	93,5	84,2	68,1	67,7	68,3	14,7	4807
from 0 to 5 years old	98,3	2402	86,5	93,9	82,5	66,5	68,2	69,0	15,7	2361
from 5 to 18 years old	98,4	4883	88,7	93,5	84,2	68,1	67,7	68,3	14,7	4807
Affected by Covid-19										
No	97,2	733	93,0	96,1	86,4	57,6	59,1	63,5	8,1	712
Yes	98,7	4150	87,9	93,1	83,8	69,9	69,2	69,1	15,8	4095
Wealth index quintile										
Poorest	98,2	1086	81,2	97,4	74,0	70,0	76,4	81,1	18,4	1067
Second	97,9	1054	89,2	93,9	82,4	66,0	66,6	72,5	16,9	1031
Third	98,3	996	86,7	93,9	79,8	58,6	63,4	64,5	15,0	980
Fourth	98,6	890	91,6	91,4	91,7	64,8	66,7	66,5	12,8	878
Richest	99,3	772	96,6	90,3	96,9	81,6	63,7	52,5	8,4	766
¹ Indicator AE5 : Education of children on precautions measures to reduce risk of covid19 infection										
(*) – based on less than 25 unweighted cases										
() – based on 25-49 unweighted cases										

Kyrgyzstan

2020

ANNEX: Tables (section PR)

MICS Follow-up Survey on
Covid-19 impact on children
and women in Kyrgyzstan

Involvement of parents into education process during COVID-19 pandemic

Table PR.1 Help with school homework.

Percentage of children aged 7-17 who are given homework, percentage of children who are assisted with their homework and percentage of children who have their homework assessed by teacher, Kyrgyzstan, 2020

	Percentage of children who are given homework	Число детей в возрасте 7-17 лет посещающих школы	Percentage of children who are helped with their homework ¹	Percentage of children who received grade for the a homework done ²	Number of children aged 7-17 attending school and given homework
Total	98,0	3958	71,8	93,0	3879
Area					
Urban	98,0	1264	74,1	95,5	1239
Rural	98,0	2694	70,7	91,9	2640
Region					
Batken	100,0	304	70,6	97,6	304
Jalal-Abad	99,8	632	67,6	92,1	631
Issyk-Kul	93,0	358	64,9	79,0	333
Naryn	98,3	237	69,9	99,1	233
Osh	97,9	914	62,9	91,4	895
Talas	93,3	215	68,3	82,1	201
Chui	100,0	568	91,3	97,8	568
Bishkek c	97,6	588	78,3	97,8	574
Osh c	99,2	141	68,6	98,2	139
Age (years) at the start of the school year					
7-14	98,7	3291	81,7	94,6	3248
15-17	94,5	667	20,8	85,2	630
School attendance^A					
Pre-school	(*)	17	(*)	(*)	17
Primary	100,0	1698	97,3	95,8	1698
Basic secondary	97,4	1809	59,7	92,4	1763
Complete secondary	96,2	337	18,3	92,0	324
Vocational training	(79,2)	78	(4,9)	(44,0)	62
Household					
Households with children	98,0	3958	71,8	93,0	3879
from 0 to 5 years old	98,4	1886	73,3	92,6	1855
from 5 to 18 years old	98,0	3958	71,8	93,0	3879
Affected by Covid-19					
No	94,4	475	66,5	90,7	448
Yes	98,5	3483	72,5	93,4	3430
Wealth index quintile					
Poorest	99,0	876	68,9	93,6	867
Second	97,8	862	68,6	91,3	843
Third	97,8	804	73,3	93,6	786
Fourth	97,9	743	74,4	89,0	728
Richest	97,0	608	75,4	98,0	590

¹ Indicator PR.1 : Providing homework assistance

² Indicator PR.2: Homework grading by teachers

(*) – based on less than 25 unweighted cases

() – based on 25-49 unweighted cases

